Today's Weather
Rain

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 120. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 45. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1905.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

# SECRET SERVICE MEN UNEARTH FRAUD IN USE OF TRANSFERS
# MR. ROOSEVELT EXCORIATES METHODS OF MACHINE COMPANY

## NEWS SUMMARY

THE PEACE SITUATION.

The Russian army, on receipt of news of peace from the czar, lays down its arms.—Page 2.

The Russian envoys visit Washington. Baron Komura, the Japanese envoy, is seized with illness in New York, and Baron Kaneko visits the president at Oyster Bay.—Page 1.

FOREIGN.

Many Armenian villages were demolished and hundreds of persons killed by Tartars.—Page 1.

The czar grants a liberal measure of autonomy to Russian universities.—Page 2.

Japanese officials resign and it is believed the rioters are to be leniently dealt with.—Page 2.

DOMESTIC.

The report of the director of the mint shows a large increase in the amount of gold and silver mined in the United States during 1904.—Page 3.

A 17-year-old jilted suitor shoots his sweetheart and her girl friend, then kills himself.—Page 1.

Postal authorities discover the illegal use of street car transfers on a wholesale scale in Allegheny county.—Page 1.

Seven-year-old burglar is caught while trying to effect an entrance into a bank with a skeleton key.—Page 1.

The coast squadron of the North Atlantic fleet participates in the celebration of Newport's "Old Home Week."—Page 5.

President Roosevelt made public the report of the Keep commission which investigated the affairs of the public printing office.—Page 1.

Yellow fever claims a Jesuit priest among its victims in New Orleans.—Page 2.

Culver Taggart disobeyed the court's order at Wooster, O., and slipped away from his father at the railroad station.—Page 3.

PENNSYLVANIA.

State Health Commissioner Dixon has notified all school principals and teachers in Pennsylvania that the compulsory vaccination law must be rigidly enforced.—Page 3.

Bishop Fitzgerald preaches chief sermon at meeting of the Erie conference.—Page 6.

Miners' representatives adopt resolutions favoring Congressman George F. Huff for governor.—Page 6.

Franklin begins the celebration of its old home week festivities.—Page 6.

More fragments of human bodies are found at scene of Rand powder works explosion.—Page 6.

President John Mitchell hopes to have 120,000 miners lined up for the struggle at the Shamokin convention.—Page 5.

LOCAL.

Austrian with a tragic history is in the West Penn hospital with a broken back.—Page 3.

Lee Shubert, head of the independent theatrical movement, here for opening of Belasco theater and told of plans for this city.—Page 7.

Hugh O'Donnell told the United Labor league he was discharged as special factory inspector and league wants him back.—Page 5.

Director Moore selected cheap fender invented by the Pittsburgh Railways Company.—Page 1.

Special services were held in Second Presbyterian church for Order of Maccabees.—Page 8.

The Gazette's directory of prominent pleasure resorts, tours and steamship sailings.—Page 8.

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City administration will support Aspinwall annexation ordinance in councils.—Page 3.

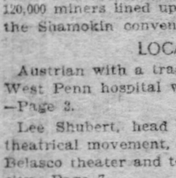
SPORTING.

Pittsburgh won at St. Louis, 5 to 3.—Page 9.

Former West Point player may be engaged to coach Pittsburgh High school eleven.—Page 9.

Crack players entered in annual championship tennis tournament.—Page 9.

## THE WEATHER



Rain.

Rain today and fair tomorrow is the weather bureau forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity furnished by the official observer at Washington. Maximum temperature in Pittsburgh yesterday was 77 degrees and the minimum 61 degrees. The sun rose clear at 5:55 and set cloudy at 6:30. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

| Time. | Baro. | Tem. | Hum. | Wind. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 a. m.... | 30.18 | 64 | 82 | E. | Cloudy. |
| 8 p. m.... | 30.09 | 66 | 92 | S. | Rain. |

Comparative temperature and precipitation for September 10:

| | 1905 | 1904 | | 1905 | 1904 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Maximum .... | 77 | 83 | Mean ..... | 69 | 72 |
| Minimum .... | 61 | 61 | Precipitation ... | .07 | 0 |
| Nor. temp. 31 yrs... | 68 | | Nor. precip. 31 yrs.... | .09 | |
| Excess for day .... | 1 | | Dfcy. for day..... | .02 | |
| Dfcy. since Sept. 1.. | 46 | | Dfcy. since Sept. 1... | .83 | |
| Dfcy. since Jan. 1...231 | | | Dfcy. since Jan. 1...2.73 | | |

Official Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Rain Monday; Tuesday fair and warmer; fresh southeast to south winds.

Ohio—Rain Monday; Tuesday fair and warmer; fresh to brisk east winds becoming variable.

West Virginia—Showers Monday and probably Tuesday. Warmer Tuesday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago .... | 66 | PtCldy | Cincinnati .... | 70 | Cloudy |
| Omaha ..... | 76 | Clear | Washington .... | 70 | Cloudy |
| St. Louis .... | 72 | Cloudy | Des Moines... | 76 | Clear |
| St. Paul .... | 76 | Clear | Kansas City.. | 78 | Clear |
| Bismarck .... | 80 | Clear | Yellowstone .. | 70 | Cloudy |
| Helena ..... | 78 | Cloudy | Shreveport ... | 82 | Clear |
| Salt Lake.... | 82 | Cloudy | Cheyenne ..... | 74 | Clear |
| Santa Fe.... | 68 | Clear | New York .... | 70 | PtCldy |
| Pueblo ..... | 78 | Clear | Philadelphia .. | 68 | Cloudy |
| Denver ..... | 74 | ... | Cleveland .... | 64 | Rain |
| Baltimore ... | 70 | Cloudy | Jacksonville .. | 78 | Cloudy |
| Buffalo ..... | 72 | Cloudy | New Orleans.. | 80 | Cloudy |
| Norfolk .... | 68 | Clear | Galveston .... | 84 | Clear |
| Atlanta .... | 78 | PtCldy | Montgomery .. | 84 | Clear. |

# TRANSFER GOES WITH THE SHAVE

## Postal Authorities Discover Railways Company Being Buncoed.

## EASY TO RIDE FREE

## Barber Shop Where Every Patron Is Given Transportation on Trolley Road He Names.

## LETTER CARRIER IS CAUGHT

Employe of Allegheny Postoffice Furnished Lead for the Discovery of the Wholesale Illegal Use of Transfers. Many Other Postal Distributers on the North Side May Lose Their Places.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 10.—Orders have been issued by the postoffice department for the dismissal of at least one letter carrier connected with the Allegheny postoffice and it is probable a dozen more will be discharged. They are accused of the illegal use of street railway transfers.

Postal inspectors have discovered that in Allegheny county it is not an unusual thing for men to carry their own punch and issue transfers to themselves with great liberality. It was found that a barber shop was giving a transfer with every shave, the patron indicating to what point and at what hour he wanted to use the free transportation and the barber made the necessary punch marks.

The government was drawn into the case through a complaint from the Pittsburgh Railways Company. Its grievance was that letter carriers in Allegheny were using transfers illegally. Inspectors were at once detailed to work on the case and their report has resulted in the issuing of an order to dismiss one carrier. A dozen or more carriers are suspected of having been implicated in the transfer scheme, and it is probable there will be many more dismissals.

In some way the letter carriers secured a large number of transfers and some of them were equipped with punches, quite similar to the ones used by street car conductors. There was also a system of exchanges among the carriers. The Allegheny postoffice is located near a general transfer point of the railways company. A carrier coming in off his route would get a transfer good for a line on which some other carrier lived, and the exchange would be made at the postoffice. If the time limit had expired, a new punch mark would be made. In case the conductor lifting the transfer complained, he was told the conductor issuing the slip had made a mistake and had to use his punch a second time.

The investigation developed the letter carriers of Allegheny and probably of Pittsburgh formed but a very small portion of the army of patrons of the Pittsburgh Railways Company that are issuing their own transfers. Many people scattered over Allegheny county are said to have punches and they either get possession of new transfers or date up old ones and charge the issuing conductor with having made a mistake.

The discovery of the barber shop that issues transfers to its patrons shows it is dealing with one or more street car conductors who are furnishing the transfers. Effort to ascertain the location of this tonsorial parlor was fruitless, but it is supposed to be somewhere in South Pittsburgh.

## FRANCIES IS SILENT.

Postmaster of Allegheny Refuses to Discuss the Dismissal of a Letter Carrier.

Postmaster John Francies was last night told of the report from Washington of the dismissal of a letter carrier for the illegal use of street car transfers. He was extremely non-committal and declined to make any comment on the story. When asked if the carrier had been discharged and if a dozen or more employes were to go, he replied, "I have nothing to say."

William B. Copeland, the superintendent of carriers at the Allegheny postoffice, could not be located. None of the officials of the Pittsburgh Railways Company could be induced to talk about the story.

## HE LACKS A WIFE.

Because He Is Unable to Get One, Cemetery Superintendent Resigns His New Position.

BOWLING GREEN, KY., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Because he did not have a wife and was unable to get anyone to keep house for him, Harry Somerville of Louisville today tendered his resignation as superintendent of Fairview cemetery, this city. A day or two ago Somerville disappeared, and today a letter was received from him, in which he says:

"Gentlemen: Not being married, with no one to keep house for me, and not having been able to get anyone; also, the cemetery being too far for me to go to my meals, I hereby tender my resignation."

## SHUVALOFF'S ASSASSIN SENTENCED FOR LIFE

MOSCOW, Sept. 10.—M. Kulikovsky, who on July 11 last assassinated Maj.-Gen. Count Shuvaloff, has been sentenced to imprisonment for life.

## PEACE ENVOYS SEEING THE SIGHTS

J. Pierpont Morgan, Baron Rosen, Gen. Frederick Grant and M. Witte as they appeared on Governors Island when the great financier, who is shown alongside of Baron Rosen on the extreme left, escorted the Russian envoys on their visit to the old fortress.

# MANY SLAIN BY TARTARS

## Armenian Villages Are Obliterated and Hundreds of Persons Killed.

## MILITARY HELP IS DELAYED

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

TIFLIS, Sept. 10.—The worst news today comes from the Zangezurski district, where it is reported that many Armenian villages were wiped out and hundreds of persons killed. Help is slow in reaching there, owing to the distance from the military centers. The whole of the Tartar population has risen and has been joined by 4,000 armed Kurds from the Persian bank of the Aias river. The viceroy has protested to the Persian authorities.

The governor of Baku reports that firing continued last night and today, though on a smaller scale, and that few were killed or wounded. The troops and police, he says, are still engaged in preventing incendiarism and pillaging. The director of the Technological institute at Baku telegraphs, saying, "We are starving and dying," and imploring the dispatch of necessities.

Gen. Shirinkin has ordered the governor of Elizabethpol to investigate the truth of accusations against some of the Tartar police commissaries that they are cooperating with the insurgents.

It is reported that the Armenians and Tartars in Shusha have become reconciled; that the population has been disarmed, and that the foreign residents have returned to their homes. Gen. Takaischwils telegraphs that the disorders are ceasing.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.—M. Pappe, representative of the Baku bourse, said today that the situation at Baku continues to show a distinct improvement. Telegrams received by M. Pappe today from the oil men report the steady arrival of troops, five further battalions having reached Baku, and the worst is believed to be over. Later reports show that in addition to the refineries in the "Blacktown" district about 30 per cent of the oil property in the well district escaped.

A lamentable feature of the situation, according to M. Pappe, is the condition of the workmen, many of whom are without sufficient clothing and utterly destitute.

## HOT PACE FOR CUPID.

Pittsburgh Man Secures a Home and Wins Nineteen-Year-Old Bride in Two Days in Wisconsin.

MARINETTE, WIS., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Frank Hunts of Pittsburgh has broken the short time record for securing a home and winning a bride in Marinette county, having accomplished this dual feat in just two days.

Hunts was attracted to Marinette county by land advertising circulars. After buying a farm Saturday he was taken to the home of Peter Kutch, a farmer and blacksmith, and introduced to the family, with whom he made arrangements for board during the time it would take to build himself a dwelling house. When he met Mary Kutch, the 19-year-old daughter of his host, it was a case of love at first sight with both. The marriage takes place tomorrow.

## FATALLY INJURED WHILE ARRANGING WIFE'S FUNERAL

MONACA, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Benjamin Bibbey was struck and probably fatally injured by a street car last night. He was on his way down town to make arrangements for his wife's funeral, who died yesterday.

New York Brewer Dead.

NEW LONDON, CONN., Sept. 10.—Jacob B. Hoffman, the millionaire brewer of New York, died tonight at his summer home in Goshen after an illness of several months. He was 75 years of age.

# ENVOYS SEE THE CAPITAL

## M. Witte and Baron Rosen Visit the Seat of the Nation.

## KANEKO HAS TRADE MISSION

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—M. Witte and Baron de Rosen, the Russian peace plenipotentiaries, accompanied by five members of the former's suite, spent Sunday in Washington. They arrived here at an early hour this morning, and spent the entire day visiting the historic points in and about the city, and left again late this afternoon for New York, from which place M. Witte will sail for Hamburg next Tuesday.

While here the party was in charge of Acting Secretary Loomis of the state department and Maj. Charles M. C. Cawley of the Marine corps, who, at the special request of the president, acted as escorts to the places visited. Beginning at the White House, the party went to the Russian embassy, the capitol, the congressional library, Mount Vernon, Arlington and Rock Creek park.

As he left for New York M. Witte expressed to Mr. Loomis the keen appreciation of the pleasure which his brief stay in the American capital had given him. It had been, he said, very interesting and very instructive. The unique character of Washington, in that it was made up largely of government buildings and private residences, impressed M. Witte very much, and he frequently made ref-

Continued on Second Page, First Column.

## Belligerent Armies Prepare for Armistice

GODZYADANI, MANCHURIA, Sept. 9.—A 1 o'clock this afternoon a Japanese commissioner, bearing a white flag and escorted by 50 soldiers, arrived at a post near the railway and handed to the Russian officers who went to meet him a letter from Field Marshal Oyama to Gen. Linevitch congratulating him on the conclusion of peace and begging him to appoint Russian plenipotentiaries to arrange an armistice. Field Marshal Oyama appointed Gen. Fukushima as plenipotentiary and the latter left for Chakhedza to arrange details.

# CORRUPTION NOT SHOWN IN CONTRACT

## President Makes Public Report of the Keep Commission.

## FALSE CHARGE MADE

Mergenthaler Company Does Not Produce Evidence to Substantiate Graft.

## LANSTON CONTRACT IS VALID

Investigators Are Not Sustained in Their Recommendation That the Government Award for Typesetting Machines Should Be Annulled—Further Inquiry to Be Made.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept. 10.—President Roosevelt today made public the report of the Keep commission on its investigation of affairs in the government printing office at Washington. The inquiry was made by special direction of the president on account of a protest which he had received from officials of the Mergenthaler Typesetting Machine Company, against the award of a contract by Public Printer Frank W. Palmer to the Lanston Monotype Company for 12 machines of its make.

By order of the president the contract with the Lanston company was held up until an investigation could be made with the view of ascertaining whether the charges of favoritism and corruption in the letting of the contract were substantially founded.

As heretofore chronicled in these dispatches, the president decided, after an examination of the Keep report, that the contract for the Lanston machines should stand.

No Corrupt Payment.

The Keep commission reported that if the contract could be set aside, "such a course would be desirable," although the commission states expressly that "no corrupt consideration, payment or promise passed from the Lanston Monotype Company to the public printer or to any person in the government service."

It was developed by the investigation, however, that two important assistants of the public printer were indirectly interested in the Lanston company, "their wives being stockholders therein." The commission shows that a fair and impartial test of the Lanston machines was not made and reports that the purchase of so large a number of Lanston machines was "improvident" and indicated "great partiality and bias on the part of the public printer. The commission regards the purchase as mal-administration."

The report of the commission is voluminous, containing about 16,000 words. Accompanying it is a memorandum by President Roosevelt in which he approves the report, except as to the disposition of the contract for the Lanston machines, which he has directed shall stand. The text of the president's memorandum follows:

Company Makes Baseless Charge.

"Oyster Bay, L. I., September 9, 1905.

"The conclusions of the committee are hereby approved, save the latter part of conclusion first. It does not appear that there is any question as to the validity of the contract in question. If it had not been for the conduct of the Mergenthaler company in preferring the charge discussed by the committee in conclusion two, that of corruption, I should agree with the committee that it would be desirable to set aside the contract, if such a course was legal. But second only to corruption in a public officer in point of iniquity, is a company making a baseless charge of corruption, and this is what the commission finds the Mergenthaler company has done in this case, its comments being in part:

"'In the light of the failure of the company to produce evidence of such corruption, it must be held that the charge was made recklessly and the Mergenthaler company should be severely con-

Continued on Seventh Page, Second Column.

# JILTED SUITOR SHOOTS HIS SWEETHEART AND HER FRIEND

## Love-Lorn Seventeen-Year-Old Youth of Frederick, Md., Then Sends Two Bullets Into His Own Heart, and Dies.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

FREDERICK, MD., Sept. 10.—Because his 16-year-old sweetheart persisted in her refusal to marry him and had dismissed him, Lee Weddle, 17 years of age, is dead by his own hand, the sweetheart, Nellie Eichelberger, is suffering from two pistol-shot wounds that may prove fatal, and her friend and companion, Maud Davis, has a bullet wound through her arm.

Weddle was the son of a prominent builder and contractor of Thurmont, this county, at which place the tragedy took place last night. Miss Eichelberger, with Miss Davis and another girl, were shopping and had reached the public square of Thurmont when Weddle approached and took Miss Eichelberger to task for sending him his letter of dismissal. Upon her reiterating the sentiments she had expressed in the letter, Weddle drew a revolver and fired at her twice.

The first of the bullets went through Miss Davis' arm and into Miss Eichelberger's left shoulder, the second penetrating a few inches to the right of the first. As his victim fell fainting to the ground, the boy, believing he had killed her, turned the weapon and sent two bullets through his own heart, dying instantly.

# BOY BURGLAR IS CAPTURED WHILE ENTERING BANK

CLYDE LENNEY AND LEONARD PARK.
The Juvenile Bank Operators.

## Midget Criminal of Niles Found at Rear Door of a Bank When Placed Under Arrest.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NILES, O., Sept. 10.—Leonard Parks, 7 years of age, one of the boys who robbed the First National bank last Friday, was caught this afternoon in the rear of the Dollar Savings bank trying to effect an entrance. He had a skeleton key and had the rear door of the bank unlocked.

Office Bruder, who had been informed the boy was prowling around in the rear of the building, watched the boy as he worked with the skeleton key. So intent was the lad he did not see the officer until the latter placed him under arrest.

On account of the boy's extreme youth, the officers of the First National bank had him released after the first robbery. It is now believed he will be sent to a reform school. He is said to have rings of keys from stores and offices.

# FLEEING FROM REBELS

## American Minister to Morocco Obliged to Abandon His Residence.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

TANGIER, Sept. 10.—Samuel R. Gummere, the American minister, and a number of European inhabitants have abandoned their residences in the suburbs and removed to the center of the town at the request of the Moroccan authorities, who said they were unable to guarantee security for the foreigners owing to the disturbed condition of the surrounding districts.

Severe fighting continues between Raisuli's and other tribes.

## AUTOMOBILE GETS AWAY ON A STEEP HILLSIDE

Attorney C. A. Spindler May Never Again Have the Use of One Arm.

Rushing down a steep ledge on a hillside 200 feet above the Allegheny river at Emlenton, four Pittsburghers in an automobile party narrowly escaped death Saturday night. To save themselves from going over the precipice the machine was turned into the hillside with the result that Attorney C. A. Spindler of the Park building was hurled under the machine, his arm broken in three places and he was cut and bruised.

Spindler and three Pittsburgh men have been touring in the vicinity of Emlenton for several days. Saturday night they started toward the Allegheny river. At the head of the hill Spindler declared it was too dangerous to coast down, but the rest of the party jeered at him, so that he got in the machine again. The chauffeur lost control of the machine, and when he saw a smashup was inevitable, turned it into the hillside. Everyone but Spindler jumped.

Spindler was taken to his home at 417 Maple avenue, Edgewood, last night, and the machine he was taken home in, broke down just as the Spindler residence was reached. Physicians say Spindler will never be able to use his arm again.

Two Killed by a Tornado.

LAWTON, OKLA., Sept. 10.—A small tornado passed near Walter, 20 miles south of Lawton, last night, killing two persons and severely injuring nine. The dead are Mrs. E. H. Childers and John Ross.

## Young Girl Saved from Death By Lev Fender

STEUBENVILLE, O., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—While Pittsburgh is wrestling with the street-car fender problem, the Eclipse fender in use on the lines of the Steubenville Traction Company, is doing its work satisfactorily. The life of a child was saved by its use last night. Mary Connors, aged 11, ran in front of a car. The motorman shut off the current, but while the car was still running at a fair rate of speed the fender picked up the little girl, and before the car came to a stop she hopped off unhurt. This fender was tested by cars running 15 miles an hour and it picked up the demonstrator, Benjamin Lev, every time.

# MONEY IS SAVED FOR COMPANY

## Cheap Fender of Pittsburgh Railways Invention Is Selected.

## MOORE FEARS SLIP-UP

Public Safety Director and the Traction Officials Closely Guard Their Secret.

## LEFT ENTIRELY TO MURPHY

President J. D. Callery Shifts the Whole Responsibility Upon General Superintendent—Lev and Providence Devices, Which Lead in the Tests, Are Not Considered by City Authorities.

"Don't know anything about it."—General Superintendent John Murphy of the Pittsburgh Railways Company.

"The whole thing has been left to Superintendent Murphy."—President J. D. Callery of the Pittsburgh Railways Company.

Can't say anything about it until tomorrow, because there might be a slip-up."—Director Harry Moore of the department of public safety.

Neither the Lev nor the Providence fenders, which led in the test on Friday and which were admitted to be the only two fenders of the dozen tried that were worth considering, has been selected for use on the cars of the Pittsburgh Railways Company, according to the statement of a prominent official of the city administration. Instead, he asserts that Mayor Hays and Director Moore selected on Saturday a makeshift device that is the production of the Pittsburgh Railways Company, and which can be manufactured by the company for less than half the Lev or Providence fenders cost.

Moore Fears a "Slip-Up."

Traction officials and Director Moore refused yesterday to make known what fender had been selected on Saturday.

"I don't know anything about it," gruffly replied General Supt. Murphy as he hung up the telephone receiver.

"I don't know what fender has been selected," said President Callery. "The whole matter is in Mr. Murphy's hands. I talked it over only a few minutes on Saturday. I don't want to talk about it."

"It would not do to tell now what fender has been selected, because there might be a slip-up," said Director Moore. "I will send a letter tomorrow morning to President Callery and he can then announce which fender has been selected. I don't know what the company will do."

Mr. Moore did not explain what he meant by a "slip-up." The inference was there might be a change in fenders today.

It is claimed that the Lev and Providence fenders are to be ruled out because of their cost. The Lev fender is offered for $25, and the Providence fender, which attracted favorable attention at the test, costs $35.

Cheap Fender Selected.

At the test on Friday the Pittsburgh Railways Company tried three of its own fenders, and it is stated that one of these three, called the Reynolds fender, has been selected by Director Moore because it can be produced much cheaper than the other fenders. While it will save money for the street car company it is not guaranteed particularly to save life. The latter is a second consideration. The Reynolds fender and the other two products of the Pittsburgh Railways Company at the test are unknown to fender men and were never heard of or seen until introduced at the test on Friday.

Only three of the 12 fenders tested are in use elsewhere. They are the Lev, the Providence and the Roebling fenders. The Roebling fender is a device known as the "rope" or Philadelphia fender, and is using in Philadelphia. It is a much cheaper design than the Lev or Providence fenders, and while it has been patented, it is said to be manufactured by street car companies in several cities for their own use, by making a few alterations to avoid infringement on the patent.

Company Invented Fender.

The Reynolds fender, which seems to be the one most likely to be adopted, will not cost over $10 or $11. It was the second one tested on Friday, and failed to pick up the sawdust dummy laid across the track. On the first attempt it dragged the dummy along, and on the second attempt the fender ran over the dummy, although the fender was purposely lowered several inches below its normal position above the rail to give it a better chance of picking up the dummy.

This fender has a frame of gas pipe with strips of steel laid across and a rubber roller in front of the frame to run along the rail when the fender is fully dropped. It has steel guards back of the fender which do not reach above the bumper of the car, and critics say that if the fender did succeed in picking up a subject, he would stand a good chance of being killed by his head striking the end of the car.

## STEAMER IS WRECKED AND THE CREW DROWNED

ESBJERG, DENMARK, Sept. 10.—The Norwegian steamer Vanaia was wrecked today near Skallingen, on the southwest coast of Jutland. The captain and his wife and 19 of the crew were drowned.

# RUSSIAN ARMY GROUNDS ITS ARMS

## Military Discipline Is Not Relaxed Until Emperor Sends News of Peace.

## SOLDIERS CHEER PRESIDENT

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

GUNSHU PASS, MANCHURIA, Sept. 9.—Since news was received that the peace negotiations at Portsmouth were approaching a conclusion the correspondent of the Associated Press has made a survey of all the Russian positions from Mongolia to headquarters, the object in part being to ascertain the extent to which the efforts making for peace were viewed by the army.

The negotiations received no official recognition in the field prior to their successful conclusion, the army keeping in a state of preparedness for a battle until the receipt by Gen. Linevitch of a telegram from Emperor Nicholas, declaring the treaty had been signed and that his majesty accepted the conditions arrived at. This telegram was officially published in the army newspaper September 6, and the outlines of the peace conditions were printed in the same publication today.

The officers thereafter observed military decorum in the strictest sense, but the soldiers, with the consent of officers, engaged in feasting and other forms of celebration. It will be a week more before the entire army is fully informed of the conclusion of peace, but the news was discounted long since by the prevailing conviction that since the appointment of the plenipotentiaries peace was a foregone conclusion. It may be said that to the great majority of the officers and men so far informed the news that the war is at an end is most welcome.

### Americans Are Popular.

Thousands are daily drinking to the health of President Roosevelt. The correspondent, who is the only remaining foreign newspaper man with the Russian army, was everywhere asked by the men if he was an American, and on being answered in the affirmative they captured and tossed him many times in the air after the manner of the Cossacks, while their officers gently protested against the seemingly questionable form of their admiration.

Everywhere along the railway where newspapers could be obtained the soldiers eagerly scanned the news and then expressed their joy by singing, which they continued late into the night, at intervals cheering for President Roosevelt.

With the exception of the loss of a captain and two orderlies on the east front within the past two weeks and of nine men in the center a week ago, there have been no casualties. The cessation of hostilities was preceded only by unimportant recognizances involving small parties of scouts. Care has been taken to prevent further loss of life.

Owing to the enormous tract of country east of Hailuncheng and between the Russian lines along the Vladivostok railroad and the Japanese position in the Changpaishan range, it will require some time to reach all the elements operating in the interests of both armies and in restoring the regions occupied by both flanks to order. The officers are holding races at Toershu and at other places.

### Generals Prepare to Leave.

The fourth Siberian army corps, which played a conspicuous part throughout the war, was reviewed September 5 by its commander, Gen. Zarogbaieff, who has won high fame throughout the army because of his prominence in the battles of Tatcheklao and Liao Yang, in projection of Mukden and in the retreat from that place. The general is mentioned as among the first who will return home.

The disability of Gen. Zerpitsky has steadily increased, and he will be compelled to return to Europe. This officer was noted for his singular bravery throughout the war. He was wounded at Mukden, where he lost three-fourths of his Tenth army corps.

It is reported Gen. Linevitch will leave soon. The general staff is engaged in plans for changing the commanders throughout the army, preparatory to evacuation.

Among the soldiers generally there is a feeling of apprehension regarding the internal affairs of Russia and many of them have expressed a desire to remain in Manchuria indefinitely.

Prince Frederich Leopold of Prussia, who has been with the army since the beginning of May, has announced his intention of returning to Germany.

### Surrenders Vast Works.

After a prolonged war on an enormous scale and after the great preparations recently made to continue the struggle, the Russian army, in complying with the conditions of peace, surrenders its complete possessions with field works of vast extent and even more intricate than those at Liao Yang, besides positions of great strength protecting its communications. Notwithstanding this, the correspondents found among both officers and men a generally prevailing sense of the remarkable fairness of the conditions by which the terrible contest has been brought to a close.

The advocates of further fighting, however, seemed to be convinced the flower of the Japanese army had gone, leaving only reservists and inferior recruits, while the constant strengthening of the Russians with young recruits, they believed, gave them a large balance of power which would have enabled them not only to fight one more great battle, but to force peace thereafter. The impression prevailed among these war advocates that the army was nearly twice its real size, and their feeling of strength was due to this exaggeration of the facts.

Since the reception of the emperor's testimony to the bravery and self-sacrifice of the soldiers, and the declaration of the final acceptance of the peace terms, the army has become obediently passive. All peace news except that direct from the ministers or the emperor is placed at the end of the dispatches printed in the army publication, and is given as little prominence as possible.

# TAFT TO RENEW FIGHT ON TARIFF

## Secretary of War Will Open Campaign for Philippine Free Trade.

## ENLISTS PAYNE'S SUPPORT

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Room 19, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 10.

Secretary Taft's return to the United States from the Philippines, where he went with a party of senators and representatives, will mark the beginning of a renewed fight for free trade on Philippine products, especially sugar and tobacco. The last congress declined to wipe out the existing schedules on Philippine products, which are only 25 per cent less than the maximum rates. Secretary Taft has declared that he will keep up the fight until he wins, and some of the reports from the orient say that he has brought Representative Payne, chairman of the house committee on ways and means, to his way of thinking.

The auspices under which the senators and representatives went to the Philippines were calculated to give them a favorable impression. Mr. Taft was desirous of taking with him bigger fish in the shape of Senator Allison, the most influential man in the senate, and Joseph G. Cannon, the speaker of the house. Needless to say, had they gone and returned to espouse free trade it would have been authorized by congress. But they did not accept the invitation.

Without detracting in any way from the standing of the legislators who went with the Taft party, it can be said that they do not command the influence which will mow down all opposition to the free trade proposition. The party included Senators Long, Dubois and Newlands, Representatives Grosvenor, Payne, Jones of Virginia, Gillett, Longworth, Hepburn and Shirley.

The ideal toward which Secretary Taft is working is the abolition of the existing Philippine tariff in favor of free trade, but present conditions are unfavorable to such a step. The revenues of the civil government of the islands are for the most part derived from the customs revenues. A system of internal revenue taxation has been put in force, but is extremely unpopular with the natives and yet yields only a fraction of the money needed for running the civil government.

### Dies from Heart Failure.

Thomas Norris, aged 55, of 427 Fifth avenue, Homestead, died suddenly last night at his home in that place. He had been suffering from heart failure for sometime and this is thought to have been the cause of his death.

# JAPANESE RIOTERS ARE TO BE LENIENTLY DEALT WITH

## Chief of Tokyo's Police Department Resigns, and It Is Reported the Minister of Home Affairs Will Also Step Down.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

TOKYO, Sept. 10.—The total number of riot supects in custody exceeds 1,500. It is stated that formal charges have been made against 160. The remainder will probably be released. It is expected that the government will take a lenient attitude toward those to be tried.

Gen. Sakuma and staff visited and inspected the guards throughout the city today. The restaurants were reopened tonight, and conditions are resuming a normal aspect.

Tsunayubi Adachi, chief of the metropolitan police, has resigned, and Kiyohide Saki, of Nagano prefecture, has been appointed his successor. It is believed that Viscount Yoshikawa, minister of home affairs, has tendered his resignation, which, it is thought, will be accepted. Isaburo Yamagata, vice minister of the home department, will probably succeed Yoshikawa.

The resignation of the foregoing officers are the result of a week of turmoil. Yoshikawa and Adachi attracted most of the popular dissatisfaction on account of the closing of Hibiya park to public meetings.

The suspensions against the newspapers Nippon, Jinmin, Yorodzu, Niroku and the Miyako have been withdrawn, and they all have resumed publication. The Asahi and Nippon, published at Osaka, and the Kaimmon, published at Shimonoseki, have been suspended.

Tokyo continues quiet. The anticipation of trouble in the Bukazawa district last night was not realized.

# OPPOSE TREATY WITH ENGLAND

## Cuba May Reject Convention as Inimical to the United States.

## NOT POPULAR IN HAVANA

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

HAVANA, Sept. 10.—Two of the principal commercial and economic associations, responding to a confidential request made by the foreign relations committee of the state for advices as to whether the pending treaty between Great Britain and Cuba ought to be ratified, declared emphatically against ratification. The principal reason given is that Cuba's commercial interests are too inevitably bound to her great customer, the United States, to permit of granting for 10 years such privileges to British ships and citizens as those named in the treaty.

Another reason given is that the adoption of the treaty would allow privileges to British warships as well as merchantmen not warranted by the relations between Cuba and Great Britain and not permissible in view of the relations between Cuba and the United States. The latter reason is considered the most potent on account of a suspicion that the treaty while ostensibly one of commerce, navigation and amity, would in reality give to British warships greater privileges in Cuban ports than those given the United States by the cessation of two naval stations.

The treaty was signed in May. The United States government, on receipt of a report regarding the alleged objectionable features, made a peremptory representation against the trade. A copy of the treaty was then sent to Washington, since which time the United States government has ceased its representations regarding it. It is known, however, that in Washington the treaty is regarded as inimical to the interests of the United States, not perhaps in a commercial sense, because it does not contain any tariff concessions, but in the broader political significance of allowing British warships equal rights in Cuban ports with those of Cuban warships under pleas of stress of weather of accident, thus giving to Great Britain greater privileges than those granted to the United States.

The senate committee to which the treaty was referred confided it first to the Havana chamber of commerce and afterward to the Central Economic association.

Secretary of State O'Farrell declares the treaty contains nothing inimicable to the United States under any circumstances, and any persons who are close to the government assert that suspicion regarding the treaty is unwarranted.

# AUTONOMY GRANTED TO RUSSIAN UNIVERSITIES

## Czar Removes Chief Obstacle to Orderly Progress of Educational Life in Dominion.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 11.—An imperial ukase is published this morning granting a liberal measure of autonomy to the universities, pending the elaboration of permanent regulations along the same lines. This is considered here as insuring the opening of the universities September 14, and the resumption of the educational life of Russia, which has been at a standstill with all students and professors in the higher schools on strike since February.

The ukase places the election of rectors and deans of the universities, who have hitherto been appointed by the minister of education, and were regarded as representatives of the hated bureaucratic class, in the hands of the university professors, thereby making these officials truly representative of university life.

The duty of seeing that academy life follows a normal and orderly course is intrusted by the ukase to professorial councils, to which has been confided jurisdiction over offenses by students. University inspectors, who formerly were considered as a sort of secret police, are now responsible to the rectors and not to the ministry, and a cause of many misunderstandings between the universities and the authorities has thereby been removed.

The ukase fails to give the right of assembly or to grant the other political demands for which the students have been agitating, but the placing of the government of the universities in the hands of the professors meets the principal grievances of the students in regard to purely academic conditions, as the faculties and students are thoroughly in sympathy with each other because of their common efforts to remedy the grievances.

# SCOURGE CLAIMS JESUIT TEACHER

## Jestingly Remarks Emergency Room Needs First Patient, and He Becomes Occupant.

## INCREASE IN DEATH LIST

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 10.—The yellow fever report to 6 p. m. was: New cases, 37; total, 1,299; deaths, 7; total, 301; new foci, 11; cases under treatment, 196; discharged, 1,377.

Another distinguished member of the Roman Catholic clergy is in the death list. He is Father L. E. Green, of the Jesuit college. He died at 4 o'clock today after being ill a week.

Father Green was attacked with a chill last Sunday, just after delivering a lecture, but thought nothing of it. The next day he visited a room in the college which had not been screened and made ready for emergencies in accordance with the suggestion of Dr. White, and jokingly remarked to one of his colleagues that the room was ready now and only needed the first patient. A few hours later he was the occupant. He was later transferred to a hotel.

Father Green also suffered from other complications which hastened death. He was 38 years of age and a native of England. He had been here about two years and was a teacher in the branch school conducted by the Jesuits on St. Philip street.

There is not a single Italian name among the other deaths.

This afternoon the famous old French market was fumigated. The building being an open one and extending four blocks, from St. Ann street to Ursuline, presented a difficult problem for fumigation. The fumes ascended in a dense cloud into the cavernous domes of the market buildings and thousands of bats and myriads of insects of all kinds, not to mention flies and mosquitoes, were killed. It is the purpose of the authorities to treat other old market buildings in the same way.

There was little news from the country today. The most important was that from the health office at La Fourche parish reporting four cases at La Fourche crossing. There were two deaths in that parish Sunday, one at La Rosa and one at Midway, between Cutoff and Leeville. Other country reports were:

Patterson, 7 cases, 2 deaths.
Tallulah, 11 cases, 2 deaths.
Kenner, 2 cases, 1 death.
Hanson, 4 cases.
Donaldsonville, 2 cases.
St. Rose, 2 cases.
Pecan Grove, 1 death.

VICKSBURG, MISS., Sept. 10.—Four cases of yellow fever were reported today, bringing the total up to 25.

NATCHEZ, MISS., Sept. 10.—One new case of yellow fever was reported today. Five patients are under treatment. Almost every house in the city was fumigated today.

# BEREFT OF THE POWER TO READ AND WRITE

## Bullet Wound Has Unusual Effect on an Omaha Man of Scholarly Attainments.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

OMAHA, NEB., Sept. 10.—A bullet wound in the head has cost John Stokes the power to read and write. Except the power to read and write Stokes' mental faculties are unimpaired. Before the bullet plowed its way through his brain, Stokes was an inveterate reader and a man of scholarly attainments, but on coming out of the hospital, apparently entirely cured of his wound, he called for a newspaper and was shocked to discover that he could not read a word of it. He declared that it was in foreign print.

He then called for pen, ink and paper, intending to write to his mother, but when he attempted to write the English characters he found he had not the ability to do so.

"I was bewildered," said Stokes, "for I could not understand why I could neither read nor write. Nor can I understand it any better now. In all other respects my mind is perfectly normal."

# HAS FRUITLESS AUDIENCE WITH EMPEROR JOSEPH

VIENNA, Sept. 10.—Baron Fejervary, the Hungarian premier, had another fruitless audience of Emperor Francis Joseph today after which the emperor presided at a council of the dual ministry. Later, Premier Fejervary returned to Budapest to consult his colleagues. He will have another audience of the emperor Tuesday.

# BREAKS WORLD'S RECORD FOR DISCUS-THROWING

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Martin J. Sheridan, the Irish-American all-around champion, broke the world's record for discus throwing today at the Empire City race track. He threw the discus 142 feet 4 inches, beating the world's record, which he held, of 138 feet 6½ inches.

### "Pete" Browning Is Dead.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 11.—Louis Rogers Browning, 45 years old, better known to the baseball world as "Pete" Browning, died today in a hospital of an abscess in the head. For several years, Browning led all professional ball players as a batter.

### Sails for America.

LIMA, PERU, Sept. 10.—Dr. Daniel Zavereria, who will represent Peru at the International Sanitary Congress of American Republics, to be held in Washington October 2, left for the United States yesterday.

### Boy Breaks His Arm.

While attempting to secure shelter from the rain yesterday Peter Dott, aged 8, fell from a shed in Schenley park and broke his right arm. He was attended and sent home.

# TWO WEALTHY FARMERS TORTURED BY ROBBERS

## Fire Applied to Feet of One, Who May Die—The Other Is Nearly Strangled.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ELGIN, ILL., Sept. 10.—Andrew and John Fohren, old and wealthy farmers living near Spring Lake, were nearly murdered by three men who forced an entrance to the house last night, bound and gagged the two and plundered the premises, securing $90. In an effort to find the location of other valuables, the robbers placed burning paper at the feet of the two men. The elder brother, Andrew, was so badly injured that he may die.

After the assailants left Andrew started to secure assistance, but fainted and lay in a field until morning, when he revived enough to summon help. Assistance was asked from Algonquin and several men hastened to the house. John Fohren was found with a towel tied around his neck and nearly dead from exhaustion. He has rallied and is not in such a serious condition as his brother, who is suffering from exposure.

# AIRSHIP RACE A DRAW.

## Craft Sailed Off Well, but Failed to Return Over the Course—Attained a High Altitude.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Although failing to fulfill the conditions of returning over the course sailed, the airship race today was successful in demonstrating the ability of the craft to sail through the air with almost perfect responses to the will of the aeronauts. The craft, after performing maneuvers following the start, sailed in nearly opposite directions and disappeared over the mountain ranges, failing to return up to a late hour tonight.

The contestants were Alva Reynolds, with Man Angel No. 2, and Werdin Trembly, with the Bullet. The Bullet attained an altitude of about 5,500 feet and lost its rudder. The Man Angel attained a height of 3,000 feet and maneuvered perfectly. The failure of the airships to return caused the judges to declare a draw.

# HE PRAYS FOR HERRICK.

## Archbishop Moeller Says He Hopes to See Ohio's Governor Succeed President Roosevelt.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 10.—In introducing Governor Herrick at the opening of the golden jubilee of the National Verein today Archbishop Moeller said:

"I pray that the chief executive of this great state of Ohio may some day be chief executive of the United States, and I trust that he who is about to address you will be the successor to our beloved Theodore Roosevelt. May God deliver him out of the hands of his enemies."

### Communion In New Church.

The first holy communion in the new Sacred Heart Polish Catholic church, Braddock, took place yesterday morning. A class of 25 children received their first sacrament. All the church societies assembled at the old church, half a block away, and formed a double line. The little girls, dressed in white and wearing wreaths of flowers, and the boys in black with white waists, marched between the lines from the old church to the new one.

# PEACE PLENIPOTENTIARIES VISIT THE NATION'S CAPITAL

Continued from First Page.

erence to the many beautiful parks, with their wealth of trees and flowers. The weather was very pleasant throughout the day.

### Toured in Automobiles.

M. Witte and his associates occupied the private Pullman car Iolanthe, attached to the second section of the Pennsylvania railroad train which reached here at 7:30 o'clock this morning. The party en route was in charge of J. K. Hand of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. After being welcomed by Mr. Loomis the visitors went to the Arlington hotel, which they made their headquarters while in the city. They remained there until about 9 o'clock, when they started on their sightseeing trip, all of which, with the exception of the tour to Mount Vernon, was made in automobiles.

At the White House the party was escorted through the various public portions, including the East room, and the Red, Blue and Green parlors. Following this, there was a hurried dash to the Russian embassy situated in the beautiful residential section of the city. The house is one formerly occupied by the Hon. Levi P. Morton when he was vice president, and it was very much admired by M. Witte.

The visits to the capitol and to the congressional library, just across the Capitol square, were of particular interest to the Russians, M. Witte leading the party through the capitol building and making many inquiries regarding the senate and house chambers. The whole building was thrown open to the visitors and the oldest guide was assigned to show them the sights. At the congressional library the party was shown the methods employed for the delivery and return of the books used by readers and for transporting books underground to and from the capitol building. One of the party remarked that this was one of the most interesting features of M. Witte's visit.

### They Visit Mount Vernon.

From the congressional library the visitors went to Mount Vernon, going first to the navy yard where about noon they boarded the naval tug Siren. The party arrived at Mount Vernon at 1 o'clock and spent an hour and a half going through the mansion and about the grounds. A feature of the stay there was the planting of a fine, healthy ash tree on a commanding site on the terrace in front of the mansion, overlooking the water. M. Witte and Baron Rosen each handled the spade in filling the ground about the root of the tree after it had been planted, and the former asked that when it attained growth some branches of it be sent to him for transplanting. It was through the courtesy of the Ladies of the Mount Vernon Regents' association that the buildings were open today, and M. Witte asked that his thanks be sent to them.

The trip from Mount Vernon to the National cemetery at Arlington was made in a specially chartered trolley car and here the visitors remained for some time, after which they returned to Washington in automobiles. A trip to Rock Creek park, which took the visitors through the residential sections of the city, ended the sightseeing for the day.

M. Witte manifested a great deal of interest in the children that he saw, and whenever they alighted from their automobiles he always shook hands and smiled with persons who were standing about. A small crowd gathered at the station at the time the envoys departed for New York, and M. Witte acknowledged their salutations and cheers from the platform of his car.

### Rosen and Komura Sick.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Russian envoys, M. Witte and Baron de Rosen, with their suite, arrived in New York shortly before midnight and went immediately to the St. Regis hotel. They were awaited by a physician who had been summoned by telegraph to attend Baron de Rosen, who is indisposed.

Baron Komura is ill at his apartments at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, and all the social engagements of the Japanese envoys today were either cancelled or indefinitely postponed. Mr. Sato, spokesman for the Japanese party, said Baron Komura became slightly ill Saturday night. The senior envoy of the Japanese emperor is suffering from intestinal trouble. His high temperature of last night, however, was considerably reduced today. While the illness is not regarded as serious, Baron Komura has been told he must rest for a few days.

The Japanese envoys were to have been the guests of Gen. Stewart Woodford at dinner tonight, and were to have visited Governors island tomorrow and dined with Gen. Frederick D. Grant.

The Japanese have planned to leave New York next Thursday for Seattle, Wash., whence they will sail direct for home.

Mr. Sato today added the denial of the Japanese envoys to that of the Russians made yesterday that a secret treaty of peace had been agreed upon by the emperors of Japan and Russia.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept. 10.—Baron Kaneko, the special commercial envoy of Japan to the United States, spent three hours today with President Roosevelt. Throughout the recent peace negotiations Baron Kaneko maintained the closest relations with the president, acting as an intermediary between the Japanese government and Baron Komura and the president. It can be said that Baron Komura trusted him as he trusted nobody else.

### To Promote Trade Relations.

"My visit to the president," said the baron after his call, "was purely social. There was nothing significant or even important about it. But my mission to this country was to do what I could to cultivate between America and Japan cordial commercial and trade relations. Commerce, after all, you know, rules the world. It is the greatest mission in a nation's progress."

"Has your mission been successful?" the baron was asked.

"Yes, in a degree, I think it has," he replied. "America sustains very friendly relations in trade and commerce with Japan."

Baron Kaneko was asked if Japan was interested in the operation of railroads in China or in railroad concessions in that empire.

"No, not at all, that I know of," he responded. "Of course, by the terms of the treaty just concluded we take over a part of the Manchurian railway, but that is Japan's only railroad interest in China so far as I know."

Referring to the recent rioting in Tokyo, Baron Kaneko said:

"While personally I have received no dispatches officially, I am sure the rioting which occurred was only a spontaneous upheaval of sentiment, due to a misunderstanding of the situation as to the treaty concluded at Portsmouth. Now that a complete understanding of the situation is becoming general, the trouble has disappeared. There is no anti-American sentiment in Japan. Our people have the greatest respect and admiration for President Roosevelt and the highest regard for America."

### Czar's Thank Offering.

At the conference last night between President Roosevelt and the Russian peace envoys M. Witte, by direction of the emperor of Russia, presented to the president the following communication:

"Some years ago, in consequence of misunderstanding in the interpretation of the most favored nation clause, there were established in Russia on several articles of American production, customs duties on a higher scale than those levied on the same articles when imported from other countries.

"His majesty, the emperor of Russia, has commanded me to inform the president of the United States that he has been pleased to order the discontinuance of the levying of such higher duties on American products in order that henceforth the American manufacturers should pay the same duties as importers from other countries."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 10.—As understood here, the customs duties referred to by M. Witte in his communication to the president and which by the direction of the czar have been discontinued, grew out of the imposition in the early part of 1901 by this government of a differential duty on Russian sugar imported into the United States. Following this action of the United States was the issuance in retaliation of an order of the Russian minister of finance which became effective March 9, 1901, imposing maximum duties on certain American articles, the increases ranging from 20 to 50 per cent. Generally stated, these articles were cast iron wares, manufactures of iron and steel, iron and steel boilers, tanks, bridges, pipes, etc., machinery, sewing machines, meters, dynamos, portable engines, locomotives and locomotive cars, locomobiles and fire engines.

The controversy with Russia, which involved the imposition by the United States of a countervailing duty on Russian sugar by the United States, grew out of the allegation by American producers that Russia was paying a bounty to her sugar producers.

# EARTHQUAKE AGAIN FELT.

## Slight Shocks Cause Additional Terror in the Stricken District of Italy.

ROME, Sept. 10.—Further slight earthquake shocks today caused additional terror among the inhabitants of Calabria. The damage, however, was insignificant although the disturbance affected a more extended area reaching Reggio and Naples. The activity of Mount Vesuvius increased, while the violent eruption of the ancient crater on the island of Stromboli is still in progress.

Minister of Public Works Ferraris is making a minute personal investigation of the extent of the disaster visiting even the smallest hamlets in the stricken provinces and carrying funds and material for the immediate relief of the starving and ill-clad people. Everywhere he is met by crowds who appeal to him for aid. Soldiers, citizens and doctors are working heroically, but they have frequently relaxed because of nervous breakdown resulting from the horrible sights encountered by them.

# NEWFOUNDLAND CABLE WORKS SUCCESSFULLY

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Sept. 10.—The new cable laid by the Commercial Cable Company between Canso, Nova Scotia, and Port Au Basques, Newfoundland, for the Newfoundland government, was inaugurated successfully yesterday, when messages were exchanged between Premier Bond, who is now in London, and the Colonial cabinet.

# HALF-MILLION-DOLLAR FIRE AT CHATTANOOGA

## Freight Depot of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railroad Totally Destroyed.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 10.—At least $500,000 is the estimated loss by a fire which broke out tonight in the freight yards of the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Railway Company, totally destroying the freight depot with its entire contents, 42 freight cars, most of which were fully loaded, two mail cars, two baggage cars and the private car of Superintendent M. W. McGuire. Four hours' time was required by the combined fire departments of the city in extinguishing the flames, which had spread rapidly before the alarm was turned in on account of the difficulty the trucks made of reaching the burning point.

The origin of the fire is a complete mystery. The depot was filled with freight, the accumulation of both Saturday and Sunday. Freight Agent C. Phobart states that the railway company would suffer largely on account of the very large amount of goods waiting shipment or delivery.

While the fire was in progress efforts were made by a number of thieves to rob other cars in the vicinity, and a large force of police was called out to protect the property. The depot had recently been repaired to the extent of several hundred thousand dollars. It was used by the Cincinnati Southern, the Alabama Great Southern and the Central of Georgia railways. It immediately adjoined the Central depot, the Cincinnati Southern shops and several large manufacturing establishments. A wind was blowing and only good work by the fire department prevented further destruction.

# SCHOONER'S CREW LOST; CAPTAIN COMMITS SUICIDE

## Fishing Detail Fogbound, and When They Do Not Return Commander Ends His Life.

BOOTH BAY HARBOR, MAINE, Sept. 10.—The fishing schooner Ella J. G. King arrived here today from the George's bank with the eight men of the crew of the Boston fishing schooner Joseph H. Cromwell. The Cromwell arrived at Boston yesterday and reported that her commander, Captain Isaac Fraser, had committed suicide at sea, and that eight men had been lost in the fog while fishing from dories.

The fishermen were picked up last Wednesday about 20 miles southwest of Seal Island. They had been in their dories two days and a night without food. Captain Fraser committed suicide after he learned that eight of the men were missing.

# FALL FROM APPLE TREE PROVES FATAL

NEW CASTLE, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Jerry M. Baker of this city died today from injuries suffered Wednesday in falling from an apple tree. He is survived by his wife and seven children, one brother and five sisters.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OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived, Sept. 10.

New York—Neckar, from Bremen; Kroonland, from Antwerp, via Dover; La Bretagne, from Havre; Pennonia, from Naples; Moltke, from Hamburg; Minnetonka, from London.

Lizard—Finland, from New York, for Antwerp, via Dover.

Dover—Friedrich der Grosse, from Bremen, for New York.

Prawl—Statendam, from Rotterdam, for New York.

Malinhead—Parisian, from New York, for Glasgow.

Liverpool—Celtic, from New York, via Queenstown; Umbria, from New York, via Queenstown.

London—Minnesota, from Philadelphia.

Passed, Sept. 10.

Moville—Caledona, from Glasgow, for New York.

Queenstown—Campania, from Liverpool, for New York.

Dover—Zeeland, from Antwerp, for New York; Graf Waldersee, from Hamburg, for New York.


TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

BELASCO—Opening of the season tonight at 8 p. m. Margaret Anglin in "Zira."

NIXON—George M. Cohan in "Little Johnny Jones," 8 p. m.

ALVIN—"The Serio-Comic Governess," 8 p. m.

BIJOU—Henry Clay Blaney in "The Boy Behind the Gun," 2 and 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"Wedded and Parted," 8:15 p. m.

WILLIAMS' ACADEMY—Reilly & Woods' big show, 2 and 8 p. m.

GAYETY—Harry Bryant's Extravaganza Company, 2 and 8 p. m.

EXPOSITION—Seventeenth season Western Pennsylvania Exposition society. Concerts by Sousa's band, 2, 4, 7:30 and 9:30 p. m.

LUNA PARK—Craig street, near Grant boulevard; open 10 a. m. to midnight. Concerts afternoon and evening by the Kilties band.

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# WANTS FILTER PLANT IN CITY

City Administration Is to Put Through the Aspinwall Annexation Bill Today.

COUNCILMEN IGNORE MAYOR

The city administration expects to put through common council tonight the ordinance granting the consent of the city of Pittsburgh to the annexation of the borough of Aspinwall, which was approved by the finance committee last week.

A large majority of the residents of Aspinwall are said to be opposed to annexation, but it is not likely that the Pittsburgh councils will take cognizance of this adverse sentiment. They will probably pass the ordinance and permit the people of Aspinwall to settle the matter among themselves at the polls.

The annexation of Aspinwall is a city administration measure, and is said to be intended to bring within the city limits the big filtration plant which the city is building at Aspinwall. The addition of the filtration plant to the city is expected to add the votes of a couple of thousand workmen at the mayoralty election next February. The opposition to annexation by Aspinwall residents is based on the claim that Aspinwall has all the public improvements it needs at present, with a low tax rate. It is claimed that annexation would mean a heavy increase in its taxation.

Both branches of councils today hold their first regular sessions since June. Little business of importance is expected in either branch. Select council meets in the afternoon and will consider a few bills passed by common council at a special session early in the summer. The common branch will meet at night and it will have little to do outside of receiving reports of a few standing committees, which will be brief.

Common Councilman A. G. Roenigk will present a resolution in common council fixing the date for the annual inspection of the city home at Marshalsea by councils. A similar resolution may be offered in select council. Mayor Hays has notified Director Clark to abandon the inspection this year, but friends of Director Clark in councils refuse to take orders from the mayor. They say that councils will visit the farm in a body and will have a good time, and if the mayor objects he may stay away, which he will probably do.

# CULVER TAGGART GIVES HIS FATHER THE SLIP

Boy Did Not Want to Obey the Court's Order, So He Disappeared from Railroad Station.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WOOSTER, O., Sept. 10.—Interest in the Taggart divorce case was transferred today from the court proceedings to an escapade of Culver, one of the two boys whose custody is at issue. Capt. Taggart yesterday obtained from Judge Eason permission to take the two boys to Orrville today to spend Sunday with his parents. The judge ordered that Mrs. Taggart should send the pair to their father. Neighbors say that the boys demurred, declaring that they did not want to go. Their mother insisted that since the judge had directed her to deliver the urchins to her husband, they must go. Little "Tiddies" is quoted as remarking: "All right, I'll go, but not for keeps."

Culver was more obdurate and announced flatly that he would not go to Orrville. Mrs. Taggart, however, prepared him for the day's outing, dressing him in his best clothes. The boy carried out part of the program so innocently as to disarm suspicion. He went to the station and met his father there. It was supposed by his mother that he was being whirled away to Orrville until he turned up a short time after the train had left the city. It was then learned that the youngster, watching his chance, had slipped away from his father and disappeared just at train time.

# SAY HE ROBBED BOOTHS.

Man Arrested in Braddock Is Accused of Stealing Money from Telephone Boxes.

A man who is thought by the Braddock police to be the perpetrator of numerous telephone booth robberies in the Monongahela valley, was arrested last night in Kutscher's drug store, Braddock avenue, Braddock. He is about 24 years old, was well dressed and wore a diamond ring, and gave his name as Joseph R. Brean of Pittsburgh.

He is said to have opened the coin box in the telephone booth in the drug store, and a key fitting the lock was said to have been found in his possession. Last night a booth in a drug store near the Edgewood station was robbed, and the police say that Brean admitted this theft. The booth in the store where he was arrested has been robbed 10 times, and many similar robberies have occurred in the valley during the past few months.

Author, Composer and Actor.

George M. Cohan and his singing and dancing hundred will begin a week's engagement at the Nixon tonight and Pittsburgh playgoers will have their first opportunity to witness a performance of "Little Johnny Jones," a musical piece that obtained great vogue in the east the past summer, where it but recently ended an engagement that lasted for 36 consecutive weeks. Mr. Cohan has the distinction of having not only written every line and lyric, as well as the music and book of "Little Johnny Jones," but he also appears in the title role.

# MAN WITH A TRAGIC PAST DYING WITH BROKEN BACK

Police Trying to Discover How He Fell Out of a Second-Story Window—Eight Men Are Under Arrest.

How did Steve Grkovitch, who has a past, reach the sidewalk from a second-story window?

This is what the police want to know, especially as Grkovitch has a broken back and a good chance of dying.

Early yesterday morning Grkovitch was found lying on the sidewalk in front of his boarding house in Carey alley. Eight men in the house say he must have fallen out of the window, as they did not hear anything. The police, however, incline to the belief that there had been a fight in the place. The eight men were arrested and Grkovitch was taken to the West Penn hospital, where the physicians express little hope for his recovery.

The men under arrest say Grkovitch came to this country about six months ago to live down his past. They say that about 25 years ago Grkovitch murdered his mother-in-law in Plaski, Austria, by chopping off her head with a hatchet. After committing this crime he disappeared and was a fugitive for seven years. He was finally caught, tried, convicted and sentenced to imprisonment for life. Grkovitch was a model prisoner, and for this reason was pardoned five years ago. The odium of his crime followed him to his own country, and to escape this he came to the United States, so the prisoners say.

Grkovitch regained consciousness last night and an interpreter who talked with him at the South Side hospital learned that he had been pushed out the window. He said there had been a general fight and that Nikola Sedlar and Jlija Kosamovic, alias Mudrak, were the ones who had thrown him out. Both these men are among the eight locked up.

# SOPRANO VOICE WINS A KING'S DECORATION

MME. JOHANNA GADSKI.

MUNICH, Sept. 10.—Mme. Gadski sang the three Brunhildes in an opera festival Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights last week with such effect that Prince Regent Luipold bestowed upon her King Ludwig's order for art and science.

# MINISTER LEISHMAN HAS DIFFICULT PROBLEM

Turkish Government Refuses to Recognize American Naturalization of Ottoman Subjects.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 9.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Mr. Leishman, the American minister, had a long interview Friday with Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish foreign minister, with reference to the question of principle involved in the case of Ghirkis Vartanian, claiming to be a naturalized American, who, it is alleged, shot and killed Apik Undjulan, a prominent Armenian, on August 28, and of another Armenian, also said to be a naturalized American, who was arrested for connection with the attempt on the life of the sultan on July 21.

The porte persists in its refusal to recognize foreign naturalization of Ottoman subjects who return to Turkey, and the American minister adheres to the stipulations of the treaty of 1832, which does not make distinctions as regards citizens of the republic.

In the absence of a Turko-American naturalization treaty it is difficult to see how the matter can be settled except by reference of the question to arbitration.

# THIS TRANSPORTATION NOT GOOD ON THE PENNSYLVANIA SPECIAL

Heart-broken, John Frazier of the Hotel Ramsey, Diamond street, turned away from the gate at the Union station at 12:45 a. m. Saturday, the beautiful Pennsylvania special clicking its way through the Union station yards into the distance toward New York.

Mr. Frazier's grief was occasioned by the refusal of the heartless gateman to accept the transportation a friend had given him with the assurance that it would carry him to the great metropolis on the handsomest train in the world. The present had been made in Allegheny only 10 minutes before time for the train to leave, and all the way down Federal street, across the bridge and up to the Union station the glad recipient had run his best to be there before the train left.

"I wouldn't feel so bad if my hopes had not been so fine," he stated mournfully. "I thought he was my friend."

Then he asked a bystander how to get into the yards and find blind-baggage accommodations or even a "side-door Pullman."

Frazier's transportation consisted of an advertisement of the fall line of an upholstery concern in the form of a railroad ticket, together with the following note, both furnished by his Allegheny friend:

"Mr. Charles Wassen, conductor. Kindly pass Mr. John Frazier from Pittsburgh to New York without charge, two trunks first-class, and oblige

"OLEO GAGEN, General Passenger Agent,
"No. 9 Boo Le Loo to Bos Street, Allegheny, Pa."

# TEN-YEAR-OLD ELIZABETH MAKES A LEAP FOR LIFE

Tired of Confinement, She Jumps Two Stories and Escapes Without Even a Scratch.

Ten-year-old Elizabeth Leonard bids fair to become the leading lady in "A Leap for Life" attraction when she grows up. She lives with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael West, at South Twenty-first and Sarah streets. On Saturday night the old folks went out, and to ensure the safety of Elizabeth, they locked her in a second-story bedroom. Elizabeth became tired of confinement about 10 o'clock. There being no egress by the door, she determined to take the window route. Elizabeth took the pillows off the bed and threw them on to the stone sidewalk. Then she leaped out after them.

A neighbor saw Elizabeth perform this feat and rushed to her, expecting to find her mangled, if not dead. Elizabeth by that time was on her feet and seemed none the worse for her jump. As a precautionary measure, however, the child was taken to St. Joseph's hospital, where a careful examination failed to discover even a scratch on Elizabeth's body.

Chop Suey Man Is Hurt.

William Hamilton, aged 24, is being held in Allegheny central station until this morning, when Ben Key, a Chinese, will make information charging assault and battery. Hamilton was in Key's restaurant at 15 East Lacock street early yesterday morning and got into some trouble with the proprietor. Several others took part and when the fight was stopped Ben had a long gash in his thigh.

# CITY WILL SOON HAVE ANOTHER BABY WARD

Assessors Ready to Begin Work on Tax Books of Sterrett Township, Which Enters January 1.

The city assessors will in a few days, said Assessor E. E. Siebert yesterday, begin work on the tax books of Sterrett township, which becomes the Fortieth ward of Pittsburgh on the first of next January. The city assessors will, during the remaining months of the year, complete the valuations on all new buildings erected in the city during the present year and list in the tax books the city valuations which have been placed on property in Sterrett township.

The values of both Sterrett township and the former borough of Elliott, which is now the Thirty-ninth ward, will remain as they are until the next triennial assessment, which will be made next year, to take effect the first of February, 1907. The former borough of Elliott, which was admitted to the city last January, will lose its title of the baby ward the first of next year, Sterrett township succeeding to that title.

# ANCIENT PATROL WAGON.

Edgewood Police Return to the Methods of the Days When the World Was Younger.

Edgewood police returned to the methods of long ago yesterday. It was so long that many persons thought it was entirely new. The police were notified early yesterday morning that a drunken man was put off a street car at Coal and Swissvale avenue for becoming boisterous. Policemen Dominick McCaffrey, the former pugilist, and Miles, went to the scene and found a man, weighing about 225 pounds, lying helplessly drunk in the gutter. Carrying him was out of the question, and the minds of the officers at once became aroused to find some way of getting their victim to the police station.

Finally a wheelbarrow was procured, the man was loaded on it, and trundled off to the police station. He gave his name as Tom Jones of Braddock, and was let off with a small fine.

It is said the wheelbarrow will be the official vehicle of the police department hereafter.

Falls Down an Elevator Shaft.

P. D. Paff of 153 Mulberry alley fell down an elevator shaft at the plant of the National Fireproofing Company on Bedford avenue yesterday and injured his back. He was removed to his home.

# COMPULSORY VACCINATION TO BE RIGIDLY ENFORCED

State Health Commissioner Dixon Notifies All Pennsylvania School Teachers That Certificates Must Be Required of Pupils.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

HARRISBURG, Sept. 10.—State Health Commissioner Dixon is taking precautionary measures to prevent an epidemic of smallpox in Pennsylvania during the coming winter by notifying principals or teachers in charge of schools that the compulsory vaccination act of 1905 must be rigidly enforced.

This act requires principals and others in charge of public, private, parochial, Sunday or other schools to refuse admission to any child to the schools under their charge or supervision, except upon a physician's certificate that such child has been successfully vaccinated or that it has previously had smallpox.

Dr. Dixon is now sending from the department a personal letter to the secretary of every local board of health in the state calling his attention to this provision of the law and also the provision which requires health authorities to furnish principals or other persons in charge of schools with blank certificates to be filled out showing whether or not the school children have been vaccinated.

Letters are also being sent to secretaries of school boards asking them to see that every principal or teacher in charge of a school is informed of the vaccination law and is supplied with the necessary certificates, and also to each principal or teacher calling attention to the vaccination law and its penalties and urging them to observe its provisions.

"I beg you to observe that in this matter the principal or teacher is responsible," says Dr. Dixon in his letter to principals or teachers of schools, "not to the school directors, but to the health authorities of the state or the municipality, and that no action of the school directors can supersede the requirements of the law.

"Any attempt to shift the responsibility on to the shoulders of the directors would therefore be attended by serious risk. I do not allow myself to doubt, however, that your intelligent appreciation of the importance of the strict enforcement of the law, both for the protection of the health of the children under your care as well as of that of the entire community and for the avoidance of the serious interference with education which an outbreak of smallpox in a community always involves, will make further reference to penalties entirely unnecessary."

A letter of like import is also being sent the presidents of the various colleges in the state. Blank certificates for vaccination and smallpox for distribution to physicians are being sent to secretaries of school boards. Commissioner Dixon is convinced that if the law is strictly enforced there will be little, if any, smallpox in Pennsylvania next winter.


COMMONSENSE REASONS

given WHY we can and DO sell cheaper than others. Exclusive agency for the world-famous KNABE PIANOS. MAKERS of the wonderful KLEBER and HENRY PIANOS. Also TEN other makes from $129.00 up.

Apollo Piano Players. Inside Piano Players.

KLEBER
64 Years in Pittsburgh.
221-223 Fifth Avenue.
Piano Factory: Greensburg.


# BIG INCREASE IN AMERICAN GOLD

Director of the Mint's Report Shows Large Addition to Wealth.

PROMISING FOR MANY YEARS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—Director of the Mint Roberts today made public his estimate of the production of gold and silver in the United States for the calendar year 1904. These figures show an increased production over the calendar year 1903 of $7,121,500 gold and 3,485,000 fine ounces of silver. The largest gold gain was by California, which yielded about $3,000,000 more than in the previous year, and a larger amount than in any year since the 90s.

"This gain," the director says, "came chiefly from dredge operations, and a further gain is expected during the current year and for some years to come. The California state mining bureau estimates the possible output of the dredges at $7,000,000 a year for 30 years."

Colorado shows an increase of nearly $2,000,000 gold and 1,300,000 ounces of silver; Alaska a gain of $700,000 gold; Montana of 2,900,000 ounces of silver; Utah a gain of 1,300,000 ounces of silver; Idaho a gain of 1,300,000 ounces of silver. Forty-eight per cent of the silver was produced from lead ores, 26 per cent from copper ores and the remainder largely from ores which also carried gold.

The following table shows the approximate distribution by producing states and territories:

| | Gold, Value. | Silver, Fine Ounces. |
|---|---|---|
| Alabama | $ 25,200 | 500 |
| Alaska | 9,304,500 | 210,500 |
| Arizona | 3,843,900 | 2,744,600 |
| California | 15,109,600 | 1,832,650 |
| Colorado | 24,235,500 | 14,231,600 |
| Georgia | 96,900 | 1,100 |
| Idaho | 1,563,700 | 7,810,200 |
| Maryland | 2,400 | ..... |
| Michigan | ..... | 127,500 |
| Montana | 5,767,500 | 14,606,100 |
| Nevada | 4,527,900 | 2,695,100 |
| New Mexico | 251,900 | 214,400 |
| North Carolina | 122,500 | 14,800 |
| Oregon | 1,259,900 | 132,200 |
| South Carolina | 121,300 | 500 |
| South Dakota | 7,624,600 | 187,600 |
| Tennessee | 4,300 | 59,200 |
| Texas | 2,200 | 459,400 |
| Utah | 4,235,600 | 12,454,200 |
| Virginia | 3,800 | 6,700 |
| Washington | 227,500 | 149,000 |
| Wyoming | 16,400 | 4,400 |
| Totals | $80,723,200 | 57,786,100 |

The total amount of gold coined was 3,904,986 ounces, and the commercial value of the silver produced was $32,515,938, making the total value of the two metals $114,239,138.

# A WISER WAITER.

Distinguished Appearance Not the Mark of a Man to Receive Attention, He Learns.

At lunch time one day last week a distinguished looking, well-dressed and important gentleman occupied a seat at the counter at a Wood street restaurant. Beside him sat another gentleman, very plainly dressed. The distinguished gentleman so impressed the waiter that he was given exceptional attention in the way of napkins, etc., and the waiter jumped at his slightest nod.

Both men completed their meals at the same time, and the plainly dressed man, to the waiter's surprise, left a dime as a tip. To the waiter's greater surprise, the distinguished gentleman "copped" the dime and made a get-away before the waiter could stop him.

Women in Charge of Services.

Woman's day was observed last night at the Second United Brethren church, Braddock. The women of the church had entire charge of the services, which consisted of songs, responsive readings, recitations and addresses. Mrs. A. D. Funk, wife of the Rev. A. D. Funk, made the principal address.


HAMILTON'S

Start Your Girl or Boy

to school or college with a mandolin, banjo or guitar under her or his arm, and make her or him happy.

We have made special preparation for the large demand for small instruments that is usual in September, when the young people are getting ready to go back to their alma maters.

We have some fine

Mandolins, Guitars, Banjos, Piccolo-Banjos, and Banjorines at

$3.00, $3.50, $4.00
$5.00, $7.50, $10.00,
and on up to
$75.00 and $100.00

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JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Monday, Sept. 11, '05. | Weather—Rain. | Penn Ave. and Fifth St.

*In buying new materials for the Autumn dress, don't overlook our Pattern Counter where McCall's Patterns are always to be had. They're the most reliable.*

*For these chilly mornings the Block Gas Heater is the thing. Fits on an ordinary gas jet. Fine for bathroom. See them. Housefurnishing Department, 65c.*

Our Exposition of New Things for Autumn.

Everybody ought to be in high spirits, over the beginning of the Autumn season—we of this part of the country are no sooner in the midst of one season than we long for the one to follow.

For this Autumn we have prepared especially well—nothing could be added to better the preparations. Our importations are arriving daily, our great invoices from home manufacturers are coming in with great regularity, altogether, the 70 and more departments of this store are ready for a great business. In your memory we ask you to note

That No Prices for New Goods Are So Low as Ours.

New and Handsome Robes of Lace.

Every woman understands when we speak of lace robes and net robes that a partially finished robe is meant. They are so nearly completed that only a little fitting and a little sewing is required.

Robes are undeniably the most refined garments of woman's dress—no other material nor no other style lends such elegance to the form.

We have introduced a new and distinctive section for Robes, one that will give us ample space for displaying the various new styles. It adjoins the Postoffice, rear aisle No. 6.

In this new department we are now exhibiting the newest patterns from abroad, as well as the newest designs brought out at home, and all are modeled along lines of perfect fit. The variety is ample—the price range will meet all ideas as to what a garment of this fashion should cost.

Black and White Spangled Robes....$15.00 to $ 85.00
Black Arabian Robes.....$60.00 to $100.00
White and Cream Point Llerre Robes $20.00 to $ 65.00
Black Marquise Robes.....$50.00 to $100.00
Black Renaissance Robes.....$50.00 to $100.00
Pt. d'Esprit Robes, White, Pink and Blue.....$12.00

Handsome Gray Suits for Women.

The unprecedented demand for gray suits has spurred us to collect all the grays possible—hence variety is double what it was this day week. We knew Fashion was going to plunge on gray and ordered a-plenty, but our makers of suits were not told to hurry. But you hurried us and we hurried them.

This store stands supreme in supplying elegant garments, yet it is not one whit less masterful in providing the most practical suits at popular prices.

The price range for the new grays is $20.00, $23.50, $25.00, $28.00, $30.00 and up to $50.00.

There is correctness, good taste and worthy quality in the lowest priced suit shown.

It is needless to say the new long coat which shows out the proper lines more than any other style will be one of the most in favor with the well gowned woman.

These suits are shown in all shades of gray, from the very light tone to the dark Oxford, and in all lengths of coats, from 36 to 52 inches.

New Walking Skirts for Women.

The thoughts of women now center around Walking Skirts for immediate wear. There is vast satisfaction in choosing from the large assemblage of these garments which is ready in this store for whatever purpose and at whatever price you wish. Just a hint of sorts and price ranges:

$8.00—17-gore side-pleated skirts, pleats falling out and graduating to back—in light and dark gray, light gray with dark check and dark gray with light check. The material is mannish worsted.

$10.00—Two styles, one a skirt of light weight worsted, in light and dark gray, has a wide stitched box pleat in front, and a smaller one on each side, and one between every other gore; pleats are stitched to a little above knee and graduate to back. The other a nine-gore skirt with clusters of side pleats in light and dark gray mannish worsted; pleats flare above knee, skirt very full around bottom.

$13.50—Seven-gore skirt, made in fine grade of light and dark gray worsted, with clusters of four graduated stitched side pleats on each gore at knee, close-fitting back.

Other skirts in abundance—Panama, broadcloth, cheviot and mixtures—ranging from $5.00 up to $25.00.

The New Velvets and Velveteens.

Women in touch with Fashion claim that velvet gowns will be worn extensively this Fall. The return to velvet is highly gratifying—it is a queenly fabric. Our Velvet Section is exhibiting a great variety of new Velvets and invites an early inspection.

Plain Velveteens, with chiffon finish—all the new colors—75c a yard and up to.....$2.00
Velveteen Frisson, a new and beautiful weave, with a chiffon finish, specially priced at, a yard....$1.25
Velveteen in invisible stripes, with watered effects, known as Motre Brevette Velveteen, a yard..$1.25
New Chiffon Velours, in all colors, $1.75 to $3.00 a yard; black, $1.75 to $4.00 a yard. Foregoing price for single width—in 45-inch width price is $3.50 and up to, a yard.....$9.00
Corduroys in all the variety needed, at, a yard, $1.00 and.....$1.10
Corduroy Ultra, a velvet with a small cord, hollow cut, chiffon finish, exact copy of the Velour St. Hubert, which sells for $2.00 a yard—specially priced at, a yard.....$1.50
Fancy Velvets in seven styles of newest Fall colors—the right velvet for waists and full dresses—a yard, $1.25 and.....$1.65
White Angora Plushes, much used for children's coats, something very fine, a yard, $3.00 and.....$4.00
Chiffon Vel-du-Vet, a velveteen with a thin mousseline finish—will make up richly, a yard.....$1.25

Close-to-Cost Prices for New Fall Dress Goods.

If you should by any accident run across such fine goods for such small prices as we are showing in our Dress Goods Section we'd thank you to tell us where. We haven't found any, and we're around every day. Take particular notice to the prices on the following new Autumn Dress Woolens:

Special exhibit of all-wool French Taffeta, in plain shades and in checks, very desirable for early Fall wear, specially priced at, a yard.....75c
Plaids are going to be first in favor for girls' and misses' Autumn dresses. We have them in forty different color combinations, from 45c a yard, up to.....$1.75
German Satin Prunella Suitings, in dark shades and in pastel colors for evening wear, a very elegant fabric, a yard.....$2.00
54-inch Chiffon Panama Cloth, bright finish, shown in two shades green, royal, navy blue, brown and black, $1.50 value for, a yard.....$1.25
52-inch blind Cheviot, with bright lustre, the correct cloth for long coat suit—shown in all the new Paris shades—a yard.....$1.25
SPECIAL—Nine hundred yards Shepherd Check Suitings in four sizes of checks, value 50c yard, will be out today for the special price, a yard.....35c

The New Blacks—

Consider well the prices quoted below for Black Dress Goods, they were never equaled:

52-inch German Broadcloth, chiffon weight, readily worth $2.00, our special price, a yard.....$1.50
42-inch French Voile, a rich jet black, worth 75c, our special price, a yard.....50c
54-inch Scotch Cheviots, Paris finish, all sponged and shrunk, two grades, a yard, $1.00 and.....$1.25

School Stockings for Boys and Girls.

New, trim stockings figure largely in any boy's or girl's get-up for school. Two good reasons are printed why mothers should look to us for their supply of children's stockings. First, quality—fast black, long wearing, good looking. The second is, we buy direct from the makers and thus do away with the middleman's profit—you save that and a little more. These examples:

18c a pair—Boys' and girls' school hose, extra long, fast black, no seams, double knees, heels and toes—values 25c and 30c—specially offered at 40c for three pairs.

15c a pair—Boys' and girls' fast black hose—seamless, narrow and medium ribs—6 to 9½ sizes—unusual good value for 25c a pair.

Fine gauge, extra strong Imported Cotton and Wool Hose, all improved splicings, 25c and 35c a pair.

SPECIAL—Women's fine gauge Black Cotton Hose, no seams, double knees, heels, toes—fast color—extra value—special, a pair.....13c

New Suits for Young Ladies.

It is our custom to provide lavish assortment in suits for choice of Pittsburg's young women, and our variety in Autumn suits is now at its best.

Suits of plain blue and brown cheviot—half and three-quarter length coats, pleated skirts—sizes 14, 16, 18—special price.....$12.50
Suits of blue, dark red and brown wool checks and gray mixtures—semi-fitting coats, pleated skirts—sizes 14, 16, 18 years.....$15.00
Autumn Suits of gray and brown mannish cloths, plain tailored effects, at.....$16.50
Autumn Suits of mixed cheviots, with pleated coats, braided collar and cuffs, pleated skirts—sizes 14, 16, 18 years—at.....$18.00
Complete lines of suits in cheviots, broadcloths, mannish cloths—fine tailoring, newest circular and pleated skirts—range of prices from $25.00 to $60.00.

Toilet Essentials for Collegians and Seminarians.

Young men and young women who are off soon for their schools should include in their outfit these necessities of the toilet. At our Toilet Section there is everything needed. For instance—

Hair Brushes, 50 cts. to $3.00.
Military Hair Brushes, $2.75 to $5.00 a pair.
Shaving Brushes, 25 cts. to $3.00.
Tooth Brushes, 10 cts. to 50 cts.
Soap Boxes, 25 cts. to 75 cts.
Sponge Bags, 25 cts. to $2.00.
Cold Cream, 15 cts. to $1.50 a jar.
Toilet Waters, 25 cts. to $3.50 a bottle.
Smelling Salts, 15 cts. a bottle.
Nail Powder, Polishers and Paste, 15 cts. to 65 cts.
Tooth Powder and Paste, 20 cts. to 65 cts.
Talcum, 15 cts. to 60 cts.
Cuticle Acid, 25 cts.
Soaps, 5 cts. to $2.50 a cake.
Lotions for Tan or Sunburn, 10 cts. to $1.00.
Face Powder, 15 cts. to $1.00 a box.
Water Bottle, 60 cts. to $1.75.
Sachets, 10 cts. to $2.25.
Mouthache Cologne, 25 cts. to $1.00.
Listerine, 25 cts. to 75 cts.
Hair Tonics, 25 cts. to $1.



A Shoe For Men Of Brains | The Carter Shoe | Sole Distributors for Griswold Shoe Parlor, 517 Smithfield St.

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# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Established July 29, 1786.
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.
GENERAL OFFICES,
CORNER WOOD STREET AND OLIVER AVENUE.
EDITORIAL AND MECHANICAL DEPARTMENTS, 221 TO 229 OLIVER AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL GAZETTE, INC'D., Owner and Publisher.
George T. Oliver, President.
George S. Oliver, Vice Pres. and Manager.
David B. Smith, Treasurer.
William S. Scott, Managing Editor.

William R. Rowe, Advertising Manager.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice at Pittsburgh, Pa.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
BELL—Grant 370 (Six Trunk Lines).
P. & A.—Main 1014-1015-1016.

BRANCH OFFICES:
Eastern Office—407-8-9-10 Temple Court New York.
New York News Bureau—Herald Building, Herald Square.
Western Office—Rooms 1210 and 1212 Boyce Building, Chicago, Ill.
Washington (D. C.) News Bureau—Room 10, Postal Telegraph Building.
Philadelphia News Bureau—Press Building, Seventh and Chestnut Streets.
London (England) Office—5 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden.
Atlantic City (N. J.) Office—Bartlett Building.

The Pittsburgh Gazette receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week, as well as the special telegraph and cable news of the New York Herald, and in addition has private wires to its bureaus in New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg.

TERMS:
Daily Edition by carrier in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and surrounding towns for 6 cents a week.
Sunday Edition, 5 cents per copy.
Rates by mail within the United States and Canada, outside of the City of Pittsburgh:
Daily Edition at the rate of $3 00 per year.
Sunday Edition, $2 50 per year.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per month, 50 cents.
Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $5 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.


Monday, September 11, 1905.

There is apparent discrimination between police and firemen in the levy of political assessments in Allegheny. This appears from the letter of a fireman published in yesterday's Gazette. Why it should be so is beyond our correspondent's conception. Why any political assessments should be levied on city employes in Allegheny at this time is somewhat of a mystery. It is not for any legitimate purpose, that is certain. It would be reprehensible in a city campaign and is doubly so under present circumstances.

An Associated Press correspondent who toured the Russian army camps in Manchuria, after peace was assured, reports from Gunshu Pass general satisfaction on the part of the Russian soldiers. They were not wild in their demonstrations, but were pleased at the prospect of returning home. It is likely peace was almost equally welcome to the Japanese who have been in the fighting. A year and a half of bloody warfare goes far to satisfy the most eager for fighting and anti-peace riots are usually confined to noncombatants.

A visit of the British navy to Baltic waters has done much to reconcile Germany to the emperor's policy of naval increase. It is said the appearance of the magnificent British squadron convinced all spectators of the wisdom of having a navy adequate for coast defense, at least, if not for the certain protection of German commerce. In this country, however, there is an element opposed to naval preparation. It is a short-sighted contingent and it would be the first to go into panic if there was an immediate prospect that a navy would be needed for defense.

There are persistent reports of Republican disaffection in the southeast counties of Ohio. There may be something in them. It is certain, however, if the Republicans of that part of Ohio fail to support Myron T. Herrick for governor they will be sorry for it. Gov. Herrick is going to be re-elected. The disaffection will simply measure the possible decrease in his plurality. He has been a good governor. He has enforced the laws as he found them and has lent his influence for good legislation. There is no proper reason why any Republican should fail to vote for him this year.

Quiet has been restored in Tokyo. This indicates the dissatisfaction was not deep-rooted or was based on misapprehension of the actual peace terms. The disburbance was probably mainly due to the "submerged tenth" of Tokyo's population, which is larger and is said to be more miserable than the similar element in other large cities. There has been, however, a protest against the peace terms by persons in high station in Tokyo. This is not unnatural, for the Japanese concessions were very generous and generosity is not as much a national characteristic in Japan as in America.

Yesterday there arrived at New York the first steamer from Hamburg departing from that port after the discovery of cholera there. The steamer is the Moltke and its nearly 400 cabin passengers presented a clean bill of health. It discharged its steerage passengers at Hamburg after the report of the first case of cholera in that city. There is not much likelihood of cholera reaching this country from European ports and there will hardly be any epidemic in the German cities. Even so it is a good thing for every American town to cleanse itself. Cholera is not the only disease that thrives amid filth.

Minister John G. A. Leishman and Tewfik Pasha, Turkish minister for foreign affairs, appear to be no nearer an agreement in the case of Ghirkis Vartanian than in the beginning. The Turkish minister refuses to recognize such a thing as a Turk being a naturalized citizen of America and returned to Turkey, while the American minister stands firmly for the rights of American citizens, in general, under the treaty with Turkey. This treaty does not specifically provide for naturalized citizens, but the American interpretation is that a citizen is a citizen. It may become necessary to arbitrate this question at The Hague, or elsewhere. It is not likely to provoke war and it is not probable the United States will yield any right.

## Mr. Bigelow's Admission.

Director Edward M. Bigelow warned his Citizens party committee on Saturday it is going into the hardest fight in the history of that party. Mr. Bigelow has been long enough in politics to recognize the signs of the times. His Citizens party is running an up-hill race, with a strangling record to worry it at every step. Mr. Bigelow knows it. The Democratic-Citizens ticket, carefully constructed by select committees from back politicians representing hungry political factions, possessed no element to appeal to popular sentiment. Mr. Bigelow recognizes its disadvantage contrasted with the Republican ticket that will come fresh from the hands of the people after direct vote at open primaries.

Mr. Bigelow has helped make the record of shameful violation of pledges that handicaps his party. He knows what it is. Franchises without compensation; increased taxation without corresponding benefits; special favors for machine supporters; political service from public servants; police scandals on both sides of the river; a conspicuous turning down of county officials whose administration has been in the public interest without favor to the new machine. It is a record that would weigh down any party and one that ought to crush a fusion formed in the name of "reform." Mr. Bigelow is wiser than his fellows who affect to treat this monstrous betrayal of public confidence lightly.

## Bryan and 1908.

Is it to be Bryan again in 1908? It looks that way at the present time. The "peerless leader" of two defeats and one interval is more talked of today by what is left of the disorganized Democracy than at any period of his more or less brilliant career. And we may say he has never shown any sign of a lack of confidence and faith in himself. As the editor of The Commoner he is pushing with much zest his propaganda of the primaries, urging all Democrats of "party regularity" to attend all Democratic primaries and see to it that any Democrat who opposed the Chicago and Kansas City platforms is elected to stay at home. But Mr. Bryan is not alone in holding aloft his banner of "true Democratic principles." He is getting much aid and comfort from some of the leaders of the party.

The members of the Democratic national committee are in some instances showing their hands. This is notably the case of Norman E. Mack of the Buffalo Times, who, the other day, in a double-leaded, three column editorial served notice on the Democratic party that it would better nominate a real Democrat for mayor of that city on a platform recognizing the leadership of William J. Bryan. This shows to what effect the blood is coursing through Mr. Mack's veins.

Then there is John T. McGraw, member of the national committee from West Virginia, who is to be one of the speakers at the Jefferson banquet to be held at Chicago, tomorrow. He has by public announcement surcharged the atmosphere of anticipation, declaring he will on that occasion with all the powers of oratory of which he is possessed—and he has a few—insist on the reanointment of Bryan as the only authentic leader of the more or less authentic Democracy. All of this is interesting, and, it might be said, to a certain degree amusing—to those without the exclusive barricade of party regularity that hedges Bryan and his brave band of followers. Mr. Bryan himself is taking things easy, and his comfortable frame of mind over this renewed interest in him is shown by his remark to an inquisitive newspaper man that he "was forty-five, fat, happy and prosperous." He is going to sail for foreign shores soon, but his elation over himself is not altogether due to the prospective pleasures of that voyage. He evidently sees signs of a revival of his "lost cause," and that is mainly the reason for his expansive smiles these days. There is one fly in the ointment of his happiness, Henry Watterson, who sees the struggle ahead with Bryan at the fore, and who predicts a breach in 1908 in Democratic ranks quite as wide and ragged as the one which in 1896 marred the party's looks.

## Appreciation of the Sunflower.

There is another story to tell of the sunflower, which was despised and indicted by a Kansas City, Missouri, court as a weed, casting it into the outer darkness of the flora of that community. To Kansas the sunflower is the rose of Sharon and the lily of the valley, and, as has been said before in these columns, is the official flower of that state. It was little matter to the offended pride of Kansas that the supreme court of Missouri had given a contrary decision to the lower bench of Kansas City. The pride of Kansas had been touched to the quick. The ex-foliating flower that always turned its face to the sun had been maligned, and it did not take long for some genius to produce some Homeric lines that are epical in phrase and sonorous beauty, which are embalmed in the memories of those who heard the old-time minstrels chant in antiphonal measure those seductive words:

I feel just as happy as a big sunflower
That nods and bends in the breezes,
And my heart's as light as the wind that blows
The leaves from off the treeses.

This emotional verbiage comes as near the flights of fancy of Scott's "Lay of the Last Minstrel" as anything we know that has jimmied the door to the Hall of Fame. The sunflower has been vindicated, more than that it has, as we have shown, been indorsed in verse, and that is more honor than ever fell to the obnoxious jimson weed of Missouri. No lyre was ever attuned to sing the praises of the jimson, which as a corpulent authority states, is "indigent to the soil" of that commonwealth.

But there are other uses of the sunflower besides its stately floral pulchritude. It has its economy in the common, everyday commerce as well as its decorative qualities in the perspective of the background. This is proven by the statement that the sunflower is cultivated in Indiana, and that a respectable community in Clark county, that state, obtains a goodly income by turning the seed into "olive oil." It is a sure crop—surer than corn, for

Hot suns cannot scorch nor cool nights
Impair its infinite variety of growth.

So we have the vindication of Kansas' judgment in clear and corroborative citations that the sunflower has its uses as well as its abuses. In this triumph forgotten are the failures of other things and persons peculiar to Kansas. Out of her long suffering she emerges resplendent and smiling as the flower of her adoption that

"Nods and bends in the breezes."

## Republican Tariff Revision.

While the Washington Star commends The Gazette's suggestion for a Republican protection revision of the tariff it takes exception to the idea of then letting it alone for 10 years. "The Dingley law," it says, "outgrew itself in less than five years. It was enacted in 1897 and in the fall of 1901 Mr. McKinley, in his Buffalo speech, declared for a limited revision." The Gazette was not unmindful of President McKinley's speech, or of other demands for revision when it said the tariff should be revised now and then let alone for 10 years. That is an approximate period. A good tariff law ought to last about that long. The Dingley law will be in force nine years before another can take its place and they have been years of unexampled prosperity. No interest has suffered from its continuance and revision is now expedient rather than necessary.

Events have shown Senator M. A. Hanna to have been wiser than President McKinley in 1901. Mr. Hanna viewed the question from a business man's standpoint; Mr. McKinley took the view of a man in politics. If they were living we believe both would take, from their differing points of view, the position taken by The Gazette. There are political reasons why there should be revision and there is no good business reason in opposition. There is no possible danger at this time of the stagnation of business by discussion of the tariff, or by revision at the capable hands of Joseph G. Cannon, Sereno E. Payne, John Dalzell and Charles H. Grosvenor. There is no danger in the kind of revision The Gazette desires to see made. On the contrary, such revision will remove the danger of revision in a different spirit for the next 10 years.

There are demands from various quarters for tariff revision of another kind. There is the old Democratic free trade folly. Rather than that The Gazette would say "stand pat" forever. There are the special "ideas" advocating free trade in a few competitive commodities. The Gazette has no sympathy with them. It would not tear down one man's house to build up the house of another. The revision that should be made by the Fifty-ninth congress is one that will continue to amply protect every American industry, but which will reduce schedules that are much higher than necessary. Those schedules give an appearance of excessive duties, though they may not operate to the injury of anyone, and supply an argument to the enemies of protection.

Director Bigelow has taken no backward step in his one commendable policy—that of installing meters—and if the controller will confine his efforts to seeing that no excessive price is paid for the work he will fulfill his official function.

The esteemed Philadelphia Press is somewhat worried by the negligence of the register assessors in Allegheny county. The facts do not agree with its theories on the subject and the Press does not want to alter the theories.

Fayette county persists in its desire to have a governor, and as it presents the desire in the attractive form of J. V. Thompson it is a laudable ambition.

Anthracite coal operators are accumulating stocks and some people fear this means a strike. It is more likely the operators' method for avoiding one.

No explanation has yet been made of the omission of the name of James A. Clark from Chairman Woods' galaxy of faithful public servants.

John T. McGraw of Grafton is going to boom Bryan. No more Uncle Gassaway and "reorganization" for him.

In China it is good manners to be inquisitive, so Miss Roosevelt may inquire: "How old is Tsi An?"

Every fireman in Allegheny has been compelled to turn in his "voluntary" contribution of $10 75.

How long will the director of public safety keep secret the name of the successful fender?

Mayor Hays needn't attend the annual gathering at Marshalsea, if he doesn't like it.

Apparently the Chinese boycott is fading before the genial smile of Secretary Taft.

In its momentary confusion the Post now claims to be a protectionist, too.

Tokyo has subsided. The rioting is over. And there has been no loot.

President Roosevelt, too, will soon be ending his "happy vacation days."

Now what is the record of Berry? What public service has he performed?

Choleraless Hamburg liners are arriving in New York.

# A PREACHMENT BY THE QUIET OBSERVER

### Bearing on the Joyous Fact That Some Good People Are Still Living.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

The good people are not all dead. This will hardly be news to you since you know that you are still living.

Were you to listen only to the sighing and sorrowing of those gathered at the various wailing places you might be driven to conclude that of all the good people who once lived there is only one left, and you are it.

Fortunately, you don't have to listen alone to the uncanny boo-hooing of the owl, nor to the mournful wailing of the turtledove, nor to the ghostly honk of the wild goose, but may hear all around and about the gladsome, cheery songs of ever so many birds—birds that are glad they are alive, and that you are alive.

But, really, are the birds glad you are alive, and are you glad that they are alive? Or do you prefer dead birds, or have you a greater fancy for their skins to wear on your hat than for their songs to wear in your heart?

Just how a sweet, gentle-hearted, lovable girl, can wear a dead and dried bird on her hat is not quite clear.

Or, does she?

Must there not be a touch of the savage in her, a little trace of her blood-thirsty ancestors, or something suggestive of the barbarous in her make-up?

But, thank heaven, the good people, and kind, and generous, are not all dead.

* * *

Do you wear a dead sea-gull on your hat? If so, sit down in the quiet with it in your lap and ask it to tell you the story of its life, its death, and its coming to you.

It will tell you if you will be real quiet, and gently stroke its soft, white feathers, and look into its dead, ruby eyes.

You may not, you will not, hear the touching and maybe thrilling story with your ears, but you will hear the story the same as God hears yours when all is dark and still.

Or, maybe, you fancy bright colors and wear an oriole, a lapwing or a saucy jaybird.

But no matter what its species or name, ask it, and it will tell—tell you how happily it lived, how gleefully it welcomed the morning, and how gladsomely it followed the receding snow and ice to cheer you with the welcome song of spring, and how a man with a gun and a bloody game bag, came one day and killed it.

* * *

Are you not most thankful that all the good people are not dead?

There is so much left for them to do before this earth becomes a paradise that, really, they can't be spared just yet.

Good people—God's people—are to make it possible for all of God's creatures to live in peace and comfort, to give a cup of water to the thirsty, and bits of bread to the hungry, a resting place to the weary, to banish hate, to subdue selfishness and to establish the standard of charity, that charity which is love.

Good people show forth their love for God by loving His creatures; not only the creature man, but every creature made and ordained to a place of usefulness in the world in which we live.

Were it not for the good people who are left among us life would hardly be worth living.

* * *

Mr. Quiet Observer—Apropos of your recent quotation, "I would not enter on my list of friends the man who needlessly sets foot upon a worm," I should like to shake hands with you, thank you in behalf of the dumb creatures you include in your plea for water and beg you will continue to pelt us with observations on that subject until this disgracefully dry city has awakened to its shortcomings and provided drinking places for man and beast.

It is time someone aroused for bad as conditions are, we are retrograding. The much-used fountain at the junction of Penn and Butler, which disappeared years ago, has this year been followed into oblivion by one in the West End at Main and Wabash, and by the trough at the foot of Penn. I have waited for street cars at all these points and watched horses (no provision was made for smaller animals) drink and drink as though they could never stop, and now this scanty relief to drivers and driven is denied them because it "congested traffic," naturally, with none other in sight for miles of streets and thousands of horses.

You are right, there should be a drinking place at every square and at every schoolhouse, but, oh, Mr. Observer, you never meant it when you said at the churches also. Think of those magnificent edifices, conservers of all that is noblest in architecture, with a string of weary, sweltering, too often sore-shouldered teams about their curbstones. And imagine the protest of dainty feet, eyes and olfactories against such desecration.

But the schools would be ideal places for our drinking fountains. Children are not often overly fastidious, and what object lessons they would receive in the necessities of and care due the kindly creatures they are generally glad to make friends of.

Maybe it is for lack of some such lessons that no friend of animals can go along the streets today and not be agonized by the sight of wretched horses slowly starving to death in refuse wagons, or being unmercifully beaten for not being able to pull impossible loads, and so on indefinitely, the possibilities for animal torture in the hands of human brutes being almost endless.

One is impelled to rush frantically home, ostrich-like, to hide one's head from the sight of so much misery, and to pray that another Harriet Beecher Stowe be raised up to cry shame upon the un-Christian like treatment of these our present-day slaves.

Only, such an impulse is unheroic as well as idiotic, though scarcely inexcusable in view of the apparently utter hopelessness of it all. Even nature arrayed on the side of cruelty, and the multitude serenely unconcerned, when the wonder is a single person can escape the desperation begotten by the cognizance:

"How lizard fed on ant and snake on him.
The shrike chasing the bulbul, which in turn did chase
The jeweled butterflies; till everywhere
Each slew a slayer and in turn was slain,
Life living upon death."

Only they don't cognize, that is what is the matter.

So, is it any wonder, when one finds in one's morning paper of late, an occasional column devoted to such matters and recalls a less recent, excellent one on the protection of birds and another on the care of animals?

I also recall the fact that they failed to elicit letters from the public, as is not the case when kissing, marrying and so on, are discussed. At least none was published, but that of the dear woman pitying the mules. That one is encouraged to take heart, unbury one's old ostrich head and urge, with fearful tax upon your time and patience, I know, Mr. Observer, that you will not fail to notify us should you discern any light ahead any way likely to lead us to better conditions for the creatures God has made dumb, and man made helpless by domesticating them for his use and abuse.

I wonder if you are saying, Have ye not with ye, arranged on the side of humanity, not only the church to preach it, but the Humane society to enforce it, at least so far, according to its own statements? [illegible] quoted lately in one of your columns [illegible] public will permit by furnishing [illegible] therewith.

S. M.

# FAST MOTOR BOATS OUT FOR HONORS

### Three Days' Racing Scheduled for This Week on the Hudson. Gossip of Gotham.

By FRANK A. PARKER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The chief sporting event of the coming week, from the standpoint of the amateur, will be the motor boat races on the Hudson. Light, powerful and well-groomed little boats of all types, traveling at record speed, will be in evidence on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, and they will contest for the international, national and other championships. Almost 40 boats have been named to start in the various classes, more than ever before were gathered together in a similar event, and the entry list shows that the cream of the speed boats will strive for silver trophies and other honors of the big tournament. The racing will start at a point opposite West Ninety-seventh street, beginning at 10 o'clock each morning. On Thursday there will be races of cruising boats and open launches, with high speed boats in the afternoon. On Friday will come the long-distance race to Poughkeepsie and return, and on Saturday there will be races in all divisions.

Among those who have accepted invitations to view the races are Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coughlin, Gen. Frederick D. Grant, Gen. J. S. Wade and Mayor McClellan.

A number of Pittsburghers who have summer homes along the waters of New York state and New England are owners of these high class little boats, and are greatly interested in the sport. The wonder is that something of the sort is not to be had around Pittsburgh, where the three rivers are ideal for motor boating! These little boats do not draw a great deal of water, and there would never be a time when it would not be possible to drive them at high speed up and down the beautiful Allegheny and Monongahela. Notwithstanding what people in this section of the world may say to the contrary, not even the Hudson has more magnificent scenery than some spots along those two rivers that help to make Pittsburgh famous.

## New Candidate for Fusion Ticket.

The latest name mentioned by those who are trying to pick a man to run for mayor on the fusion ticket is that of Charles E. Hughes, who is the inquisitor in the insurance investigation. Mr. Hughes has thus early in the investigation shown that he knows how to learn things that some other people would be as well satisfied to keep hidden. His strength of purpose is therefore beyond question and he would seem to be just the sort of man needed to carry the fusion ticket to victory. Another thing in his favor is the fact that he has never mixed much in politics. The committee seeking the right man is looking for a Democrat. Mr. Hughes does not fill the bill in this particular, but he is called an independent Republican, and that removes him from the list of "party men." Since the idea is to pass by all the party men, Mr. Hughes would seem to fill the bill completely.

## Practices Her Own Theories.

Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay has shown that she was not preaching something for others to practice when she was running for the office of school trustee at Roslyn, L. I., a few weeks ago. She has announced that her little daughter Katherine, aged 8, shall hereafter attend the public schools. Heretofore this little girl has been attended by a governess and tutor, but now she will take her place among the children of her home village. When Mrs. Mackay was running for office she announced that she believes it "better for people to spend their money in helping to improve the public schools than upon private schools, automobiles or private yachts." No one then thought that she would send her little daughter to the public schools, but she has shown that she is a real believer in the democracy she preaches.

## Beware of the Button.

Harry J. Rockefeller, who runs a hotel at Asbury Park, will have less faith in secret society emblems hereafter. He has just paid the penalty of his confidence in his brethren by paying a fine for selling liquor to a stranger. The stranger happened to wear a button of a secret society of which Rockefeller was a member. He got his drink. Later it developed that the man was a detective, and he placed his host under arrest.

## More Kicks on "L" Trains.

Soon after the subway was opened the up-town New Yorkers, which includes every one who lives above Ninety-sixth street, felt quite pleased because they could usually get a seat, neither on the "L" or in the underground, at any time. Now they are beginning their "kicks" all over again. The moment business dropped off a little, at least enough to make it noticeable, the Interborough took off a number of trains, and there is now the same crowding as of old. It wouldn't be so bad if everybody didn't know that there are trains lying idle every day when the rush hours come, while people are compelled to stand for the same old conditions. This is explained by the fact that it is the "strapholder" who makes the dividends for the stockholder.

## Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels:

**Waldorf-Astoria.**
J. W. Rhodes.
C. E. Pope.
Miss K. J. Black.
D. P. Black.
Mrs. Black.

**Holland.**
F. L. Slocum.
H. Shute.
C. O. Tug.
Miss E. Slack.
Miss M. Slack.
J. D. McKee.

**Fifth Avenue.**
P. C. Murphy.
Mrs. Murphy.
L. L. Long.
Mrs. J. F. Gleditsch.

**Imperial.**
M. Forst.
A. S. Miller.
J. Saffel.
E. S. Craig.
J. R. Hoag.
S. L. Mitchell.
C. Cappel.
S. J. Eagle.

**Herald Square.**
Miss E. Hartman.
A. M. Ingbert.
Mrs. Mather.
T. A. Marter.
H. C. Allen.
P. B. Eyler.

**Sinclair.**
D. Ogilvie.
J. Ogilvie.
Mrs. Ogilvie.
F. W. Ray.

**Broadway Central.**
E. A. Black.
O. R. Rued.
A. J. Scoven.
L. Russell.
R. A. Wilkerson.
Mrs. I. B. Smith.

**Grand.**
F. C. Waddell.
F. L. Gallett.
Miss Wells.

**Continental.**
S. P. Wilbur.
J. W. Hilger.
T. Wright.
W. G. Yoke.
W. E. F. Inmass.
J. F. McKean.
A. J. Evans.

**Lincoln.**
G. F. Hitchens.
M. Hitzeh.
C. H. Kennedy.
J. Scannell.
E. J. Allen.
D. H. Brobit.

**Astor House.**
E. Scott.
F. L. Kable.

**Victoria.**
Miss E. E. Hunter.
A. Meyer.
E. B. Fox.

**Earlington.**
L. Ostheim.
R. E. Hartman.

**Gilsey.**
J. K. Bishop.
Mrs. Bishop.

**New Amsterdam.**
A. A. Cahill.
J. B. Grigg.

**Ashland.**
Mrs. W. Bradley.

**Bartholdi.**
T. W. Dana.
J. K. Scott.
E. H. Bowman.

**St. Denis.**
Mrs. F. C. Smith.
A. Leonard.
Mrs. Leonard.

**Churchill.**
J. A. Fattes.

**Kensington.**
Miss M. McTier.
J. E. Dunn.

**Grand Union.**
H. Flinn.

**Marlborough.**
I. T. Weill.
W. J. Stoop.

**Criterion.**
O. De Forest.

**Navarre.**
N. Eiseman.

**York.**
R. H. Baughman.

**Park Avenue.**
W. V. Hamilton.
J. Q. H. Smith.
Mrs. Smith.
Mrs. J. W. Mason.

**Netherland.**
W. Rosenbaum.

**Hotel Astor.**
F. Inasmuth.
W. O. Edwards.
A. T. Gillespie.
P. E. Stanley.
F. N. McGrew.
E. B. Weller.

**Manhattan.**
K. E. Morgan.
A. K. Morgan.
C. P. Lord.
W. Ables.

**Murray Hill.**
Mrs. E. Mills.

**Martha Washington.**
N. R. Sibley.

# IN DARKEST TOKYO WHERE MOBS GROW

### Slums of Mikado's Capital, in Which 500,000 Poor Live in Abject Squalor.

It is strange to picture Tokyo, the capital of the mikado, in the clutches of a mob. From the day the war began the world has been fed with stories of the patient endurance of a simple, law-respecting people, who loved their emperor and who submitted to his every word, says a recent writer.

The cable dispatches now reveal Tokyo in a new light. They lift the curtain on a new and strange Tokyo—a Tokyo that the world has not suspected.

It is well that the truth is known. In no capital of the world does the plummet sound deeper in the ocean of poverty, wretchedness and human woe than in Tokyo. London with its "submerged tenth"—Paris with its sewers peopled with vicious, half-fed humanity—the groveling Russians of Gorky's night refuges—fail to equal the absolute wretchedness of the slums of Tokyo, where live half a million or more of the starved subjects of the son of heaven—too poor to own even the rags they wear.

### Too Poor to Eat Rice.

In Tokyo not fewer than 200,000 people seldom, if ever, know of a certainty where the necessities of the next day will come from, and throughout the land the great majority are too poor to eat rice. The high grade rice grown in the islands is exported almost to the last sack, and inferior rice imported for those who can afford it. Rice is not in every bowl as the tourists fondly imagine. A recent visitor to Tokyo writes:

"I have spent days and nights in the midst of this inexpressible residue of Japan in company with a brilliant native sociologist who, like scores of his fellow students of men and things, believes that Japan has left its good days of general happiness and general comfort forever behind and is entering upon a sordid and merciless age of industrialism, to which its people are not fitted by temperament to compete, and whose proletariat is, moreover, far too intelligent and too proud to be exploited by capital. He is crying out a warning to Japan that her seat at the council table of the powers is being paid for in the blood of her citizens, not expended as they would pour it forth cheerfully in war, but in factory and on farm, in shop and in office.

"'Think for a moment,' he cried last week as we looked at a Japanese battleship in the offing, 'what a multitude of our tiny rice fields it takes to support such a monster, and then remember that our people can't afford to eat rice!'

### In Darkest Tokyo.

"But whether the last state of Japan be worse than her first, let us proceed to Darkest Tokyo. We will visit the Shitaya quarter, which is close by the beautiful Ueno park.

"Tokyo is so vast, it is such an immense sea of sheds, that from the highest point on the clearest day one can see but a fraction of its area—but here are 15 districts of mean streets. The crazy structures called houses, which are in reality sheds, are strung along in a series of dilapidated and filthy compartments. To folk as poor as those who live here, cleanliness, so dear to the average Japanese that it is above godliness, is out of the question.

"The walls are decayed and full of crevices and cracks, and roof leaks, and there is moss and broken tiles, the shoji are full of holes or patched with newspapers, the mats are ragged, dirty and moldy. There is foul water in the streets and a still fouler stench in the air, whose source is often visible to the eye. Frequently one sees dead rats in the roadway, but for fear of the plague they are quickly made away with. After coming from the daintiness and delightful artistry of well-to-do Tokyo, Shitaya is the abomination of desolation.

"The most tumble down of these abodes may be rented for from 45 cents to 50 cents per month, but there are houses so fine that they cost as high as 2 cents, or even 4 cents, a day. To afford one of these expensive residences several families club together, not alone for economy, but also for warmth, in winter, all hands crowding together on the mats. Charcoal is not always to be afforded, and heat is a great luxury these cold days. A whole block will sometimes take turns in warming hands at a hibachi, wherein a few chunks of charcoal smolder in a bed of ashes.

### How Some of Them Live.

"Suppose a pipecleaner has had a good day, and returns to his home with, say, 12 cents. He will expend this in farthing purchases of miso, a kind of soup stock, oil, fuel, tobacco, and perhaps a little fish, which, if he feels reckless, he will eat raw with horseradish. He buys in driblets, and like the poor in all the cities of the world, pays enormous prices. This has been a good day, and perhaps he will peep in at one of the tempting cake shops, which smell so fragrant to the weary and hopeless. However, he will be, in all likelihood, 'broke' by this time, and will content himself with listening to a story teller relating the ancient glories of Dai Nippon.

"Had our pipecleaner returned empty-handed he would have hurried to the pawnbroker, always near at hand, and raised a few farthings on his precious brass pipe, his hibachi, or his few poor garments not in actual use. With the money he would have purchased fish entrails or the offal from horses used for food, and perhaps a handful of scraps from a garbage barrel. With these he would have feasted with his family and with them prayed that the gods would give him a better day tomorrow, so that he might reclaim his goods.

"The pawnbrokers fatten on these wretches as in no other land. It is impossible to escape them, and they never relent. Anything that costs about 10 cents can be pawned.

### Ghastly Tragedy of Winter.

"Until midwinter one can exist in Shitaya without bedclothing, but when the nights get cold, with the fearful piercing frost of a Japanese winter, some covering must be had. Now appears another plunderer of the poor in the guise of the capitalist who rents quilts by the night. He charges, and invariably collects, from 1 farthing for a shred of dirty, patched old rag to a penny or even 4 cents for a foul but hearty covering. Then, too, there are frayed silk quilts for bridal couples, but these are too costly to be rented by many bridegrooms.

"Rent must be paid in advance, and before the family go to sleep the collector comes and gets either the money or the quilt. With a refinement of cruelty he does not appear until the lessee has turned in, and the loss of his coveted quilt will be doubly felt. There are heartrending scenes when the penniless mothers strive to hold the quilt to protect their babes from the chill and damp. Like the pawnbroker and the money lender, the quilt lender is flinty-hearted.

"Few of the inhabitants of Shitaya ever get enough money ahead to buy bedclothing, and the ghastly tragedy of renting is re-enacted again and again for winter after winter. Where there are so many children having but a few cotton rags, the winter means acute misery.

"Nothing that was ever edible can become too bad for the poor to eat. From this and similar quarters the scavengers go forth daily searching for food, and they raise the city as with a comb. Back they come at night laden with bad roe, decayed fish and meat, scraps from slop barrels, broken food from restaurants, and all manner of queer odds and ends.

"This second-hand food business has an extensive language of its own, with special terms for every kind and condition of edible junk that is wholly unintelligible to the uninitiated, and few there are who care to learn the language of the freezing and starving who rent rags and dine on offal.

"Poverty has its ultimate expression here—its last word."

# STORIES FOUND IN THE LOBBIES

### Interesting Happenings to the People Who Are Traveling.

**Doubles Fool McCray.**

Special Officer Charles McCray of Union station, has come to the conclusion that when two people in one family resemble one another so closely that even their friends mistake them for each other, it is bordering on the criminal for them to dress exactly alike. Although he has hundreds of people to deal with every day at the station, he got tangled in a case of mistaken identity last evening, and after thinking the matter over delivered himself of his opinion. Since the order was issued some day ago to clear away the old crowd of loiterers on the approach to the station the rail has been kept clear of loafers. Last evening McCray saw his ears down the walk and there, sure enough, was a man leaning on the rail. McCray quickly reached the stranger, took in his appearance, and told him it was against the rules of the railroad for people to stand against the rail. The man explained he had an appointment and as he was doing no harm he did not see what objection the officer could have. McCray insisted that the man get away from the rail and the stranger walked away. About 15 minutes later McCray looked down the walk and his blood began to get up, for the same man had apparently gone back to his old place as soon as the officer's back was turned. When McCray reached the man's side he told him there was to be no argument about the matter, but to move on. The man was greatly surprised and started to say he had an appointment and then McCray took him by the arm to force him to move on. Just as the stranger was beginning to get angry he happened to look up toward the station. He laughed and told the officer to look and McCray willed, for the exact duplicate of the man he was talking to was standing along the curb driveway. The man then explained the other was his brother and as they are often taken for each other he asked the officer's pardon for losing his temper, and calling to the other the brothers walked away together, while McCray said things to himself.

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**B. & O. Officers on the Move.**

The Baltimore & Ohio officials are keeping on the go continually just now in order to keep the system in excellent shape for the heavy traffic and to have the roadway and construction in the best possible condition for the winter. Chief Engineer D. D. Carothers of Baltimore, who spent a couple of days here last week and went to Cincinnati last Wednesday to consider matters in connection with the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern, of which also he is chief engineer, passed through Pittsburgh last evening on the Chicago Limited. He had returned to Baltimore for a day and started yesterday morning to look into conditions of the work on the line between Pittsburgh and Chicago. Chief Engineer Maintenance of Way J. B. Dickson, who has been looking into maintenance affairs on the lines west and enjoying an outing trip with his family, passed through Pittsburgh on train No. 10 last night. Attached to the same train for Baltimore was the private car of Col. Robert Finney, general superintendent of the Pittsburgh system, who is going to Baltimore to confer with General Manager Thomas Fitzgerald and other operating officers today.

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**Hold Big Excursions.**

Although the summer has about gone, people are still keeping the railroads busy with their Sunday excursions to towns near Pittsburgh. The Baltimore & Ohio brought about 1,200 people to Pittsburgh yesterday from Cumberland, Md.; Morgantown, Kenova and Parkersburg, W. Va., and towns south of the latter place. The regular excursions to Ohio Pyle, Wheeling, W. Va. and Washington, Pa., were run and took out about 500 people. The Wabash railroad also took about 200 excursionists to Wheeling during the day.

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**Patrons Greatly Pleased.**

Patrons of the Hotel Lincoln dining-room were delightfully entertained at dinner last evening by Liguoto's Neapolitan orchestra and Pasquale Di Rosse, who furnished several solos. The applause was very spirited and both the orchestra and soloist gave several encores. The orchestra played "Old Black Joe," with variations, and it proved to be the hit of the evening.

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**People Who Are Traveling.**

Brig. Gen. J. P. S. Gobin of the Third brigade, National Guard of Pennsylvania, arrived in Pittsburgh last evening and is stopping at the Hotel Duquesne.

D. W. Carothers, chief engineer of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, passed through Pittsburgh on his way from Baltimore to Chicago last night.

Robert Finney, general superintendent of the Baltimore & Ohio road in Pittsburgh, went to Baltimore last night.

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**Arrivals at the Hotels.**

**Duquesne**—William Smith, Phoenixville; J. R. Ennis, Sistersville, W. Va.; B. C. Dent, Wheeling, W. Va.; Edward G. Eagerton, Phoenixville.

**Seventh Avenue**—L. W. Mack, Waynesburg; R. B. Anderson, Illinois City; P. J. Ashworth, Gallipolis, O.; W. S. Bedell, Clairton; G. W. McCullough, Waynesburg.

**Lincoln**—L. B. Hogan, Morgantown, W. Va.; D. L. Boyd, Butler.

**Boyer**—C. L. Ware, Brookville; W. H. Weid, Ames, W. Va.; J. W. Jones, Steubenville; J. T. Flatterburg, New Cumberland, W. Va.; W. D. Elliott, Waynesburg.

**Colonial**—S. S. Auslander, Uniontown; R. J. Priester, Wellsburg, W. Va.

**Monongahela**—P. H. Faulkner, Rhodesville; J. T. Hawks, Meadville; W. W. Jackson and J. A. Suttree, Parkersburg, W. Va.

**Griswold**—R. M. Brown, Monessen; N. J. Gleason, Reynoldsville; W. C. McNutt, New Bethlehem.

**Henry**—M. B. Pringle, Rochester; E. L. Denny, Waynesburg; G. F. Danielson, Youngstown, O.; C. A. Martin, Edwood City.

**Newell's**—S. C. Pumphrey, Dayton, O.; H. D. Atha, Mannington, W. Va.; W. G. Ransom, Wheeling, W. Va.

**Anther**—H. Klein, Uniontown; W. R. Harris, New Brighton; R. E. Pennypacker, Dayton, O.; R. McMillan, Erie; H. A. Porterfield, Akron, O.

## "The State of Allegheny."

In 1904 there were 41 completed blast furnaces in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, of which 40 were active in that year, and 64 rolling mills and steel works. In 1904 Allegheny county produced more pig iron and rolled more iron and steel than the remainder of Pennsylvania, and it also rolled more iron and steel than the total product of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. In the same year it made over 25.5 per cent of the country's total production of pig iron, over 25.6 per cent of our total production of Bessemer steel, over 45.2 per cent of

# WANT O'DONNELL NAMED AGAIN

Special Deputy Factory Inspector Tells United Labor League That He Is Discharged.

RESOLUTIONS COMMEND HIM

Hugh O'Donnell spoke to the United Labor league last night on the conditions in the sweatshops and tenements, conditions which Mr. O'Donnell, as special deputy factory inspector uncovered. In the course of his talk Mr. O'Donnell said that Capt. J. C. Delaney, the state chief factory inspector, had dismissed him from the service.

At the close of Mr. O'Donnell's speech P. W. Gilfoyle, H. W. Legleitner, George J. Churchill, William Boate and Joseph L. Evans were appointed a committee and presented the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, We regret to learn that Hugh O'Donnell has been removed from his position as special factory inspector and it appears to us, from all the information available, that this is the result of his strict adherence to the enforcement of the law, in pursuance of direct and explicit instructions from Captain J. C. Delaney, chief factory inspector of the commonwealth; and,

Whereas, We believe that said removal will greatly hamper and embarass the good work already commenced in this community therefore, be it

Resolved, By the United Labor league of Western Pennsylvania, that we most urgently request Captain Delaney to reinstate Hugh O'Donnell in his position of special factory inspector, as we believe it imperative that the foul conditions in the factories in this community which have been spread broadcast through the agency of the press shall be remedied at as early a date as possible; and

Resolved, That we invite the co-operation of all other labor organizations, central and local, as well as all organizations of both sexes which have for their object the betterment of the conditions of all humanity.

In his talk Mr. O'Donnell went over the ground he has already covered in addresses to gatherings of ministers and of women and said he thought it time union workingmen did something to ameliorate the conditions under which the sweatshop workers labor and to put a stop to violations of the law practiced by some factories. He paid a compliment to Pittsburgh manfacturers by saying they welcomed inspection of their plants and suggestions of methods of complying with the factory laws. A few left-handed compliments were dealt out to the local health bureau and its superintendent, G. W. Moore. Mr. O'Donnell said that Superintendent of Detectives Thomas A. McQuaide was doing all he could do to put a stop to the white slave traffic in the hill district.

The United Labor league unanimously tendered votes of thanks to Mr. O'Donnell for the work he had done and to the press of Pittsburgh for the aid it had given him.

## BELITTLES PRESIDENT'S PEACE-MAKING EFFORTS

Episcopal Rector Says America Might Have Ended War Before Sickening Loss of Life Occurred.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Preaching on the subject of war and peace, with direct reference to the treaty of Portsmouth, the Rev. Dr. John H. Mellish, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn Heights, declared today the time is opportune for the United States to call the nations together for a conference that shall have for its object permanent disarmament and universal amity. He said:

"Because of the president of the United States, supported, no doubt, by the chief magistrates of other nations, peace has been declared at Portsmouth and the war is ended, we are congratulating ourselves for the part we took in persuading the combatants to lay down their arms, but why should we? Why should not America and her sister nations have done before what has been accomplished now? Why did they not do it before the world sickened at the report of the massacre?

"The world wanted war. Did the president of the United States interfere? No. Did any other nation? No. They wanted war. Instead of congratulating ourselves on the part we played, rather let us be ashamed we never realized our duty until the world was sickened by the reports from Manchuria, and had floated all the bonds that could be floated."

## BRYAN AS A PHILANTHROPIST.

Ex-Candidate Gives Away All His Fees as Executor of the Will of Philo S. Bennett.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—William J. Bryan has divided all of the fee allowed him as executor of the will of Philo S. Bennett according to a letter sent here by him to a friend, among interests not personal. He was allowed $2,500 out of which he has expended about $1,400 to meet the inheritance tax; $200 for a bust of Mr. Bennett to be placed in the Salem (Ill.) public library and about $400 will be sent to the Rev. Alexander F. Irvine for the education of his two sons.

The remainder went for lawyers' fees. Mr. Irvine conducted the funeral services of Mr. Bennett and was his friend in life.

### Discovers New Alloy.

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Years of unceasing toil has brought to Z. F. Vaughn of this city the secret of tempering gold, silver and copper to a consistency of fine steel, making springs, knives and needles of them. A company has been formed to manufacture surgical instruments from pure gold.

# HUMAN CATAPULT HURLS HIS LITTLE ONES AT POLICEMEN

Chased by Officers for Stabbing a Man, Father Uses Wee Girls as Missiles, Then Blows Brains Out as Pursuers Enter.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—Acting as a human catapult, Frank Wurm at midnight last night hurled his two little children from a window at officers who were besieging his home. Unable to inflict injury on his foes in this manner, Wurm fired four shots at them, and then blew his brains out. Previously he had stabbed Peter Meyer in a fight in a saloon.

Detectives Franzen, Rinderer and Finan were sent to the house. Mounting to the second floor, where Wurm lived, they demanded admittance, only to be met by a barred door. Wurm threatened to kill any person who forced an entrance. As the detectives returned to the street for a parley, Policeman Donohue appeared and declared he would break down the door.

As he went up the steps Wurm opened a window and hurled Edna, his daughter, 3 years old, at the men. An instant later the form of Rosie, 4 years old, came hurling through the air. Both children were caught in the arms of the officers and were not injured.

By the time Donohue was beating at the door of the flat Wurm shouted that he would shoot if the pounding did not cease.

Before they could regain their balance four shots sped from Wurm's weapon, but all went wild. Then in the instant that passed before the officers could leap across the little room Wurm placed the revolver to his head and sent a bullet through his head. He fell at the feet of his antogonists and died instantly.

# NEWPORT CELEBRATES HER OLD HOME WEEK

United States Coast Squadron Participates—Baron Kaneko Sends Grateful Letter.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 10.—The coast squadron of the North Atlantic fleet, in command of Rear Admiral Francis W. Dickins, consisting of the flagship Texas and the monitors Nevada, Arkansas and Florida, arrived here today to participate in the "Old Home Week" exercises, which began tonight with special services in all the churches. The city is thronged with visitors.

The chief feature tonight was a special service in the First Baptist church. The soldiers, marines and bluejackets from the forts, training and torpedo stations were in attendance. The sermon was preached by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Edward A. Johnson, whose theme was "Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry, Rhode Island's Gallant Son, and His Victory of Lake Erie." Special seats were reserved for Perry Belmont, a descendant of the commodore, and Mrs. Belmont.

Mr. Belmont today made public a letter sent to him by Baron Kaneko, who was unable to accept an invitation to be present at the celebration of "Perry day" tomorrow. Baron Kaneko wrote:

"You know what a keen interest the Japanese people always take in whatever is connected with Commodore Perry, whose memorable service has so closely cemented the friendly relations between this great republic and Japan, and particularly you know what a unique privilege I had in connection with the monument which was erected at Kurihama in token of our grateful appreciation of the commodore's services to our empire. Therefore, you can well imagine my genuine disappointment when I found that the engagement at Oyster Bay prevents me from having the pleasure to accept the invitation."

## AUTHOR OF "MRS. WIGGS" ORGANIZES NATIONAL BANK

Mrs. Alice Hegan Rice Makes Her Debut in the Financial World at Louisville, Ky.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sept. 10.—Mrs. Alice Hegan Rice, author of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," and other stories, has made her debut in the commercial world by organizing here a new national bank with a capital stock of $250,000. Associated with her in the enterprise is her husband, Cale Young Rice, W. O. Head and L. M. Rice, all of whom are well known in this city. About half of the capital stock has been subscribed, it being understood that Mrs. Rice is at present the largest holder.

It is expected that the details of the organization will be completed this week, following which formal application to the comptroller of the currency for a charter will be made.

Just what position Mrs. Rice will hold in the new financial concern has not been decided, though it is said that she will be given some responsible post.

## FOR THE STATE POLICE.

Headquarters Are Opened for Examination of Applicants Who Desire Position on Force.

WILLIAMSPORT, Sept. 10.—Dr. Francis D. Patterson of Philadelphia, surgeon of the state police, and John H. Clarke, chief clerk of that department, arrived here today and established headquarters at the Undegraff hotel, where they will hold examinations for applicants for the state police force until 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Examinations will also be made at Bloomsburg tomorrow, at Wilkesbarre September 12 and 13, at Mauch Chunk September 14 and at Allentown on September 15.

Up to date 600 applicants for positions on the force have been examined and by September 25 it is expected 900 more will have been examined, making 1,500 in all from which to select the state police force of 250 officers and men. The examiners have 18 applicants from the counties of Franklin, Center, Huntingdon, Sullivan, Lycoming, Tioga and Bradford to examine here.

# INJUNCTION IS GRANTED AGAINST OIL COMPANIES

Ouster Proceedings Are Resumed in a New Form in Missouri.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

KANSAS CITY, MO., Sept. 10.—Attorney General Hadley filed a suit for injunction in the circuit court of Jackson county yesterday against the Standard Oil Company, the Waters-Pierce Oil Company, the Republic Oil Company, H. C. Grenner, doing business under the firm name of International Oil Works, and H. A. Williamson, doing business under the firm name of H. A. Williamson & Co.

The temporary injunction was granted by Judge Park of the Kansas City circuit court, and the case will come up for final hearing on September 23.

The allegations are similar to those in the ouster suit filed by the attorney general in the supreme court against the oil companies several months ago, but the individuals cannot be proceeded against by quo warranto, and therefore the injunction suit was necessary.

Should the injunction be made permanent, and the companies and individuals mentioned be prohibited from doing business longer in this state, the objects of the quo warranto proceedings previously filed will have been attained by a nearer route. The same alleged monopoly is alleged and the same violations of the anti-trust laws are charged in the injunction suit, which is still pending in the supreme court.

## CARS AND AUTOS COLLIDE.

Occupants Are Thrown Out but No One Seriously Hurt—Machines Are Damaged.

Trolley cars and automobiles twice collided yesterday. No one was seriously injured, but in both instances the machines were damaged.

Just as the rain began to fall during the afternoon Miss E. V. Barnsdall of North Negley avenue, East End, and Miss E. Moorehouse of Ingram, who were taking an automobile ride, stopped the machine on the tracks of the Crafton and Ingram trolley line at Thornburg Junction for the purpose of raising the top. It was struck by a Crafton car. Miss Moorehouse was thrown out and slightly hurt. The car was so damaged that it had it be left behind and taken to Miss Barnsdall's home later. The rails were so slippery that Motorman Charles Stevenson was unable to stop his car.

An automobile driven by M. B. Straight, of the McJunkin-Straight Dairy Company, containing Mr. Straight and his wife, collided with a Lincoln avenue car at Penn and North Highland avenues. No person was injured, but the front of the automobile was damaged.

Philip Perkins, aged 50, of Avalon, was run down by a street car at McClure and Preble avenues, lower Allegheny, at midnight Saturday. He received several injuries on the head and face, which were dressed at St. John's General hospital.

## MERRY-GO-ROUND WHISTLE BRINGS POLICE ON RUN

The tooting of a merry-go-round whistle was the cause of a great deal of needless exertion by the police of the South Side Saturday night. The whistle, which has a similar tone as that of the police whistle which is blown for help, gave a spasmodic shriek from its location in South Twelfth street, and every policeman within hearing ran to the scene. They arrived in pairs and in groups, and excitedly began a search for their supposed comrade in trouble. Just then the whistle gave another toot and the police had solved a mystery at last.

## USING UP A POLICEMAN WHEN ASSISTANCE ARRIVES

Policeman E. B. Carter was being roughly used at South Twenty-seventh and Carson streets early yesterday morning, and but for the timely arrival of Capt. H. J. Alt and Lieut. Charles McAfee, he might have come out second best. A fight was in progress and he interfered, with the result that all the combatants set upon him. With the assistance of the other officers he arrested Ignato Vara, Joe Coalowich, Adam Rusach and Meron Jouy and at the hearing yesterday morning they were each fined $50 or 30 days to jail.

### Poles Fight in Carey Alley.

A general fight at 1710 Carey alley about 8 o'clock last night created great excitement on the South Side. A telephone message to the police station stated that murder was being done and Capt. H. J. Alt and Lieut. Charles McAfee and a squad of policemen responded. They found a crowd of Poles engaged in a fight in which broken and cut heads and other injuries had resulted. They arrested 11 of the participants.

### Live Wire Causes Excitement.

Considerable excitement was caused by an electric wire of the Allegheny County Light Company falling on the sidewalk at Liberty avenue and Eleventh street last night. Several men were standing on the corner and had narrow escapes from being shocked, but no person was injured.

### Driver Falls Off His Wagon.

William Goldberg, a driver for the Rieck Milk Co., fell off his wagon at Third avenue and Roes street last night. One of the wheels passed over his legs. He was taken to his home at 1427 Forbes street.

Open Daily Now Until 5:30 P. M.
Saturdays Until 10 P. M.

**Well Dressed Men**

Will be interested in seeing the New Fall Models in the "Edwin Clapp" Shoes.

**$7.00 a Pair.**

**W. M. LAIRD CO.**
404-6-8 MARKET ST.

# DEATH OF A CHILD IS BLAMED ON DRIVERS

Accident Is Attributed to Their Recklessness and Coroner Has Them Sent to Jail.

John Danelich and Joseph Novance, drivers for John Seman, a wholesale liquor dealer of 1117 Washington street, Braddock, were committed to jail yesterday by Coroner Armstrong on a charge of murder of Sophia Sasfransky, aged 22 months, of 1221 River avenue, Braddock, who was run over by the wagon and killed. Deputy Coroner George J. Schad, who investigated the case, said:

"The drivers displayed a reckless disregard for life by the manner in which they drove through River avenue when they run the child down. The thoroughfare is a narrow one, and as there are no car lines there a great many children play in the street. It was after dark and these men galloped their team through the street and killed the child." The inquest in the case was set for this morning.

Frank West, aged 45, of New York, a gas maker, was killed by a passenger train on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad at Stoops Ferry yesterday morning. On his clothing was found a note with the name "Thomas Manning, 600 Wylie avenue," written on it. Manning identified the body and said he met West in Chicago and was of the opinion his home was in New York, and that he had a daughter living there.

Mike Salanksy, aged 24, a section hand on the Ft. Wayne railroad, was instantly killed near the Woods Run (Allegheny) station yesterday afternoon by the Cleveland flyer. He lived at 4 Western row.

The death of Mrs. Storm was reported to the coroner last night as having taken place in a friend's house in Eliza avenue, near the boulevard, Twenty-second ward. Dr. J. J. Mullin, who had been Mrs. Storm's physician for the past 10 years, reported that death was caused by apoplexy.

### Uncalled for Letter List

you'll find on the classified want page today.

GROETZINGER

**The New Carpetings for Fall**

Are Now Ready

*And you are cordially invited to give them a looking over at your convenience.*

The lines embrace the highest grades of Wiltons, Axminsters, Velvets and Body Brussels, of both foreign and domestic production, and our patterns and color effects have been specially selected for this locality; many of these are exclusive to this house.

**GROETZINGER CARPET COMPANY**
627-629 Penn Ave.

BARKER'S
**Hasty Lunch Chocolate**
For Cooking and Drinking

Its true, rich chocolate flavor comes from the highest-grade cocoa-beans prepared with absolute purity by the best modern process. Delicious and economical.

In air-tight cans, ½ lbs 50 cents; smaller size 20 cents. Dainty prize recipes in each can for delicious desserts, cakes and frostings. Get it of your dealer.

**Epilepsy**

can be cured. The discovery that it is purely a nervous disorder has led to the application of the great nerve restorer,

**Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine**

with the happy result that thousands have been completely cured, and others are being cured every day.

"In the year '92 I was stricken with epilepsy. Doctors treated me for several years, but I grew worse. I would have such awful fits. I cannot tell my awful sufferings. A druggist recommended Dr. Miles' Nervine, and I bought a bottle, and found it helped me, and I took three more and am cured. I had only one light spell after I commenced taking it. I do hope the time will come when everybody will know that your medicine cures these awful fits."
JOHN LEWIS, Clarion, Pa.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold under a guarantee that your druggist will refund your money if first bottle does not benefit.

**HAIR HEALTH** warranted to Restore youthful color and beauty to GRAY HAIR. Use only Hay's Hair Health. Most satisfactory Hair grower ever made. Stops Dandruff, hair falling and scalp diseases. Covers BALD spots. Don't stain skin or linen. Large 50 Cent bottles, at leading druggists.

**LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE**
(FORMERLY GUSKY'S.)
Largest Co-operative Store in America.
Market St., Fourth and Third Aves

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure bad, foul stomach and constipation and so help to cure nearly every disease of man-kind. They regulate, tone up and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels.

# JOHN MITCHELL LINES UP MINERS FOR THE STRUGGLE

Hopes to Have 120,000 Men Ready for Action in Momentous Convention to Be Held in Shamokin Next December.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

SHAMOKIN, PA., Sept. 10.—In a whirlwind campaign through the anthracite region, John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, is getting his followers into line in anticipation of the convention to be held in Shamokin next December.

"I have found the men in charge of the mines are inclined to be very friendly everywhere except in the neighborhood of Hazelton, the head center of the independent operators," said Mr. Mitchell this afternoon. "The Coxe Brothers discharged men who attended our meetings, and the Pardees would not permit us to assemble on their grounds. In the Lackawanna and Wyoming districts we were met with uniform courtesy.

"Our organization has maintained all the time from 50,000 to 60,000 paid-up members in good standing with the national body. Besides that, there are a large number of men who keep up with their locals, but who are not heard from at headquarters. By the time my tour closes I hope to have 100,000 men in the district and national unions, and, perhaps, 120,000 in the locals."

"Considering the increased price of living, are the men receiving proportionately more than they did prior to the strike of 1900?" was asked.

"I think that the increase of wages, taken straight through, amounts to about 16 per cent," replied Mr. Mitchell, "and I do not believe the additional cost of living is quite that. However, there is this to be taken into consideration—with the increase in wages came an increase in wants and desires.

"My own position is that the miners should be as well paid as any other class equally skilled labor taking equal risks. As matters now stand, the annual earnings of miners will not stand comparison with those of men in other skilled trades.

"It seems to me that a good indication of the prosperity of the coal roads is given by the general advance in the market value of their stocks. I recently cut from a newspaper a list giving the prices of coal stocks on the date of the publication and a year before. Reading stock has risen 51⅜ points, from 64⅛ to 115½, meaning an increase of about $740,000,000 on its total issue. Ontario & Western rose from 31¼ to 54¼. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western made the greatest jump, from 274 to 453½, an increase of 179 points. Delaware & Hudson went from 164¾ to 215; Lehigh Valley on the Philadelphia exchange, ran up from 39⅞ to 72, while Erie, which was 29½, leaped 25⅝ points, to 55⅛. All this points to the prosperity of the coal roads, and something more than stock jobbing."

# Michigan Furniture Company

## The Opening Day of The September Furniture Sale

Our regular Semi-Annual Clearance Sale commences this morning and continues just six days, ending Saturday evening.

It has been the policy of this house for years past to offer twice yearly high-grade furniture at legitimate clearance prices, and we intend to make this the most thorough sale ever held by this house.

These sales are necessitated by an immense and varied stock, ever changing, and by the accumulation of odd and discontinued patterns. The offering includes hundreds of suites and pieces which are in many instances below the cost of manufacture.

If you are in the market for a single piece or the entire furnishment of a home we urgently ask your inspection at this time.

## The Sale Is Limited to Six Days—Commencing This Morning—Ending Saturday Evening

Every piece offered is of the highest grade, both from an artistic and quality standpoint.

It is the discriminating buyer we wish to talk to—the buyer who appreciates workmanship of the better grade—furniture made to last—and all of artistic merit.

Buyers have learned to anticipate these sales, and we cannot impress upon you too strongly the importance of your early inspection.

## We Will Be Ready This Morning.

### BEDROOM FURNITURE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Suite, Mahogany | $450.00 | Sale Price | $325.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 285.00 | Sale Price | 175.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 250.00 | Sale Price | 175.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 185.00 | Sale Price | 135.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 175.00 | Sale Price | 125.00 |
| Suite, Golden Oak | 150.00 | Sale Price | 110.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 115.00 | Sale Price | 90.00 |
| Suite, Golden Oak | 100.00 | Sale Price | 80.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 85.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Suite, Golden Oak | 77.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Suite, Golden Oak | 55.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| Suite, Golden Oak | 44.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany | 40.00 | Sale Price | 30.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 150.00 | Sale Price | 115.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 110.00 | Sale Price | 85.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 88.00 | Sale Price | 65.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 75.00 | Sale Price | 58.00 |
| Dresser, Walnut | 76.00 | Sale Price | 55.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 58.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 44.00 | Sale Price | 35.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 45.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Dresser, Mahogany | 25.00 | Sale Price | 19.00 |
| Dresser, Birdseye Maple | 88.00 | Sale Price | 70.00 |
| Dresser, Birdseye Maple | 44.00 | Sale Price | 34.00 |
| Dresser, Golden Oak | 66.00 | Sale Price | 50.00 |
| Dresser, Golden Oak | 44.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| Dresser, Golden Oak | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Dresser, Golden Oak | 24.00 | Sale Price | 19.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 150.00 | Sale Price | 115.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 88.00 | Sale Price | 65.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 75.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 48.00 | Sale Price | 35.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 37.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 28.00 | Sale Price | 20.00 |
| Chiffonier, Mahogany | 25.00 | Sale Price | 18.00 |
| Chiffonier, Golden Oak | 55.00 | Sale Price | 38.00 |
| Chiffonier, Golden Oak | 48.00 | Sale Price | 36.00 |
| Chiffonier, Birdseye Maple | 44.00 | Sale Price | 34.00 |
| Chiffonier, Golden Oak | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Chiffonier, Birdseye Maple | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Chiffonier, Golden Oak | 25.00 | Sale Price | 18.00 |
| Dressing Table, Mahogany | 75.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Dressing Table, Mahogany | 45.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| Dressing Table, Mahogany | 32.00 | Sale Price | 24.00 |
| Dressing Table, Mahogany | 28.00 | Sale Price | 18.00 |
| Dressing Table, Mahogany | 22.00 | Sale Price | 15.00 |
| Dressing Table, Birdseye Maple | 30.00 | Sale Price | 20.00 |
| Dressing Table, Birdseye Maple | 24.00 | Sale Price | 16.00 |
| Dressing Table, Birdseye Maple | 15.00 | Sale Price | 10.00 |
| Dressing Table, Golden Oak | 20.00 | Sale Price | 14.00 |

### LIBRARY FURNITURE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bookcase, Mahogany | $87.00 | Sale Price | $65.00 |
| Bookcase, Mahogany | 75.00 | Sale Price | 55.00 |
| Bookcase, Mahogany | 65.00 | Sale Price | 50.00 |
| Bookcase, Mahogany | 54.00 | Sale Price | 40.00 |
| Bookcase, Golden Oak | 55.00 | Sale Price | 35.00 |
| Bookcase, Mahogany | 45.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| Bookcase, Golden Oak | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Bookcase, Weathered Oak | 28.00 | Sale Price | 22.00 |
| Bookcase, Golden Oak | 20.00 | Sale Price | 15.00 |
| Davenport, Mahogany | 125.00 | Sale Price | 90.00 |
| Davenport, Mahogany | 87.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Davenport, Golden Oak | 70.00 | Sale Price | 58.00 |
| Davenport, Mahogany | 86.00 | Sale Price | 50.00 |
| Davenport, Golden Oak | 80.00 | Sale Price | 48.00 |
| Davenport, Mahogany | 45.00 | Sale Price | 35.00 |
| Davenport, Golden Oak | 35.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Library Table, Mahogany | 66.00 | Sale Price | 55.00 |
| Library Table, Mahogany | 43.00 | Sale Price | 33.00 |
| Library Table, Golden Oak | 40.00 | Sale Price | 30.00 |
| Library Table, Mahogany | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Library Table, Weathered Oak | 23.00 | Sale Price | 18.00 |
| Library Table, Golden Oak | 22.00 | Sale Price | 15.00 |
| Library Table, Weathered Oak | 18.00 | Sale Price | 12.00 |
| Library Table, Weathered Oak | 10.00 | Sale Price | 7.50 |
| Leather Chair, Weathered Oak | 48.00 | Sale Price | 38.00 |
| Leather Rocker, Mahogany | 43.00 | Sale Price | 35.00 |
| Leather Chair, Golden Oak | 38.00 | Sale Price | 30.00 |
| Leather Chair, Golden Oak | 22.00 | Sale Price | 16.00 |

### DEN FURNITURE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Arm Chair, Weathered Oak | $ 45.00 | Sale Price | $ 35.00 |
| Arm Chair, Weathered Oak | 33.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Arm Chair, Weathered Oak | 28.00 | Sale Price | 20.00 |
| Divan, Weathered Oak | 28.00 | Sale Price | 20.00 |
| Divan, Weathered Oak | 25.00 | Sale Price | 18.00 |
| Arm Chair, Weathered Oak | 22.00 | Sale Price | 15.00 |
| Rocker, Weathered Oak | 18.00 | Sale Price | 13.00 |
| Arm Chair, Weathered Oak | 18.00 | Sale Price | 12.00 |
| Rocker, Weathered Oak | 14.00 | Sale Price | 10.00 |
| Rocker, Weathered Oak | 10.00 | Sale Price | 7.00 |

### PARLOR FURNITURE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | $220.00 | Sale Price | $175.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | 125.00 | Sale Price | 85.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | 110.00 | Sale Price | 75.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | 95.00 | Sale Price | 70.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | 87.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | 65.00 | Sale Price | 48.00 |
| Suite, Mahogany, three piece | 60.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 36.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 30.00 | Sale Price | 20.00 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 25.00 | Sale Price | 15.00 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 24.00 | Sale Price | 14.00 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 18.00 | Sale Price | 10.00 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 17.00 | Sale Price | 9.50 |
| Odd Chair, Mahogany | 12.50 | Sale Price | 7.50 |

### BRASS BEDS

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brass Bed | $ 90.00 | Sale Price | $ 70.00 |
| Brass Bed | 70.00 | Sale Price | 50.00 |
| Brass Bed | 60.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| Brass Bed | 48.00 | Sale Price | 38.00 |
| Brass Bed | 44.00 | Sale Price | 34.00 |
| Brass Bed | 40.00 | Sale Price | 30.00 |
| Brass Bed | 30.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Brass Bed | 25.00 | Sale Price | 19.00 |

### IRON BEDS

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Iron Bed | $ 23.00 | Sale Price | $ 17.00 |
| Iron Bed | 18.00 | Sale Price | 12.00 |
| Iron Bed | 15.00 | Sale Price | 10.00 |
| Iron Bed | 12.00 | Sale Price | 8.00 |
| Iron Bed | 10.00 | Sale Price | 7.00 |

### DINING-ROOM FURNITURE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sideboard, Flemish | $300.00 | Sale Price | 190.00 |
| Sideboard, Antwerp | 175.00 | Sale Price | 140.00 |
| Sideboard, Golden Oak | 165.00 | Sale Price | 130.00 |
| Sideboard, Flemish | 155.00 | Sale Price | 95.00 |
| Sideboard, Weathered Oak | 120.00 | Sale Price | 85.00 |
| Sideboard, Mahogany | 95.00 | Sale Price | 70.00 |
| Sideboard, Golden Oak | 65.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| Sideboard, Golden Oak | 80.00 | Sale Price | 60.00 |
| Sideboard, Golden Oak | 50.00 | Sale Price | 38.00 |
| Sideboard, Golden Oak | 32.50 | Sale Price | 24.00 |
| Buffet, Golden Oak | 87.00 | Sale Price | 70.00 |
| Buffet, Golden Oak | 65.00 | Sale Price | 50.00 |
| Buffet, Golden Oak | 50.00 | Sale Price | 40.00 |
| Buffet, Antwerp | 50.00 | Sale Price | 38.00 |
| Buffet, Weathered Oak | 31.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| Buffet, Antwerp | 28.00 | Sale Price | 20.00 |
| China Closet, Mahogany | 110.00 | Sale Price | 90.00 |
| China Closet, Antwerp | 110.00 | Sale Price | 90.00 |
| China Closet, Golden Oak | 65.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| China Closet, Mahogany | 60.00 | Sale Price | 45.00 |
| China Closet, Golden Oak | 55.00 | Sale Price | 40.00 |
| China Closet, Golden Oak | 44.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| China Closet, Weathered Oak | 37.00 | Sale Price | 30.00 |
| China Closet, Golden Oak | 32.00 | Sale Price | 25.00 |
| China Closet, Antwerp | 32.00 | Sale Price | 24.00 |
| China Closet, Golden Oak | 22.00 | Sale Price | 16.00 |
| Extension Table, Flemish | 165.00 | Sale Price | 100.00 |
| Extension Table, Mahogany | 110.00 | Sale Price | 85.00 |
| Extension Table, Golden Oak | 98.00 | Sale Price | 80.00 |
| Extension Table, Weath'd Oak | 48.00 | Sale Price | 32.00 |
| Extension Table, Golden Oak | 48.00 | Sale Price | |
| Extension Table, Golden Oak | 34.00 | Sale Price | |
| Extension Table, Golden Oak | 30.00 | Sale Price | |
| Extension Table, Golden Oak | 18.00 | Sale Price | |

The above list is merely to give you an idea as to the character of the offering which includes pieces for all parts of the home.

No difference what your furniture want may be you will find it here.

The variety of the stock and the prices cover the entire field of the better grade of furniture. The old tags remain with the original prices—the new tags show the price reductions.

# Michigan Furniture Co.

623-625 PENN AVENUE.

# NEWS OF THE NEARBY TOWNS AND COUNTRY

## MORE FRAGMENTS OF BODIES FOUND

Ghastly Relics Are Picked Up from Scene of the Powder Works Explosion.

SIX MEN UNACCOUNTED FOR

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
UNIONTOWN, PA., Sept. 10.—The scene of complete devastation in the vicinity of the site of the Rand Powder works, which were destroyed by an explosion yesterday, beggars description. Men were at work today ploughing over and digging in the debris in the hope of finding more bodies, but only an arm, shoulder, foot or portion of charred bone could be found now and then, and it is likely the bodies of the six missing will never be identified.

The dead bodies now recognized number 12, while there are six unidentified. Adding the little child who was killed by a wagon, the death list numbers 19. The missing are:

Frank Ryeland, aged 30, married; William Lewellen, aged 18; Charles Edlifritz, age not given; Fred Waterstraw, Sr.; Isaac Medcraft, aged 20, single; Homer Swancy, age not given.

The bodies of the dead were viewed today by Coroner A. S. Hagan and the jury impaneled by him. The inquest will be held later. The funerals of Homer Humphrey, James Breakiron, Elmer Hughes and George Lewellen were held here this afternoon, and the others will be tomorrow, except that of Clyde Wood, which will be held on Tuesday morning.

C. M. Rand, superintendent of the plant, passed a comfortable night, and is much better today. Reference to the disaster was made in nearly all the churches today and contributions were taken for the relief of the suffering. No church services were held in Fairchance, as all the buildings were so badly shattered they are not fit to use. The school house is wrecked. Many slept under trees in their own yards last night, and they eat from tables on the lawn.

It is estimated the crowd that visited the scene of the horror today numbered at least 10,000 persons.

Precautions have been taken to avoid any possibility of an explosion of the remaining powder by keeping a policeman to watch for flying sparks and keep people away from the building some distance from the plant where there are 600 pounds of powder on a siding under a shed, and 800 pounds in the building, the top of which was blown in.

The sum of $1,700 for relief was raised the day of the explosion, and additional money was secured today from contributions at all the churches in Uniontown. The committee and also the local newspapers will receive further contributions.

In the morgue of Undertaker A. C. Williams at Fairchance is a casket containing the remnants of different bodies. This will be buried in the White Rock cemetery tomorrow afternoon. Undertaker W. S. Nix has at his morgue a left arm, shoulder, left hand, feet, charred bones and other portions of human bodies.

One of the most thrilling accounts of the explosion is given by Mrs. W. J. Price, who said:

"I was in the out kitchen when the first explosion occurred, and the floor was torn up beneath me. There were five distinct shocks, but the third was the hardest, and after that it seemed the whole earth would sink beneath us. I ran into the yard and the children clung to my dress. I don't know how we escaped without a scratch, for bricks were falling in every direction and within six inches of either side of where we stood.

"Mr. Price was at work in a coal pit a mile and a half away. He heard the concussion under ground 200 yards from the entrance. His son-in-law, Harry Underwood, was in the explosion and was taken to the Price home, all his clothing having been torn from his body. Jumping from the wagon and running into the house Underwood exclaimed:

"'My God, grandmother, do something for me quick. I am burning up.' A physician was approaching and the suffering man exclaimed: 'Doctor, do come quick.'"

Underwood was conscious all the time and said several times: "The explosion started on the lower end." He was taken to the Uniontown hospital, and conversed with his father-in-law on the way, but died about 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. Mitchell, who lived over the hill from the powder works, was trying to put a baby to sleep when the explosion occurred. The delay in going to sleep undoubtedly saved the child's life, as a large door was hurled on the bed where the infant was to have lain.

Mrs. I. P. Crothers was at the home of Mrs. Morgan Humbert and the first explosion knocked her off her chair. She partly arose and the second explosion threw her to her knees again. Mrs. Humbert then caught hold to help her and the two were knocked down together by the next shock.

The plant of the Fairchance Distilling Company, in which Charles W. Rush, J. L. Rush and F. C. Rush are the principal stockholders, was damaged to the extent of several thousand dollars. New machinery had recently been placed in and it was all moved out of place and will have to be moved and set in place again. One of the bond houses is a complete wreck, but the whisky had been removed recently to the brick bond house and was not destroyed. C. W. Rush, manager of the distillery, was standing outside the salesroom and the first explosion hurled a big piece of iron in his direction and knocked a piece of board from his hand.

## NINE DIE OF CHOLERA ON RUSSIAN FRONTIER

Steamship Moltke, Which Disembarks Passengers at Hamburg, Reaches New York Free from Disease.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]
WARSAW, Sept. 10.—In the village of Wysock, government of Volhinia, on the frontier of Russian Poland, a raftsman who returned from Prussia and eight other persons have died of cholera. The village has been isolated.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Moltke arrived today from Hamburg, Dover and Boulogne, with 468 cabin passengers. No steerage passengers were brought. A case of cholera broke out among Russian emigrants at Hamburg and all of the steerage passengers of the Moltke were disembarked and held for observation. There was no illness on board during the passage.

LEMBERG, GALICIA, Sept. 10.—The persons suspected of being ill of cholera at Padew have recovered and there are now no suspected cases in Galicia.

By reason of the fact that The Safe Deposit and Trust Company of Pittsburgh is managed by able and experienced bankers and business men, it is able to secure for estates more profitable investments than the individual executor could ordinarily secure. This is one of the many advantages in naming this company your executor. Write for booklet, Fourth avenue and Wood street.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

## Officials of Old Home Week at Franklin

James B. Borland, Chairman Old Home Week. Orrin Bleakley, Secretary of the Old Home Week. Gen. John A. Wiley, Director General Venango County Centennial. Mayor Robertson, Who Makes Addresses of Welcome.

## BISHOP FITZGERALD IS CONFERENCE PREACHER

Presides Also at Ordination Service at Which Fourteen Young Men Receive Holy Orders.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
RIDGWAY, Sept. 10.—Services at all the Protestant churches were conducted today by members of the Erie conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which is in session here. The old-fashioned conference love feast was led by a veteran minister, the Rev. B. F. Delo.

The morning sermon at the Methodist Episcopal church was delivered by Bishop J. N. Fitzgerald. In the afternoon an impressive ordination service was conducted by Bishop Fitzgerald, assisted by the presiding elders. Ten young men were ordained as deacons, as follows:

John W. Hickok, Clyde A. Imhoff, Henry C. Millington, Albert E. Salisbury, Ebenezer W. Springer, Roy C. Weidler, Herbert A. Breth, John W. C. Hites, Wallace C. Olds, Leon L. Wooden. Four were ordained as elders: Willis L. Burton, Roy F. Howe, Herbert W. Hunter, Alfred C. Locke. Mrs. Mamie T. Rice was consecrated as a deaconess.

## ITS CONTRACT IS BROKEN.

Irwin Council, Therefore, Will Refuse to Recognize Bell's Purchase of Federal Company.

IRWIN, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—The borough council and the Bell Telephone Company have locked horns over the poles and wires of the Federal company, which recently sold out to the former concern. The Federal people secured their franchise on condition that an exchange should be operated here, that a lower rental price would be given than charged by the Bell, that the borough would get three free telephones and that there would be a Pittsburgh connection. After the company sold out service was discontinued.

The new owner of the concern asks that the Federal poles be kept in place. The council will not grant the request. Members say the Federal franchise is void and it will be legally nullified at the meeting tomorrow evening. After that they state the big poles on the main streets will have to come down.

## RUNS INTO OPEN SWITCH.

Express Between Pittsburgh and Chicago Wrecked Near Mansfield—Passengers Are Uninjured.

MANSFIELD, O., Sept. 10.—Passenger train No. 16, the Chicago and Pittsburgh express on the Pennsylvania railroad, was wrecked this afternoon a mile east of the Mansfield station by running into an open switch and striking a cut of freight cars standing on the siding. Engineer Samuel Hedges of Pittsburgh and his fireman saw the danger and jumped, escaping injury.

Several of the freight cars were completely wrecked and a dozen were derailed. The passenger engine was demolished. The mail and baggage car and the first coach were derailed, but the Pullman coaches were not damaged. None of the passengers received serious hurts.

### Another Wreck Victim.

NEW CASTLE, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Harry Shellerman of this city, who was injured in the Western New York & Pennsylvania wreck Thursday, developed peritonitis today and practically has no hope of recovery.

### Charged With Horse-Thieving.

GREENSBURG, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Edward Cosney, 20 years old, of Greensburg, was arrested today charged upon oath of W. S. Loughner of Jeannette with the larceny of a horse, buggy and harness. Cosney declares he bought the outfit from a stranger for $1.

## Blackbirds Furnish Sport for Pothunters

IRWIN, PA., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—There is one of the greatest roosts of blackbirds in this vicinity ever known. Thousands upon thousands scatter over the grain fields in the morning to pick up the loose kernels after the harvest. In the evening the birds fly to their roost in the pines northwest of the town. As it is legal to shoot them, gunners have great sport, and they are being shot by hundreds to go into potpie.

## The Death Roll.

### William Norris.

William Norris, perhaps the oldest resident of Clinton township, Butler county, died suddenly on Saturday night at his farm. No illness preceded his demise and he was apparently hale and strong when he retired. Shortly after 10 o'clock, less than two hours after going to bed, death overtook him. Mr. Norris was born in Chester county, near Philadelphia, October 4, 1811, and when nine years old drove across the mountains in a Conestoga wagon and settled in what was then a wilderness in Clinton township, where he lived all the rest of life. He broke a farm out of the forest and transformed it into one of the most fertile tracts in Butler county. He was married to Nancy Hemphill, a neighbor, and raised a large family. For more than 50 years he was an elder in the Westminster Presbyterian church at Sarversville. He was undoubtedly the best known man in the vicinity in which he lived, and although 94 years of age, was at work in the fields up until the day of his death. Surviving him are his children, James, Gilien, David F., Dr. W. J. Norris of Pittsburgh, Mrs. Katherine J. Katz, Mrs. Margaret Riddle, Mrs. Leila Flick, wife of the Rev. Albert Flick, and Miss Bella Norris. His wife died five years ago. Besides his children there are 40 grandchildren and five great-grandchildren living. He will be buried this afternoon at 1 o'clock from the Westminster church.

### Obituary Notes.

SHARON, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Georgia Seig, wife of E. A. Seig, proprietor of the Seig hotel at South Sharon, died this morning from rheumatism. She was born at Sterling, Ill. She is survived by her husband and one son.

WAYNESBURG, PA., Sept. 10.—Nathaniel Belding died here this morning from tetanus which resulted from a crowbar being driven into his body at the Blair stone quarry Friday.

GREENSBURG, PA., Sept. 10.—Joseph C. Momyer, 75 years old, a lifelong resident of Greensburg, died this morning from heart failure. He is survived by three sons: Charles E., George A. and Scott J., all of Greensburg.

MONACA, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Margaret Blett, aged 84 years, is dead at her home here. She is survived by four sons and three daughters, as follows: August of Freedom; Edward, Adolph and Harry, all of Monaca; Mrs. Louise Smith of Pittsburgh; Mrs. Emma Remer of Byesville, O., and Sophia, who lived at home.

## MINERS' REPRESENTATIVES NAME HUFF FOR GOVERNOR

Plan to Send a Large Delegation to Harrisburg if His Name Is Presented to Convention.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
GREENSBURG, PA., Sept. 10.—Representatives of the miners of the Greensburg district met here last night and adopted resolutions naming Congressman George F. Huff of Greensburg as their choice for governor. Over 8,000 miners were represented. The resolutions are:

"Whereas, the Hon. George F. Huff has endeared himself to all sections of the state by his independence and ability in congress, and, whereas, in the fields of labor he has built up an industry and business in this end of the state which employs 8,000 men, and by his fairness of treatment and remuneration in wages he has made happy the homes of all employed by him. We now take pleasure in presenting his name as a candidate for governor of the state of Pennsylvania. It is a great industrial state and it needs one of the great industrial leaders to husband and develop its resources. In Col. Huff it will find such a chief and we feel confident that in his hands its welfare would be assured."

The miners in this district are taking a lively interest in the Huff boom and are planning to send a mammoth delegation to Harrisburg at the nominating convention if the Greensburger's name is presented.

### Minister Is Ordained.

NEW BRIGHTON, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—President C. W. Swift, D. D., of the Pittsburgh annual conference of the Methodist Protestant church, presided at the ordination service today. The Rev. J. H. Lamberson was ordained. The Rev. John Gregory and the Rev. G. G. Westfall took part in the service.

## MADONNA IS CROWNED WITH A DIAMOND STAR

Sharpsburg Congregation Hits Upon a Novel Plan to Show Payment of Church Debt.

With the front of the church ablaze with electric lights and an illuminated cross shining high in the heavens, the Italian Roman Catholic church of the Madonna of Jerusalem, celebrated the first anniversary of the dedication of the church yesterday, with imposing ceremonies. The principal feature of the celebration was the crowning of the statue of the Madonna in the church with a gold and diamond star in celebration of the payment of $1,000 of the church debt of $12,000. An additional star will be added to the crown of the statue every time $1,000 is paid on the debt, until the figure has a crown of 12 stars, as the Madonna was described in the vision of St. John.

The celebration was opened yesterday morning with the celebration of solemn high mass at which the Rev. Father T. M. Rosensteel, pastor of the St. Joseph church, Sharpsburg, officiated, assisted by the Rev. Fathers Angelus, O. M. Cap., and V. Giordeahelian. The sermon in Italian was delivered by the Rev. Father Bonaventure Piscopo, pastor of the church. At 3 p. m. Miss Rosie Sisco of Sharpsburg was crowned queen of the star, by Father Piscopo, with appropriate ceremony. The crown consisted of a flower wreath, with a golden star set with a diamond on her forehead. A procession was then formed of 15 Italian societies, with about 1,000 men in line, and escorted the queen through the principal streets of the town. Three brass bands accompanied the parade and the carriages were decorated with flowers.

On the return of the procession to the church Miss Sisco placed the star from her crown on the statue of the Madonna with appropriate ceremony. A special musical program was rendered by the choir of the St. Joseph church of Sharpsburg. Thousands of Italians attended the services from all sections of Allegheny county. The celebration was closed with a band concert by Pupa's Italian band in the evening. Father Piscopo said at the close of the services that his church had enjoyed unprecedented success, the congregation having increased from a few hundred to 2,000 in numbers. Fifty children received their first communion at the church yesterday morning.

## REPUBLICAN IN FOLK'S SHOES.

Acting Governor of Missouri Assumes Gubernatorial Chair and Is Congratulated.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—John C. McKinley, acting governor of the state during the absence of Gov. Folk, arrived last night from Kansas City, accompanied by Attorney General Hadley. Today being Sunday no executive business was considered by Gov. McKinley. Many called to congratulate him upon his assumption of the gubernatorial dignity, as he is the first Republican to enjoy the honor since reconstruction days.

He says his mission here is to be the transmission of such routine matter as the occasion may require in the office of governor during Gov. Folk's absence.

Jell-O Ice Cream Powder

2 Packages make a Gallon Cost 25 Cents

Can be made in 10 minutes, saving time and money, and it's always good. No cooking, heating or fussing. Four kinds: Vanilla, Chocolate, Strawberry and Unflavored.

If your grocer hasn't it, send his name and 25c. to us and two packages and our illustrated recipe book will be mailed you.

The Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N.Y.

"Ice Cream Served Free at Kaufmann's and the Lesser Store."

## FRANKLINITES BACK FOR HOME WEEK FESTIVITIES

Celebration Begins With Services in the City Churches—Meeting in Court House Today.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]
FRANKLIN, Sept. 10.—Franklin's old home week celebration began today with special services in all the churches. Already many former residents have arrived, and the attendance at all the churches was large. The largest congregations were at the First Baptist and the First Presbyterian churches. At the former the Rev. Dr. Maurice Penfield Fikes spoke in the morning and evening. The Rev. R. B. Beattie spoke in the First Presbyterian church.

This afternoon a large crowd gathered in the city park to listen to the sacred concert by the Franklin cornet band. Tomorrow a meeting of the former residents will be held in the court house. Mayor John A. Robertson will deliver the address of welcome.

The Venango county centennial celebration will begin Tuesday.

## FORMER PITTSBURGHER GETS INTO TROUBLE

LORAIN, O., Sept. 11.—(Special.)—E. H. Linville, a prominent real estate agent, was arrested here today on the charge of embezzling $950, made by his partner, City Treasurer Babcock. Linville came here two years ago from Pittsburgh, was a leader in social and musical circles, and unusually popular. At a preliminary hearing before the mayor he pleaded not guilty and was bound over to the grand jury under $1,000 bonds, which he furnished tonight.

### Merchant Fatally Injured.

GREENSBURG, Sept. 10.—(Special.)—A. L. Funk, a merchant, was run down and probably fatally injured by a freight train at the county home junction, on the Southwest Pennsylvania railroad, late last night. He was driving his delivery wagon.

## WABASH IS THREATENED WITH STRIKE OF TRAINMEN

Object to Leaving Pittsburgh for Columbia Junction and Serious Trouble Seems to Be Impending.

It is declared by train crews of the Wabash terminal and the West Side Belt line that unless trouble which has developed over a shifting of crews is adjusted within 10 days every conductor, engineer, fireman, brakeman and flagman in both the passenger and freight service will strike. About 200 men are employed on the two lines. The trouble dates back to last May, when J. W. Patterson resigned as superintendent of the Pittsburgh division of the Wabash and was succeeded by M. W. McMasters, who is superintendent of the Wheeling & Lake Erie railroad, with an office at Canton, and who has issued his orders as Wabash superintendent from the Canton office.

Among his first orders was one fixing the other terminal of the run from Pittsburgh at Columbia Junction, near Massillon, O., and directing that practically all the trainmen who have been making the run from here move to Columbia Junction by September 1. It is understood that the places of the men here are to be taken by men formerly employed on the Wheeling & Lake Erie line.

The time named by Superintendent McMaster for the Pittsburgh men to go to Columbia Junction has now passed, but the men are still here. They have notified Grand Master P. H. Morrisey of the brotherhood and Grand Master Clark of the Order of Railway Conductors of the situation, and these two national officers will be here early this week to make a final effort to adjust the trouble. It is expected that they will take up the question with the railroad officials. The trouble is regarded essentially as a fight between two sections of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen rather than a fight of the brotherhood against the Wabash.

## JUMP FROM A CAR.

Frightened by the Burning Out of a Controller, Two Women and a Man Are Hurt.

Frightened by the burning out of a controller on a Coroapolis street car about 11 o'clock Saturday night, two women and a man sprang out from the open car into Chartiers avenue, McKees Rocks, and were severely cut and bruised.

The car was not going fast and as soon as the passengers saw the flash a miniature panic was caused. Lillie Steinmiller, Miss Miller and Dan Shopper, McKees Rocks, jumped into the street. All were cut and bruised and Miss Steinmiller, who is a stenographer, lost $11 and a gold watch. The watch was afterwards recovered.

## DIED.

ALLISON—On Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 6:30 a. m., MARY P. ALLISON, in her 23rd year, only daughter of John H. and Anna Allison.

Funeral on Monday, September 11, 1905, at 2 p. m. from her late residence, 8 Payne street, Thirty-first ward. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private.
(Philadelphia, St. Louis and New Castle papers please copy.)

BELL—On Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 6:30 p. m., LAURA ALICE, youngest daughter of Lewis C. and the late Drucilla Bell, in her 20th year.

Funeral services at the family home, 380 Lehigh avenue, East End, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Interment private.

BRINEY—On Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 7:20 a. m., MARY A., beloved wife of Charles E. Briney (nee Bell), aged 42 years 7 months 1 day.

Funeral services at the family home, 524 Avery street, Allegheny, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.
(Kittanning papers please copy.)

BRINEY—Suddenly, on Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 8:40 a. m., J. ALLAN, son of Dr. H. A. and Isabella Weir Briney, aged 7 years.

Funeral services at the family residence, 7051 Hamilton avenue, Tuesday, at 2:30 p. m. Interment private later.

DAULER—At Bradford, Pa., on Saturday, September 9, 1905, Tillie Buckofen, wife of George H. Dauler, Jr. Funeral services at the family home, Bedford, Pa., Tuesday, September 12, 1905, at 2 p. m.
(Baltimore (Md.) and Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.)

DAY—On Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 3:25 p. m., NANCY M'KINLEY, widow of Capt. Matthew Day.

Funeral services at her late residence, Federal street extension, Allegheny, on Tuesday evening, September 12, at 8 o'clock. Interment private Wednesday.

KELLY—On Friday, September 8, 1905, at 2 p. m., JANE E. KELLY, at Clarion, Pa., aged 58 years.

Funeral at Monaca this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Interment private.

KLINGENSMITH—At Wilkinsburg, Pa., on Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 4:30 p. m., Mrs. ELIZABETH KLINGENSMITH, wife of John W. Klingensmith, aged 54 years.

Funeral at her late residence, 217 Pitt street, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in Woodlawn cemetery.

MURRAY—On Saturday, September 9, 1905, at 11:55 p. m., CLEMENTINE M'DONALD, wife of S. H. Murray of Sewickley, Pa., in her 44th year.

Funeral services will be held in the chapel of the Presbyterian church at Sewickley this evening at 8 o'clock.

NORRIS—On September 9, 1905, at 11:20 p. m., at his residence, Clinton township, Butler county, Pa., WILLIAM NORRIS, aged 94 years.

Funeral service at Westminster Presbyterian church this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

JAMES M. FULLERTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
Will remove to 2007 Fifth Avenue, July 20.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 253 Fifth Avenue.

B. & B.
paris finery

We present today a most exquisite collection of dainty things for women's wear.

Gems of Parisian taste personally selected in Paris.

White Spangled Robes with Pompadour Garniture in relief applique.

White real Applique Lace Robes.

Black Chantilly and Marquise Lace Robes.

Black and Black and Silver Spangle Robes.

Hand Embroidered Messaline Silk Robes—White, Black and new Evening shades.

White—also Black—Silk Coats with hand embroidered Velvet Collars and Cuffs.

White Guipure Lace and Silk embroidered White Broadcloth Coats.

Real Irish Lace and Baby Irish and Venise Boleros.

*Many rare things by the yard—*

Hand made white and delicately tinted Cluny Laces.

Spangled Laces with colored applique.

It is not only to be a "White" season but a season for colors on White.

Embroidered Net and Chiffon All-Overs for Waists and Chemisettes.

Fancy Embroidered Gauzes.

New Checked and Striped Radium Gauzes.

Novelties in Real Baby Irish Crochet Laces and Insertions, ten and twelve inch Bands, All-overs and Motifs—the scarcest, most wanted thing in Paris.

Real Valenciennes Motifs and double edge insertions.

*Exclusive Paris Neckwear.*

Chiffon, Coque and Marabout Boas, short and long.

Hand-embroidered Collar and Cuff Setts—new deep cuffs.

Hand-embroidered White Handkerchief Linen Chemisettes and hand-embroidered White Coat Collars.

These and other Paris selections we hope out-of-town folk and visitors to the Exposition, as well as the city people, will get here to see.

Altogether it is a showing of unusual interest—the latest and choicest examples of French genius.

Art Department shows new hand-embroidered Handkerchief Linen Cushion Covers and some for Baby Pillows and Pin Cushions straight from Paris.

Jewelry Department shows new Silver "change" Purses, with division, that came from France with the above.

dress goods—robes

Choice assortment distinctively pretty things just reached us.

Novelty Suitings with embroidered band of same material for Waist Suits, $12.00 per 8-yard pattern.

Embroidered Plain Broadcloth Robes—the freshly beautiful colors for fall—$12.00, $15.00, $25.00, $30.00, $40.00.

We offer you today with a great deal of confidence something simple and fine.

A new finish double weight French Cashmere, 46 inches wide, $1.25 a yard.

This we think is destined to win unusual preference.

The shades are superb—

Olga, Russe and Emerald Green; Berceuse, which is a Lavender; Russian, Marine and Horizon Blue; Raspberry, Beige, Prune, Amethyst, Lotus, Cardinal, Havane, Mousse, Pearl and Serpent Grey.

Other all-wool Cashmeres, 45c, 60c, 65c, 75c, 85c to $1.50.

Sixty different styles good double width everyday Dress Goods for children's wear, school dresses, etc., 20c.

brass beds

First off we want to say we're selling Beds of quality.

Nothing else you can be so easily deceived in as a Brass Bed—many are made for show.

Ours are made for service.

We sell reliable Beds on a small profit basis—have a new stock in we hope you'll see.

Prices, $25.00 to $60.00.

Handsome heavy two-inch Brass Bed of latest preferred design, $45.00.

White Enameled Beds, $4.50 to $14.00—of the same reliable manufacture.

Agents for Ostermoor Mattresses—carry all sizes in stock for immediate delivery at factory prices.

$15.00 for the largest size—one or two parts.

Ostermoor Patent Elastic Felt Mattresses make the most healthful sanitary bed you can have.

Think so well of them we recently placed an order for several hundred so we'd always have plenty on hand.

sale

Table of 15-cent double-fold Fleeced Wrapper Goods, 10c.

Odd patterns—some choice—others not very pretty—but they're great goods for children's wear or house garments—Wrappers, Geishas, Kimonos, Dressing Sacques—or even for useful Shirtwaists.

BOGGS & BUHL
ALLEGHENY

IN AUGUST
The Central District and Printing Telegraph Company placed

1634
NEW BELL TELEPHONES

Subscribers' Directory closes October 1. Will your name be in it?

Use the Bell

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Call Grant 8000.
Ask for Contract Dept.
Bell Telephone Bldg., 7th Ave.

STIEFF Direct branch of Factory
PIANOS. 618 Penn Ave.
EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES.

AMUSEMENTS.

GAYETY Matinees Daily. Prices 15c, 25c, 50c.
HARRY BRYANT'S EXTRAVAGANZA CO.
Bros. Lloyd on the Revolving Rope.
Next Week—Rose Hill's Burlesquers.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOUSA
THE MARCH KING.
ALL WEEK.
Two Soloists—
MISS CHAMBERS, Soprano.
MISS STRAUS, Violinist.
FIGHTING THE FLAMES
Enlarged—125 People—Thrilling.
AT THE
=EXPO=

BELASCO THEATER (Formerly Duquesne.)
Bell 'Phone—Court 2196. Direct theater, playing only best stars and attractions. Mail orders filled in the order received.
Eve'gs, 8:15; Mat's, 2:15.
OPENS TONIGHT with
MARGARET ANGLIN
Under personal direction of Mr. Henry Miller, in
ZIRA
Only Matinee This Week—SATURDAY.
NEXT WEEK—Seat Sale Thursday:
THE EARL and THE GIRL
with EDDIE FOY and 120 others.

EMPIRE THEATER OF TOWN. ONLINE HE. SEATED AT ALL CAR LINES. THIS WEEK
MAT. TODAY (MONDAY)
WEDDED AND PARTED
Regular Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Next Week—A DANGEROUS LADY.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIXON TONIGHT. MATS. WED. & SAT.
HE'LL BE GREAT COMPANY FOR YOU
The Yankee Doodle Comedian,
GEO. M. COHAN
And His Singing and Dancing Hundred.
in that PHENOMENAL MUSICAL HIT,
LITTLE JOHNNY JONES.
Prices 25c to $1.50. No Higher. Next Week—DOCKSTADER'S MINSTRELS.

Bijou BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
HARRY CLAY BLANEY
In the BOY BEHIND THE GUN.
Next Week—"Dangers of Working Girls."

ALVIN Special Price Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. Best Reserved Seats, 25c & 50c.
THIS WEEK
Nellie Beaumont and Henry V. Donnelly
In the SERIO COMIC GOVERNESS
Next Week—Effie Fay in "The Belle of Avenue A."

HARRY W. WILLIAMS Academy
"THE HOME OF BURLESQUE."
2-SHOWS A DAY-2
KELLY & WOODS' BIG SHOW.

LUNA—2 P. M. AFT. 2 P. M. and EVE.
THE KILTIES.
Singers, Dancers, Instrumentalists.

# ONLY THE BEST FOR PITTSBURGH

## Head of Independent Theatrical Movement Tells of His Plans for This City.

### COMPETITION IS NEEDED

Lee Shubert, accompanied by a party of friends, reached this city last night in order to be present at the opening of his new theater, the Belasco, by Margaret Anglin tonight. He expressed himself as greatly pleased with the condition in which he found the house. The head of the independent theatrical movement spoke frankly of his plans for the future and of what he proposed to do for the theater-goers of this city.

"I and the other managers associated with me in the break from the syndicate, or, to be more exact, in the break from the czar-like rule of Mr. Erlanger," said Mr. Shubert, "were forced into our present position in self-protection. We take all the risk and the public cannot fail to be the gainer; this will prove true in many ways. In one respect alone the whole condition of theatrical affairs will be benefited. The young men will be given a chance; more managers will become producers and more plays and more stars will come before the public; the stage will have a healthy growth and development, which of late years has been wholly denied to it.

**Competition Good for Stage.**

"I do not want to go into the methods employed by Mr. Erlanger, but it is only just to ourselves for me to say that his whole policy has been to throttle the American stage and to prevent its growth in any way that did not mean an addition to his personal bank account.

"We are creating competition, which is just what the stage in this country needs at this time. I can promise Pittsburgh theater-goers one thing; they will have from us all the attractions we control or book, and at a uniform price. There will be no increase in prices at the Belasco theater, except in the case of Sarah Bernhardt, who is a foreign star for whom prices are always increased, just as they are for grand opera. But with this exception we will make no change in prices at the Belasco. All of our $2 attractions, and we have nothing else, will play in this city at the maximum rate of $2 50.

"Exactly the reverse has been the rule with the other people. For example, 'Little Johnnie Jones' has been playing in New York at a maximum price of $1; Pittsburgh pays $1 50 for the same star and company.

"Margaret Anglin, whom I regard as the greatest emotional actress in this country today, and Pittsburgh theater-goers will agree with me, I am sure, when they see her tomorrow night, will play here for $1 50, and next week will go to New York, where her prices will be $2.

**Will Have Uniform Attractions.**

"The quality of our attractions will be uniform; we have no second-class companies or plays, and each week at the Belasco will be found either a star or a play of the first quality. We can guarantee this because we are limiting the number of attractions we are booking, and are sending to this city nothing but the plays and stars that have appeared or are to appear at our New York houses.

"Warfield, Mrs. Carter, Miss Bates, Mrs. Fiske, Madame Bernhardt and Madame Kalsich will all be seen here, and so will all of my own musical and other attractions.

"We are going to give Pittsburgh the best we have, and we can only hope that they will appreciate what we are trying to do."

# BRADDOCK MAN MAY BE ON FUSION TICKET

## James A. Russell Talked of as Candidate of Citizens for County Commissioner.

From Braddock comes the announcement that James A. Russell is to be named as County Commissioner James A. Clark's running mate on the fusion ticket. He is president of the First National bank of Braddock. Several years ago Russell was an independent candidate for county controller. The fusion slating committee is expected to hold a meeting today.

The Allegheny County Republican club, a Hebrew organization, yesterday adopted resolutions indorsing these candidates for nomination at the Republican primaries on Saturday: Common pleas court judge, James S. Young; register of wills, A. S. Miller; recorder of deeds, John A. Fairman; prothonotary, William B. Kirker; county treasurer, George Z. Hosack; clerk of courts, William Dodds; controller, F. P. Booth; county commissioners, C. B. Price and I. K. Campbell, and director of the poor, William H. Guy.

The A. Edlis Republican club yesterday elected delegates to the state league convention at Easton as follows: Max Robin, Henry Edlis and Peter Austender and alternates, Louis Kuhn, I. Jacobs and H. Saperstein.

The Allegheny County Republican club elected Adolph Edlis, B. C. Barton and Samuel H. Vatz, delegates, and P. A. Sandomire, M. Feitler and A. Frankenstein, alternates.

# AMBASSADOR M'CORMICK SEES ARMY MANEUVERS

PARIS, Sept. 10.—Mr. McCormick, the American ambassador, on the invitation of Minister of War Merteaux, today accompanied the American military mission headed by Lieut. Gen. Chaffee, which is following the eastern maneuvers. One of the principal features of these maneuvers will consist of experiments in rapid bridge building by a retreating army.

**Red Men Plan Big Meeting.**

Forty members representing seven of the 13 tribes of the Improved Order of Red Men held a meeting in Anchor hall, South Fourteenth street, yesterday afternoon and decided to call a joint meeting of all local tribes to be held in Old City hall on the evening of November 10.

**Bay Horse Awaits Owner.**

A bay horse attached to a box wagon was found under the Panhandle bridge, South First street, early yesterday morning. It was taken to the city stables in Tunnel street.

**Haven't Nelson and Britt's Cinch.**

Mary Murphy, Hannah Gibson, John Lee and Jerry Geary paid $5 and costs each yesterday morning for fighting in the house occupied by the women in Fifty-fifth street.

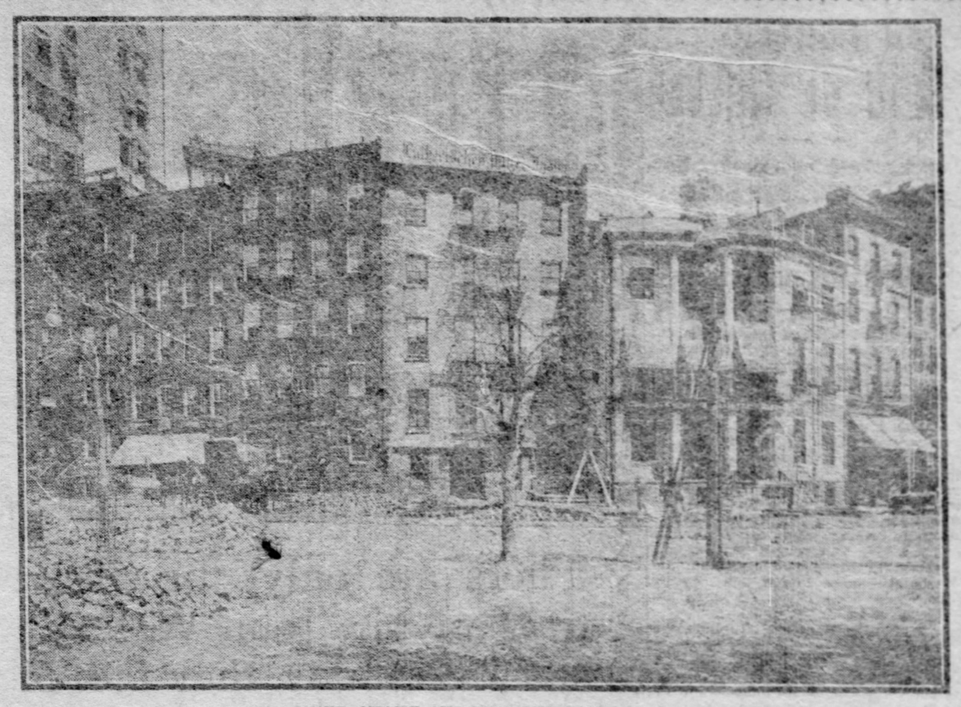
**Open House Is Penalized.**

At Central station yesterday morning Helene Belmont paid $50 and costs for keeping a disorderly house, and eight inmates paid $10 and costs each. Eleven visitors were discharged.

$7.45—Niagara Falls and Return—$7.45
$8.90— Toronto and Return —$8.90
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R.
Excursion next Tuesday. Tickets good 15 days. Valid on the 6-hour "Buffalo Limited."

For Real Estate and Farms
Read the classified pages daily.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



IMMIGRANTS' ROW ON LOWER STATE STREET, OPPOSITE THE BATTERY, NEW YORK.

Buildings from left to right—German Lutheran Immigrant society, private; Immigrant Girls' Home of M. E. Missionary society; Lutheran Pilgrim house, Home for Irish Immigrant Girls, Leo Haus, New Building Lutheran Immigrant society.

# CORRUPTION WAS NOT SHOWN IN THE CONTRACT

Continued from First Page.

demned for including such a charge in a formal communication to the president of the United States, made as a basis for official action on his part.

"It is also fair to the Lanston Monotype Company to say that no evidence was produced by the Mergenthaler company, nor was any obtained by the committee in the course of its hearing, tending to show any promise, payment or consideration of any kind whatsoever, made by the Lanston company, or any of its officers or agents, to any person in the government service.'

"Had not this charge of corruption been made I should have entirely agreed with the conclusion of the committee that if it were possible (which it is not) it would be desirable to cancel the contract in question.

"Public Printer Palmer has been removed from office. The cases of the subordinates alluded to in the report must be taken up in connection with the discipline and reorganization of the bureau when Mr. Palmer's successor assumes office. THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The Keep commission was appointed some time ago to make a general investigation of the business methods in all the government departments with a view to simplifying and improving them. Its report into the affairs of the government printing office is signed C. H. Keep, assistant secretary of the treasury, chairman; F. H. Hitchcock, first assistant postmaster general; Lawrence O. Murray, assistant secretary of commerce and labor, and James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporation in the department of commerce and labor.

**The Contract Is Legal.**

The general conclusions of the committee in the report made public today are summed up as follows:

"First—The contract of the 19th of June was duly executed by the public printer and the Lanston Monotype Company, before its subject matter was called to your attention and before, therefore, any orders were or could be issued to delay action. The law give the public printer full discretion to make such a contract, and his contracts for machinery do not have to be approved by any superior officer or by the joint committee on printing. We know of no ground upon which the contract can be successfully attacked. Its validity is, however, more properly a question for your legal advisers than for this committee. If it should be set aside, such a course would be desirable.

"Second—No corrupt consideration, payment or promise passed from the Lanston Monotype Company to the public printer, or to any person in the government service.

"Third—The action of the public printer in making this purchase was, in our opinion, based largely upon a report from his subordinates, claiming superiority for the Lanston machines, which report was based on unfair tests and imperfect records and was unjust to the Mergenthaler machine.

**Wives Are Stockholders.**

"Fourth—Two important assistants of the public printer, holding positions as chiefs of division in the government printing office, and connected in important ways with such report, were indirectly interested in the Lanston company, their wives being stockholders therein.

"Fifth—Both the Lanston and Mergenthaler machines have done excellent work in the government printing office and both are needed there, and, in our judgment, both should have been purchased, but, further than this we express no opinion as to their comparative merits for particular classes of work.

"Sixth—The purchase of 45 Lanston machines, costing about $140,000 on patent specifications without any test of the Mergenthaler machine on this work, although a request for a fair test of the two machines on this particular work had been made by the Mergenthaler company, and although the public printer had promised the Mergenthaler company careful consideration of the two machines on this work, was an improvident purchase and indicates great partiality and bias on the part of the public printer. We consider it mal-administration.

"Seventh—The openly avowed belief of the public printer that the Mergenthaler Linotype Company had been at the bottom of the movement to secure his removal from office, and the strong support he received from Mr. Dove, president of the Lanston company and from Gen. Michener, his intimate personal friend of 20 years' standing, counsel for the Lanston company, had put the public printer in a condition of mind which rendered him incapable of impartial action in the purchase of typesetting machinery for his office."

The total cost of the machines purchased was about $220,000.

The report refers to frequent visits made by Public Printer Palmer to the home in Washington of J. Maury Dove, president of the Lanston company. Mr. Palmer said that being subject to interruption at his office, it was more convenient for him to transact the business at Mr. Dove's house. Mr. Dove testifies he spent four days in each week in Philadelphia and had other business interests in Washington which made it more convenient for him to have the public printer to call at his house. Commenting on these meetings, the report says:

"Whether the motives for the meetings at Mr. Dove's house was to prevent knowledge of the negotiations from reaching other persons, and especially to prevent such knowledge from reaching the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, or whether these meetings were based upon the business convenience of Mr. Dove, or whether both reasons were in mind, is a matter of conjecture.

"If one object was to keep the negotiations quiet, the purpose was fully obtained, as the Mergenthaler Linotype Company appear not to have known that any negotiations for the purchase of machines were proceeding until the announcement of the matter was made in the public press.

**Purchase Should Have Been Public.**

"In view of the fact that the purchase of machinery thus agreed upon on the 15th of June was one of the most important in the history of the government printing office; in view of the request of the Mergenthaler people, as expressed in Mr. Dodge's letters to the public printer asking to be advised whether additional purchases of typesetting machinery were in contemplation, and of the public printer's reply thereto that he was not yet ready to take the matter up, but that when the time came the comparative merits of the two machines would have his careful consideration, and in view of the intimate political and personal relationship between the public printer and Gen. Michener, the counsel for the Lanston Monotype Company, it is our opinion that this purchase should not have been negotiated at the private residences of Mr. Dove and Gen. Michener, but at the government printing office, and that the method followed in this case was highly improper; also that the Mergenthaler Linotype Company should have been informed that the purchase of additional machines was under consideration, and should have been given an opportunity to be heard.

"It has been necessary, in describing the circumstances attending the execution of this contract, to mention the name of Oscar J. Ricketts, foreman of printing, in connection with the movement to have him appointed public printer, and to refer to the opinion avowed and expressed by Mr. Palmer and Gen. Michener and Mr. Dove to each other and to members of congress, that he was the candidate of the Mergenthaler linotype, and that this company was the principal interest and influence behind his candidacy.

**Reasons Were Unsubstantial.**

"Questions were asked of the public printer, Mr. Dove and Gen. Michener as to what grounds they had for thinking that the Mergenthaler Company was behind Mr. Ricketts. The reasons given were of an unsubstantial character and it is only just to Mr. Ricketts to say there is not in the evidence taken before this committee anything to show an illegitimate connection between Mr. Ricketts and the Mergenthaler Company; nor is there any proof of any act of Mr. Ricketts in connection with the Mergenthaler and Lanston machines in the government printing office which, in our opinion, is to Mr. Ricketts' discredit or inconsistent with a preference on his part for the Mergenthaler machine, based on his honest belief as a printer that this machine was better adapted than the Lanston machine for much of the work in the government printing office.

"The important fact brought to light in connection with this matter is that Mr. Ricketts, while holding the position of foreman of printing, and being in immediate charge of the work done there in the department of composition, and the only officer whose duties gave him immediate supervision of both machines, was in no manner consulted by the public printer in an important purchase of machinery, for the reason, as avowed by the public printer, that he considered Mr. Ricketts prejudiced in favor of the Mergenthaler machines and that he was satisfied from information that came to him that the Mergenthaler Company had been the principal influence behind Mr. Ricketts' candidacy. Such dissension in a great public bureau between the head officer and one of his principal assistants could not fail to be prejudicial to the proper conduct of its business.

"It developed in the course of testimony taken by the committee that several persons in the government printing office were, at the time covered by our inquiries, interested in the stock of the Lanston and Mergenthaler companies. Both of these stocks are dealt in on the Washington stock exchange, and it is not supposing that in a body of men as large as that employed in the government printing office, whose attention is naturally directed to typesetting machinery, some speculation in Lanston and Mergenthaler stocks should be found. The committee considered such matters of no importance, except in the case of persons whose acts exercised an influence upon the report submitted to the public printer about the typesetting machines, or persons who occupied important positions in the government printing office, and might be regarded as assistants to the public printer."

The Keep report says the ownership of stock in a typesetting machine company may not be a violation of the revised statutes, but its ownership by the wife of an assistant in the office, where such an assistant is in a position to exercise influence upon the opinion of the public printer, constitutes a gross impropriety.

Byron B. Bonney, in charge of the record clerks division of the government printing office, suggested a method of computing measurements in the test of composition between the Mergenthaler and Lanston machines. His suggestion was acquiesced in by Mr. Ricketts. On the stand, Mr. Bonney testified that he had never held stock in either company, but the admission was drawn from him that his wife had formerly held stock in the Mergenthaler company. This she had sold a year ago. Later she purchased Lanston stock, selling the latter three weeks before Mr. Bonney appeared before the commission. She had bought the stock, her husband testified, with her independent means.

**Not Consulted by His Wife.**

Albert Cottle, chief of the fifth division, where ten Lanston machines are located, stated that he had heard his wife held 100 shares of stock in the Lanston company, but he was not sure about it as she had an independent income and did not always consult him as to her investments. Mr. Cottle, the report says, was one of the three members of a committee appointed by the public printer to investigate typesetting machines in the early summer of 1904.

"He was," says the report, "one of the men mentioned by the public printer to Gen. Michener, as a friend whom Gen. Michener was free to consult with outside of office hours about the Ricketts candidacy for public printer. He attended several conferences at the house of Mr. Dove, where he met Mr. Hodes, Mr. Tapley and Gen. Michener, to discuss the Ricketts campaign with a view to the protection of Mr. Palmer's interests. He was consulted by Mr. Palmer in connection with the recent purchase of additional Lanston machines."

Mr. Tapley is chief electrician of the government printing office and Mr. Hodes is in charge of the Gazette division, where 18 of the Lanston machines were placed. The investigation as to the comparative cost of composition as among hand work, Mergenthaler and Lanston machines, the Keep commission states, was made at the request of the public printer by A. P. Marston, W. H. Tapley and E. T. Bushnell, subordinates in the office. This report the commission characterizes as follows:

"After thoroughly examining all persons whose work and figures were used in the preparation of this report, including members of the committee who signed it and after the most careful consideration of the methods followed by the Marston committee in arriving at its results, were of the opinion, as a comparative statement of cost of composition, as between the Mergenthaler and Lanston machines, the report is worthless; that the conclusion reached by the Marston committee is not justified and as a record of any supposed comparison or test as to the merits of the two typesetting machines the report is grossly unfair to the Mergenthaler machine."

**Is Crushed Between Flatboats.**

Henry Holden, aged 17, a deckhand on the towboat W. C. Jutte, was brought to the McKeesport hospital yesterday morning fatally injured. While the Jutte was moored at Dravosburg, Holden was crushed between two flatboats. He lived at the foot of Steuben stret, Pittsburgh, and nothing is known of his relatives.

# NEW YORK SCHOOL DISTRICTS WITHOUT A SINGLE AMERICAN

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Because there is not a single American citizen in school district No. 10, at Fallsburgh, Sullivan county, no one in the district is qualified to hold school district offices. School Commissioner H. J. Knoll of Livingston Manor, has informed Dr. Draper, the state commissioner of education, of the novel situation, stating that the district has a population composed entirely of Jewish emigrants, who settled there during the past 18 months, and as it was not possible to form a school district organization in the absence of legal voters, he wanted to know how it was best to proceed to maintain a school in the district.

Thomas E. Finnegan, chief of the law division department, to whom the matter was referred, was unable to find a precedent for the case in the department records. Mr. Finnegan has suggested that the district might be annulled and annexed to an adjoining district or districts. If such action is taken a branch school could then be provided. There is a school population of 45 in the district.

MOORE & SINNOTT
Successors to
John Gibson's Son & Co.
Distillers
Philadelphia

Gibson's
Pure Rye Whiskey
Made at the largest and best equipped distillery in the world, erected 50 years ago.
For sale by all dealers

# IMMIGRANT ROW SHOWS CHANGES

## White Marble Building Will Welcome Exiles from Fatherland.

### INSTITUTIONS DO GOOD WORK

(Special Letter to The Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—These are busy days in "Immigrants' Row," as the buildings on the lower part of State street, New York, are called. Between Pearl and Whitehall streets is an entire block of New York's old historic houses, in which every building, with one or two exceptions, is devoted entirely to charitable purposes, each for the aid of a particular class of immigrants. Taken as a whole, this row of buildings facing the Battery, where most immigrants set foot on the chosen land of America, cares for every nationality in one form or another.

Perhaps the busiest of these receiving stations is the first which one encounters in walking down State street, the German Lutheran Immigrant society at No. 12, just under the shadow of one of New York's tall office buildings. Here the work has grown so fast that it has been decided to rebuild on the same block a few doors down, and at No. 4 a handsome white marble building is under way, and, when completed next spring, will be devoted entirely to German immigrants. At No. 10 is a building which annually does an incalculable amount of good in rescuing immigrant girls who, otherwise, might be cast adrift on the big city. This is the Woman's Home Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, and is the headquarters of the work. Contrary to its title, the home is entirely undenominational, and there is always a welcome for the needy one whatever the creed or race. Next door, at No. 8, Scandinavian and, now and then, German and Hungarian strangers are looked after in the Lutheran Pilgrim house.

**Irish Institution the First.**

The oldest and most historical of these houses which once used to shelter fashionable New York and are now converted into charitable uses, is the adjoining one at No. 7, which is devoted exclusively to the care of Irish immigrant girls. This old colonial home with its quaint stairways and colonial windows which, even today are in a good state of preservation, was built by Samuel Rodgers, and a while later became the home of the Van Rensselaer family. During the civil war it served as a commissary department for regiments camped in Battery Park, and when lower State street began to change its character, the house was used as a home for harbor pilots. In 1836 it was bought by the Catholic church and the Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary, a home for Irish immigrant girls, was established. The German Catholic church next door, at No. 6, have a home exclusively for their use called the Leo Haus, and the work has grown to such an extent that the building has become inadequate for it.

**All Nations and Denominations.**

Next door to the new building that is going up for the German Lutheran Immigrant society in No. 3 is the Hungarian Relief society which makes a special effort to procure work for the immigrants, makes no charge for its services.

One of the most interesting places on State street is the lower end of the row at No. 1, where, under the auspices of the Protestant Episcopal Society for Seamen is a home for sailors, where they may spend their shore leave. There is a commodious reading room exclusively for their use and a bank in the rear which handles the savings deposited by Jack Tar when he lands in port. During the past year $116,000 was deposited by sailors and sent to their homes in various parts of the world, in sums ranging from $2 00 to $500. The work of the bank is mainly to prevent Jack from falling into the hands of land sharks when he comes ashore with his pay, and this bank offers him a chance to deposit his surplus until he really needs it.

# STILL AWAIT ANSWERS.

## Local Italians Hear No Word from Earthquake Stricken Towns.

Unmindful of the incessant rain and thoughtful only of those across the sea, hundreds of local Italians paced the streets last night, making continuous tours of the telegraph offices, anxiously inquiring if an answer had been received to any of the 40 odd cablegrams sent to Southern Italy Friday morning.

At a late hour last night no answer had been received from the towns reported to have been stricken by the earthquake. One man who sent a query to relatives in the town of San Mango, five miles distant from the nearest town said to have been affected, received a reply last night which stated that the residents of that town had all escaped with their lives, but that several buildings were shattered.

# POLICE DISCRIMINATION.

## Arrest Man Who Tries to Enforce the Law in His House.

Michael Savabtha, who keeps a boarding house at 621 Harrison street, got himself into trouble by trying to make his boarders obey the law. On Saturday night three of them insisted upon playing cards for money. Savabtha ordered them to desist, but they refused. Savabtha then called upon the police to act.

With that rare discrimination possessed only by members of the Pittsburgh police bureau, the officers arrested Savabtha and all his eight boarders. At the hearing yesterday morning Savabtha explained the situation, the three card players paid $4.40 each and Savabtha and the other five boarders were discharged.

**Homeless Boy on a Fire Escape.**

Ben Bandell, aged 15, who says he has no home, was arrested yesterday on the fire escape of the building occupied by P. J. Murphy at Third avenue and Smithfield street. His case will be investigated.

**Revolver Is a High-Priced Luxury.**

Sepnefski Conners was fined $10 and costs at the Penn avenue police station yesterday morning. Joseph Miller, a neighbor, said Conners drew a revolver on him and threatened to shoot.

JACKSONS
If
Your Clothes Come From Us They'll Be Right

Are you on the fence like many other men—don't know whether you'll buy a made-to-order or ready-made suit? Many a man has been bothered the same way until he came here and had his mind relieved.

Our own make suits bear all the earmarks of made-to-order garments and they cost a great deal less money.

At $15, $18 or $20
you can choose a suit that will look and wear as well as if it was built for you.

JACKSONS 954-956 LIBERTY ST.
Near Smithfield.

HAND SAPOLIO
FOR TOILET AND BATH
Delicate enough for the softest skin, and yet efficacious in removing any stain. Keeps the skin in perfect condition. In the bath gives all the desirable after-effects of a Turkish bath. It should be on every washstand.
ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station
Pennsylvania Lines.
By Central Standard Time.

| TRAINS. | LEAVE. | ARRIVE. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis | * 1.10 am | * 1.40 am |
| Fort Wayne and Chicago | * 1.15 am | * 1.50 pm |
| Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis | * 1.30 am | * 5.00 pm |
| Cleveland and Cincinnati | * 4.30 am | * 8.30 pm |
| Alliance and Orrville | * 5.30 am | * 9.40 am |
| Uniontown and Connellsville | * 6.30 am | * 8.40 am |
| Wellsville and Salamanca | * 6.30 am | * 8.40 pm |
| Alliance and Cleveland | * 7.00 am | * 1.25 pm |
| New Castle and Erie | * 8.05 am | * 5.55 pm |
| New Castle and Lake | * 8.05 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Youngstown and Ashtabula | * 8.30 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Ohio Valley Express | * 8.30 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Salem and Alliance | * 8.30 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Fort Wayne and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Wheeling and Bellaire | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Buffalo and Rochester | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver and Oil City | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Falls and New Castle | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Youngstown and New Castle | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Youngstown and Ashtabula | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland Limited | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Columbus and Cincinnati | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The Toledo Special | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Ohio and Texas | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Columbus Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Uniontown and Connellsville | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Jamestown and Mayville | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland and Erie | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland and Lake | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Fast Liverpool and Steubenville | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| New Castle and Erie | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Jamestown and Oil City | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Youngstown, Youngstown and Niles | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The St. Louis Special | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Connellsville and Uniontown | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The Cleveland and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Wheeling and Bellaire | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The Chicago Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland, Lake Erie Express, Limited | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Columbus and Indianapolis | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The St. Louis Limited | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The Pennsylvania Limited | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Toledo and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Falls and New Castle | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Alliance and Cleveland | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| The Pennsylvania Special | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Wheeling Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Chicago Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland and Chicago | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Chicago Limited | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Buffalo Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Cleveland Night Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Youngstown Accommodation | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Falls Accommodation | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Falls Accommodation | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Falls Accommodation | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| New Castle Accommodation | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| New Castle Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| New Castle Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Falls Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Beaver Valley Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Brownsville Accommodation | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Brownsville & N. Geo. Ex. | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| McKeesport & Brownsville | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Brownsville & New Haven | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Brownsville Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |
| Brownsville Express | * 9.00 am | * 5.55 pm |

F. C. & Y. trains for Carnegie, Bradford and Benchmont, 8.30 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 11.55 p. m. *Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
City ticket office, 355 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Supt. D. A. ROBINSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

WABASH SYSTEM
Station, Corner Liberty Ave. and Ferry St.
Central Time—*Daily

| | Depart | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| Wheeling Express | *7.00 a m | 9.20 a m |
| Toledo, St. L., Kan. City | *9.30 a m | 6.00 p m |
| Wheel. Ex. except Sun. | 4.20 p m | 7.45 p m |
| Wheeling Spl. Sun. only | 7.00 p m | 9.45 p m |
| St. L., Chi., Kan. City | *8.00 p m | 6.50 a m |

Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair cars on through trains. Cafe Parlor Car on Wheeling trains.
City Ticket Office, 820 Fifth Avenue.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.
Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time), for Conneaut, O.; Niles, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake at 1.45 a. m. and 1.35 p. m.; for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Kelsey at 8.45 a. m., 1.35 and 7.00 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.
E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE R. R.
CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in effect June 25, 1905.

| CENTRAL TIME. | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicago, Toledo & Detroit | * 7.35 am | * 1.35 pm |
| Cleveland "Flyer" | * 7.35 am | * 5.30 pm |
| Cleveland & Youngstown Ex. | * 9.15 am | * 3.00 pm |
| Buffalo Limited | * 9.30 am | * 3.30 pm |
| Cleveland, Toledo & Detroit | * 12.30 pm | * 7.25 pm |
| Cleveland & Chautauqua | * 3.10 pm | * 11.25 pm |
| Buffalo & Eastern Express | * 4.30 pm | * 8.55 pm |
| Lake Chautauqua, Fast Line | * 4.30 pm | * 8.55 pm |
| Buffalo & Erie Express | * 5.00 pm | * 10.00 pm |
| Cleveland & Chicago Ex. | * 5.30 pm | * 9.40 pm |
| Boston Special | * 7.30 pm | * 11.25 am |
| Cleveland & Detroit "Flyer" | * 8.35 pm | * 4.35 am |
| Chicago Limited | * 8.35 pm | * 4.35 am |
| Buffalo Express | * 12.00 am | * 6.30 am |
| Cleveland Night Express | * 11.45 pm | * 7.30 am |
| Youngstown Accommodation | * 1.55 am | * 9.00 am |
| Beaver Falls Accommodation | * 6.45 am | * 1.20 pm |
| Beaver Falls Accommodation | * 1.20 pm | * 9.20 am |
| Beaver Falls Accommodation | * 4.30 pm | * 10.10 pm |
| New Castle Accommodation | * 11.45 am | * 6.30 pm |
| New Castle Express | * 4.30 pm | * 7.25 am |
| New Castle Express | * 9.30 am | * 7.25 am |
| Beaver Falls Express | * 7.30 am | * 4.30 pm |
| Beaver Valley Express | * 7.30 am | * 8.45 am |
| Brownsville Accommodation | * 8.30 am | * 7.00 am |
| Brownsville & N. Geo. Ex. | * 8.30 am | * 4.30 pm |
| McKeesport & Brownsville | 11.25 am | 11.45 am |
| Brownsville & New Haven | * 1.30 pm | * 4.30 pm |
| Brownsville Express | * 4.30 pm | * 6.05 pm |
| Brownsville Express | 11.30 pm | * 1.05 pm |

*Every day. †Week days only. ‡Sundays only.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD
(Eastern Standard Time.)

| LINES EAST. | Depart. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Connellsville Accomods. | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Connellsville & Mt. Pleas. | * 1.30 am | * 8.40 am |
| Wash., Phil. & New York | * 1.40 am | * 7.40 pm |
| Chaun., Cum. & Fairmont | * 1.40 am | * 8.40 am |
| West Newton Accomods. | * 1.40 am | * 10.10 am |
| Connellsville & Mt. Pleas. | * 1.40 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Connellsville Accomods. | * 4.40 pm | * 8.40 pm |
| Morgantown Accomods. | | * 10.00 am |
| Washington Express | * 1.40 pm | * 12.10 pm |
| Philadelphia & New York (Duquesne Limited) | * 1.40 pm | * 7.40 pm |
| West Newton Accomods. | * 4.40 pm | * 8.40 pm |
| Wash., Phil. & New York | * 4.40 pm | * 12.10 am |
| LINES WEST VIA WHEELING. | | |
| Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac. | * 7.30 am | * 5.35 pm |
| Kenova-Parkersburg Cinc. Express | | |
| Cin., Col. & St. L. Ex. | * 1.30 am | * 1.40 pm |
| Wheeling & Parkersburg | * 1.30 am | * 5.35 pm |
| Wheeling & Parkersburg | * 4.30 pm | * 10.00 am |
| Wash. (Pa.) & Wheeling | * 4.30 pm | * 10.00 am |
| Wheeling & Parkersburg | * 7.30 pm | * 5.35 pm |
| Wash. (Pa.) & Wheel. Ac. | * 7.30 pm | * 10.00 am |
| Col. Cin. & St. L. Ex. | * 7.30 pm | * 7.40 pm |
| LINES WEST VIA AKRON. | | |
| Cleve., Akron & Chgo. | * 1.30 pm | * 7.40 pm |
| Chicago & Cleveland Limited | * 1.30 pm | * 7.40 pm |
| (Leave Allegheny.) | | |
| Butler | * 7.00 am | * 8.10 am |
| Butler, Foxburg | * 9.15 am | * 4.40 pm |
| Butler, Mars, Kane | * 9.15 am | * 4.40 pm |
| Butler, Oneo, Lake, Erie | * 9.15 am | * 4.40 pm |
| Butler | * 11.30 am | * 6.00 pm |
| Butler, Oneo, Lake, Erie | * 4.30 pm | * 10.00 pm |
| Elwood City | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Butler, Clarion, Greenville | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Butler, Edinburg, St. Charles | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Butler | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Butler | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Elwood, New Castle | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Butler, Foxburg | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |
| Butler | * 1.30 pm | * 6.10 pm |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

The Excelsior Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket offices, 110 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try streets, and Union Station.
W. W. ATTERBURY, J. R. WOOD,
General Manager. Pass'r Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD,
General Passenger Agent.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURGH RY.
Ticket Office, 504 Smithfield St. Trains Leave B. & O. Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.

| Eastern Standard Time. | Leave. | Arrive. |
|---|---|---|
| Buffalo and Rochester Express. (Cafe-Observation Chair cars daily.) | * 8.00 am | * 7.00 pm |
| Dubois Accommodation | * 1.00 pm | * 11.00 am |
| Buffalo & Rochester Night Express (Pullman Sleeping cars) | 11.00 pm | 7.40 am |

*Daily. †Week days.

# SPECIAL SERVICE FOR MACCABEES

The Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young Preaches Sermon to Members of That Order.

SOME ATTEND IN UNIFORM

After being remodeled throughout and the interior greatly enlarged, the new Second Presbyterian church, Eighth street, near Duquesne way, was reopened yesterday. Large congregations inspected the building both morning and evening.

In the evening special services were held for the Order of the Maccabees. Representatives from the various tents in the county were in attendance, including Great Commander W. E. Blaney. Members of the uniformed rank attended in uniform while there was also a large attendance of the Ladies of the Maccabees.

The pastor, the Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young, delivered a special sermon, using for his text Daniel xi:32, "The people that do know their God shall be strong and do exploits," and declaring that these words were written for the ancient Maccabees, said in part:

What so sings through the centuries as does an act heroic? Self-sacrifice for home, or country, or religion—this is heroism. On the triple score of these three combined, those old Maccabees were heroic. After Alexander the Great had spread the flavor of Greek civilization across the world petty imitators out-Greeked the Greeks. Even a Jewish high priest named Joshua, Grecized that glory-garlanded name into Jason. A Greek gymnasium profaned the temple area. Priests forsook the sanctuary to revel in the games. See the soldiers of Antiochus Epiphanes living in the Akra of Zion, issuing over and anon to harass the worshippers. Look at that Greek idol established on the very altar of Jehovah! Do you realize what they are forcing into the mouths of every Jew in Palestine? Swine's flesh. Whoso spews it out is slain. Dare mothers in Israel train their boys true to God? Yea, and yonder is the consequence—the lads butchered, then tied around their mothers' necks, then the mothers hurled from the city wall!

Swept all this flood of shame and suffering and death over that sad Jewish land until it came to Modin. Mattathias was there, Mattathias and his sons Joannan and Simon and Judas and Eleam and Jonathan. The right sort of father with five sons of the right sort can halt any devilry in Palestine or Pittsburgh. Praying ever, going to battle with open Bible, acting outside of battle as if everything depended upon God; acting in battle as if everything depended upon themselves, this Maccabee family won for their homes purity and happiness, for their nation independence, for their religion undying glory.

Sounding in our ears tonight, the story of the Maccabees pleads for men and women to give their whole lives afresh; first to restore and more than restore the old-time religious home life. Who can deny the decline of fireside religion in the Greater Pittsburgh region? Do you suppose that proportionally there are one-fifth as many families observing family Bible reading together and prayers together as there were here 50 years ago? Can anybody doubt the increase of impurity among the youth of our homes who have little opportunity to be impressed with Christian principles in the home and large opportunity outside to fall into immoralities? What, too, of the easy splitting of families by severing the marriage tie, until some John the Baptist would have considerable occasion to say here and here: "It is not lawful for thee to have her?" Come, ye modern Maccabees, forward whosoever will line up with those ancient brave souls of God, try conclusions with the enemies that threaten our own firesides.

See you not the strife between labor and capital, the inevitable conflict over trusts, the perils of increasing intemperance, the sharper and sharper race questions? Have we Maccabees enough to stand in the breach and make sure the victory for righteousness?

# TELLS OF BAPTIST WORLD CONGRESS

Dr. Warren G. Partridge Gives an Interesting Account of Great London Gathering.

H. KIRKE PORTER IS HONORED

The Rev. Dr. Warren G. Partridge, who has just returned from Europe, where he attended the Baptists' world congress in London during July, occupied his pulpit in the Fourth Avenue Baptist church yesterday morning and gave an interesting account of the congress. He said in part:

Baptists never held a world congress until this year. Many religious and secular papers say it made the most profound impression upon London which has ever been made upon that city by any similar gathering. The meetings were held in Exeter hall in the Strand, and in the immense Albert hall in the West End. There were over 4,000 delegates from all parts of the globe, besides many visitors. There were over 600 delegates from the United States. The Baptist union of Great Britain and Ireland welcomed the delegates with remarkable cordiality and enthusiasm. Hundreds of homes were opened for free entertainment of delegates. English Baptists are proverbial for most generous hospitality. The beautiful new Baptist church house on Southampton row, near High Holborn, which cost $250,000, was headquarters.

The opening meeting was held in Exeter hall. It was packed to its utmost capacity, and many were turned away who could not gain admittance, although admission was only by ticket. The address of welcome was given by the president of the Baptist union, Judge W. Willis, K. C. This was followed by the roll call of countries and responses. Delegates from all countries responded to the call. The Swedish delegation was the largest from any part of the continent. There are over 45,000 Baptists in Sweden. Japan responded with over 2,500 Baptists in that wonderful country.

Dr. Alexander MacLaren, the greatest living Baptist preacher, was the president and made a very able and eloquent address. His pulpit in Manchester, England, has been one of the most conspicuous in the world for over a generation. His sermons are masterpieces and are read around the world. He is over 80 years of age, but was the most commanding personality at the congress. He called upon the vast audience to arise and repeat the apostle's creed, which was done with enthusiasm.

One notable incident was the deputation of the National Free Church council, 20 or 30 strong. Dr. Horton spoke for the Free churches, saying that the world was deeply indebted to the Baptists for their remarkable stand for religious liberty in all ages. One session was devoted to national education, and powerful addresses were delivered denouncing the education act in England. All Baptists and Nonconformists believe that the education act is unjust and sectarian. It compels nonconformists to pay taxes for the support of Anglican and Catholic teachers to teach their sectarian catechisms in the public schools of England. D. Lloyd George, M. P., who is one of the most eloquent speakers in parliament, made a powerful address against the act. A great ovation was given to the Rev. John Clifford, M. A. LL. B. B. Sc., D. D., F. G. H. Dr. Clifford is acknowledged as the foremost champion of free schools and religious liberty among the nonconformists in England. He is the leader of the free churches in "passive resistance," and in denouncing the unjust education act. The nonconformists or Free Churchmen, as they are now called, outnumber the members of the Church of England in communicants and in church sittings, and in Sunday school scholars. The nonconformists now are the leading religious force in England. A Baptist world alliance was organized and the Hon. H. Kirke Porter of Pittsburgh was elected treasurer. The next meeting will be held in the United States five years hence.

### Hold Harvest Home Services.

Harvest Home services were conducted yesterday in the Third Cumberland Presbyterian church, Lemington avenue. The church was handsomely decorated with fruits and grains and the principal addresses were made in the afternoon, when the Revs. John Royal Harris and J. W. McKay and the pastor, the Rev. Charles R. Zahniser, spoke.

# WHAT MONEY CAN PURCHASE TODAY

Rector States That Elections, Social Position and Law Evasion Are for Sale.

BUT TRUE LOVE HAS NO PRICE

"The Power and Importance of Money" was the theme of the sermon delivered in St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church yesterday afternoon by the rector, the Rev. Dr. E. H. Ward. He cited the buying power of wealth, holding that elections, social position and violations of law could be achieved by money, but declared that there were greater and better things beyond the reach of riches.

Taking for his texts, Ecclesiastics, x:19, "Money answereth all things," and II Corinthians, vi:10, "As poor, yet making many rich, and yet possessing all things," he said in part:

The subject is a practical one, for we must all have money or at least that which money represents. From a moral standpoint money is neither good nor bad; it is simply a convenient medium of exchange. So many grains of gold constitutes a dollar, and this is made the standard by which we estimate the value of all things. In an organized society it is necessary for the transaction of business, and its acquisition is not only lawful but commendable. As the wise man says, "It answereth all things."

Money is power, for it can purchase the machinery which turns out the manufactured products of the civilized world. It represents the necessities, the conveniences, the comforts and luxuries of life. It also represents political power. Our elections are supposed to express the will of the people, but as all know, they are controlled by money. There is a sufficient number of votes which can always be purchased, to turn the tide in almost any election whether national, state, or municipal.

It also represents civil power. If a man or a corporation has money enough and is willing to spend it, almost any law on our statutes may be violated with impunity. Witness the beef trust and Standard Oil, quietly going on in its violation of law, when all the legal machinery of the government, backed by the president, is being brought to bear upon them. It is social power, too, for what is known as society is based upon money. With money enough a plain citizen may become the guest of the crowned heads of the old world.

But there are some things, and the most important, which money cannot purchase. It cannot buy the priceless boon of health, nor can it buy affection. Love is the most imperious passion of humanity and the supreme good of life. Without it the millionaire is poor indeed, and all his millions cannot purchase it. Parents may sell their daughters, women may sell their bodies, but their hearts, never! The horrible revelations of our divorce courts show us that nothing but mutual affection, the supreme love of two persons for each other, can guard the sanctity of the home, and insure its happiness.

And finally, money cannot buy character. The great business of life is the achievement of a character and in the work of character building money is powerless. The latent image of God in man can be developed into moral likeness to Him only through that soul's toil and tears. The circumstances of life, the pleasures and pains, its joys and sorrows, are our discipline in character, and each man for himself must work out his own salvation.

For the first time in the history of the congregation no Sunday evening service was held in St. Peter's church yesterday. The vesper service, which has usually been held at 7:45 o'clock, has been changed to take place beginning at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

It is proposed to make these services of special interest from an artistic musical standpoint, and yesterday afternoon Miss Sylvia Marcello Elcock, a prominent soprano soloist, who has just returned from four years' study in Italy, sang Gounod's "Oh Divine Redeemer," assisted by a vested choir of 16 trained voices. The anthem, "Abide With Us," was also rendered under direction of Organist and Musical Director Charles S. Johnson.

# CALLS PORTERS BAND OF THIEVES

Frequent Sleeping Car Robberies Arouse Wrath of a Railway Passenger Agent.

THE RAILROADS ARE HELPLESS

"An organized band of thieves," is the strong description given by a prominent railroad passenger agent a few days ago in discussing porters on Pullman cars.

This passenger man was angry at the time because there had been brought before him a case of lost pocketbook in a Pullman sleeping car on his line, in which all the circumstances pointed to the porter as the person who stole the book from a berth.

"Of course we will have this man put off the train. He can never run on our road again. Nevertheless, that does but little good. He will be sent out on another road in all probability, and the man who will come to our line may be one who has done the same thing on some other road.

"The system of handling sleeping cars is all wrong. It puts a railroad in a bad position every day in the year. The cars run over the road are patronized by the passengers secured by the railroad and yet we have no authority over the car employes. We scarcely know who are on these cars, although the passengers must be in their care for all or a good part of the run. The time is coming, and the sooner the better, when American railroads will operate their own sleeping and parlor cars. The few roads now doing this are getting far more satisfactory results than the great majority who use Pullman cars."

That the term "thief" would apply to all Pullman porters was not intended to be understood by the passenger official. That it did apply to a large proportion of them he meant strongly. He is convinced also that such losses as the one he had in mind are on the increase.

There has been considerable criticism of the Pullman company recently on their method of handling such cases, the ground for the criticism being that they pay more attention to fixing up their fences against a claim for loss than to the recovery of the lost property and the punishment of the guilty employe.

### TWO NEW SOCIETIES.

Catholic Total Abstinence League Rapidly Increasing Its Membership.

Two new societies of the Catholic Total Abstinence league were formed yesterday afternoon at St. Catherine's church in Banksville, one a junior society, composed of boys and girls, the other composed of adults. The two organizations have a total membership of 75.

The Rev. Father J. J. O'Brien, rector of the church, appealed to his congregation to join the league, and the response to his talk resulted in the greater part of his congregation placing their names on the roll. An address to the junior society was given by John R. McKazney, a student at Pittsburgh college, and third vice president of the society in the Pittsburgh diocese. Charles D. McShane of the East End, a former organizer, spoke on "Modern Drinking."

"Temperance, From the Laboring Man's Standpoint," was the subject of an address by Stephen Madden, organizer of the league. Mr. Madden will next organize a society at Castle Shannon.

### Honor Memory of Missionary.

Memorial services in honor of Miss Katherine Fleeson, a missionary to Siam who died two months ago, were conducted in the North Presbyterian church, Allegheny, last evening. The pastor, the Rev. Dr. H. D. Lindsay, delivered a eulogistic address, and appropriate hymns were sung.


# BRIGHTON HEIGHTS

## SEPT. 18th - 24th.

REMEMBER THE TIME AND PLACE

There are only 261 sites on this beautiful tract of Mr. John Walker's late holdings---and every day they are picking them out.

# WHY?

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# MR. DEVERY

He Explains a Few Things In Regard to Figures.

IF YOU'RE ever in a place where a man comes to you and trots out a pencil to show you how it is, regard him with suspicion, said Mr. Devery, an' if he pazses out a line of conversation about figures never lyin', bat him over the head with a bung starter. If you haven't got no bung starter, take the first thing to hand, an' save yourself trouble. Of course, you've always got to remember your good breedin'. If ladies is present you've got to hold off. There is times, such as this, when it ain't polite to draw your club. You've got to deal with the situation delicate as the surroundin's demand. If you're in a restaurant where you don't want to make no fuss, all you have to do is to lean back in your chair an' laugh as soon as he draws the lead. When he begins figurin', you laugh a bit louder. If he keeps it up, you just pick up a loaf, smash him over the head with it an' say, "You're the funniest fellow I ever see; always fond of a joke." Then the ladies joins in the merriment, and the guy can't get mad. But take care you soak him good. An' don't worry about the loaf; it'll stand it. Another thing is, it's good for the work. I knoo a gentlemens once that used to live in the Ninth ward, who could knock you out with a Raines law sandwich, an' he wasn't no slung shot expert at that. The point I want to make is that there is certain classes of people you can smash for the good of the community. The bunch that trots out a pencil to figure with you is one of 'em. A Vermont Prohibitionist is another. Anythin' you can do in the line of puttin' a Vermont Prohibitionist out of business comes under the general headin' of good citizenship an' public service. An' the boy that figures with you is in the same boat. Figures lie just the same as anythin' else, only more so. The man that says they don't is either a come-on or a crook, an' in either event you want to cut him out.

You've got to remember, though, in figurin' up the question of liars, that there is animate liars an' inanimate liars. Figures is the greatest of inanimate liars. The other honors is handed out to the chairmen of national committees. Of course you understand that animate liars is classed as those that's alive, so I ain't referrin' to no dead ones. I mention this, as Tom Taggart might feel as if I was takin' a wipe at him, which ain't the case. I've always been a great admirer of Tom, as he knows. Of coorse there is some people that hoids Tom never was really a chairman of a national committee, but I like to be particular an' I don't want no mistakes made. I heard he was. Very well, then. If a guy comes at you on the double-quick with a pencil, cut him out. He's out to trim you sure. If he ain't, he's there to show you how you wasn't trimmed when you was. An' them figures he'll set down 'll sing as pretty a toon as ever you heard. Lies an' figures? why, there's nothin' to it. Look at the sacred city of Philadelphia; look at the election records. When you compare the records with the facts, you'll find there was 85,000,000 dead ones voted at the polls. Can you beat that? Of course everybody knows there's a few dead ones in Philadelphia, but you can't jam it down my throat that they all voted. It's the same thing down south. There's where the figures tells a tale that would set your hair on end. All the niggers has a franchise. Some of 'em keeps 'em as scuvangers. Five thousand of 'em skates up to the ballot box an' votes the straight Republican ticket. After they get through one thousand three hundred an' seven good loyal Democrats drops in their ballots. There ain't no deception. Every man is counted as he goes in. An' none of 'em is allowed to cast more than one ballot. They're mighty particular on that, let me tell you. Well, what comes of it? After the polls is closed the tellers goes into a back room to have a smoke. They don't need to count no votes. That's been done long ago. In half an hour the results is announced: For Jones, Democrat, 1,307; for Brown, Republican, 0. The coons never voted at all. They just think they did. They're mistook.

Of course, the Democrats don't feel badly about it. It couldn't be helped. Any man's liable to make a mistake. As a matter of fact, all men do, outside of a howlin' Dervish an' a political reformer. When the figures is posted you can see the coons in punches wonderin' how it happened. What's more, they don't know until some guy butts in to explain it to them. Then it's clear. "You see," he says, "there was 5,000 of you fellows an' 1,307 of us. Very well, then, get your pencils out (then they're figurin'). Well, 1,307 an' 5,000 makes 6,307, don't it? Good enough. Now the natural Democratic majority here is 1,307, ain't it? All right. Deduct 1,307 from 6,307, leaves 5,000. Now, then, there was by actual count 1,307 of us fellows went to vote; that you see; that leaves 3,693; ain't that right? Figure it out. Well, you'll admit that there's fully 2,000 of you niggers out of town at the barbecue, an' I know positive there are 1,693 Democrats that ain't here. Very well, then, what do we find? Take 3,693, then take the 2,000 of you fellows that wasn't there an' the 1,693 of us fellows that wasn't there, an' what do you get? Why, 3,693; that explains it all. If you take 3,693 from 3,693, what have you left? Nothin'—that's the Republican vote. You see, it might seem funny, but it ain't when you get right down to figurin'." Then he walks away an' the coons suppose it's so. If there's any of 'em still in doubts the guy gets mad. "Why," he says, "I could show you where we was swindled out of our just count, but I ain't no kicker. There was 2,000 of you fellows away, wasn't there? An' there was 1,693 of us away, wasn't there? That's 3,693. Now, since you're kickin' I'll show you. There was 6,307 votes; well, take 3,693 away an' what is it? Two thousand six hundred and fourteen. But what did they allow us? Why, only 1,307. We was swindled out of the balance in the count. The Republican vote wasn't nothin', was it? Very well, then, be satisfied." There ain't no more argument to it. It's the figures that tells. The coons makes up their minds next year none of their bunch is goin' to be off at no barbecue.

I'll tell you one thing, though; you can't do no figurin' with a woman. She knows. You can't con her. The old man gets $27.50 per, an' he shows up with $22.50 an' a pencil. But that don't cut no figure. He shows where the street car fares was ten cents a day for six days, an' that he bought a round of drinks for forty cents. Then he paid a dollar to a guy that he owed it, an' blew in thirty cents a day for his lunches, which is three eighty, an' twenty cents to various waiters is four dollars. After he thinks a while he shows where he paid fifty cents on an express package, an' stamps an' other incidentals took up the other fifty. An' when he gets through the wife looks at him an' says: "Your figures is fine, but who's the dame you blowed that five on" He don't say a word. He was brought up good. He don't go in for lyin', and there ain't no use in him harpin' on the truth. The best thing he can do is to hop out quick an' dig up the five spot. Pencils is no use. Figures don't count. The only one that counts is the wife, an' she counts up twenty-seven fifty.

I see accordin' to the papers where Gates lost $57,000 at the Saratoga races. There is figures again. Do you suppose they're facts? No chance. It's a fifty to one shot that for every fifty cents he loses on the track he picks up a dollar in the pool rooms, an' that when the sums is made up he's $57,000 to the good. Maybe he figures his losin's in dollars an' his winnin's in yens or kopecs. That's where they get the bulge on you when they're figurin'. If you say two dollars to a Jap he drops dead. He out with a pencil to see where he's at, an' before you know it, he's figures up 7,439,206,472½ yens. These days, after he gets through with the yens, he begins translatin' it into kopecs, an' in half an hour he's ready for the bug house an' so are you. I don't see why they don't have this yen and kopec game here. It's a great thing.

It's all very well to laugh, but any game that allows a man with seventeen dollars an' forty-five cents to be a millionaire gets my vote. I'm for the upliftin' of the poor. If you want to know whether figures lie or not ask this Noo York guy Mushenheim that runs the Astor hotel. He knows. He got trimmed out of fifty thousand dollars by the waiters, in four months, an' when he come to add it all up he found where the checks was all right. Everything come out right to the penny except him, an' he was only the boss anyhow. But that was all doo to the inspectors. Every time a waiter come out of the kitchen with a steak an' French fried potatoes valued at four seventy-five, the inspector got color blind. All he could see on the tray was a piece of pie an' a glass of milk; check, sixty cents. Him an' the waiter split up the four, an Mush got the sixty cents because he didn't butt in an' go to interferin'. The other fifteen was raked in by the pikers. Every guy in the place was color blind. None of 'em could tell the bosses' money from their own. It was all green. So was Mush. But he ain't green now. He's on. I tell you he's on so much that it ain't safe to talk figures to him without you're insured.

Of course, in considerin' figures a great deal depends on who's doin' the figurin'. Take, for instance, the washtub brothers, Munroe an' Munroe. If they have seventeen million dollar stock certificates to sell they can wear out a gross of pencils in an hour. After the results is reached there's enough figures down to prove to a dead man that the dividends is bound to be sixteen and three-eighths per cent at the lowest possible calculation. The real dividends is Japan's irreducible minimum—nothin'. The figures, of course, didn't lie. They just made a mistake. If you want to get on to the proper way of dopin' out gures you want to study what they call a Charley Murphy balance sheet. The first page is where you take in. It's headed "Receipts."

| | |
|---|---|
| Aug. 2—Dogs of the 18th Assembly district | $ 2,341 60 |
| Aug. 3—Other dogs | 13,469 00 |
| Aug. 4—Birthday present from Consolidated Gas Company, but sent in at wrong date | 50,000 00 |
| Aug. 5—Surplus of buildin' department fund | 8,435 60 |
| Aug. 6—From the boys | 3,806 16 |
| Aug. 8—For raising value of real estate | 7,600 00 |
| Aug. 8—Donation from lawyer who fixed it up | 500 00 |
| Aug. 8—Advance payment from guy who wants to have it fixed up other way an' don't know the trick's pulled off | 1,000 00 |
| Total | $87,044 16 |

The next sheet don't take up near so much room. This is the Disbursement Sheet, an' it's always got to balance right.

| | |
|---|---|
| Aug. 3—Noo hat | $4 00 |
| Refreshments for boys of 19th Dist. | 40 00 |
| Unnamed charity | 16 |
| Incidentals | 87,000 00 |
| Total | $87,044 16 |
| Balance | $56,000 00 |

After you've studied this system for a while you'll see where figures never lie. If they don't do no more they tell you where the dough goes to.

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And isn't it a pleasing advantage to know that you'll be in readiness when the time comes?

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## Hotel & Resort Information

THE Gazette will keep constantly on hand a large supply of literature concerning hotels and resorts advertised in its columns; also time cards, special rates and other printed matter of interest to resorters.

Special information regarding particular resorts, distance from Pittsburgh, rates and transportation will be furnished on request.

Inquiries should be made by mail, stating as fully as possible location and nature of resort about which information is desired.

Address:

Gazette's Hotel & Resort Information Bureau.

ATLANTIC CITY.

THE IRVINGTON

On the beach at Virginia ave., overlooking boardwalk and steel pier. No finer location; very center of all attractions. Modern, up-to-date hotel. Capacity 300. Elevator, baths, extensive porches, etc. Table and service a feature. Special rate for large ocean-view rooms during September, $8, $10 up weekly, $1.50 up daily. W. F. WATTS.

THE ALBEMARLE.

Virginia ave., near the ocean; most popular section. Elegant modern hotel, entirely new throughout. Capacity 400. Fine large rooms, metal beds, private baths, elevator, etc. 4,000 ft. of wide, cool porches. Frequent social features. Superior table. Special terms—$8, $10, $12.50 up weekly; $2 up daily; $1.50 rating in fall, winter and parties during September and October. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

THE SAVOY

Directly on the beach. Hot and cold water in every bedroom. Rooms en suite with sea water baths. Elevator, etc. Capacity 400. Booklet. C. M. HANLEY.

HOTEL GLADSTONE.

Directly on the beach. Unobstructed ocean view from every room. Southern exposure. Cool rooms, with baths, en suite; salt water in all baths, etc. Write for booklet. N. J. COLLINS.

HOTEL MAJESTIC

Ocean End Virginia Ave. Modern and excellent. Capacity 350. Best location. Elevator and all appointments. Special rates $15 up weekly. Booklet. SAMUEL A. ELLIS.

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STANLEY—South Carolina, near Beach. Moderate; new throughout. Table and service our feature. Capacity 200. $2.00 up daily; $10.00 up weekly. SAAM & IRWIN, formerly of Irwin, Pa.

HOTEL WORTHINGTON—Pacific and Missouri Aves. Spacious rooms; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; $9 up weekly. J. B. WORTHINGTON.

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LA BELLE INN—South Carolina ave. and beach; first-class table, $1.50 day up; $9 up weekly. MRS. J. YOUNGBLOOD.

HOTEL ATGLEN—Michigan Avenue, near Beach. First-class family house, $8 to $10 weekly. Booklet. J. E. REED.

COLWYN—Michigan Ave., near beach. Home comforts. $1.25 to $2 daily, $7 to $12 weekly. F. C. Warburton.

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THE SUNDAY GAZETTE EMBRACES EVERY FEATURE OF A MODERN NEWSPAPER


# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 11, 1905.—PAGES 9 TO 16.


THE GAZETTE WANT ADS ARE NOTED FOR THEIR QUICK RESULTS—TRY THEM

# UP-TO-DATE NEWS IN WIDE WORLD OF SPORTS---PIRATES WIN AGAIN

## LEIFIELD AGAIN WINS HIS GAME

Pittsburgh's New Recruit Gains Decision Over Thielman in a Fair Contest, 5 to 3.

GERMANS ARE IN EVIDENCE

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 5 | St. Louis | 3 |
| Cincinnati | 5 | Chicago | 2 |

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

| | W. | L. | Pct. | | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 89 | 36 | .712 | Cincinnati | 64 | 65 | .496 |
| Pittsburgh | 86 | 45 | .672 | St. Louis | 50 | 81 | .382 |
| Chicago | 74 | 55 | .584 | Boston | 42 | 88 | .323 |
| Philadelphia | 69 | 58 | .543 | Brooklyn | 38 | 86 | .306 |

GAMES TODAY.

Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at New York.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 10.—There was a great day, or part of a day, for the German confederacy at Sportsmens park this afternoon. The game resulted in a victory for the Pittsburgh Teutons, after a six-inning contest, in which the Pirates batted out another game in the first two innings by bunching hits, 5 to 3.

The members of the invading confederacy, headed by such clever leaders as Wagner, Peitz, Ganley and that promising young St. Louis lad, Leifield, jumped into the fray from the drop of the hat, and in a short time the contest was too much one-sided to be of much interest.

The St. Louis members of the confederacy were augmented by a native son, Arthur Hoelsketter, late of the Denver club. He is a right sprightly youngster and gives strong indications of being in the Cardinal line in seasons to come. Arndt and Thielman, ably assisted the overnight entry of the Cardinals, but the might of the men from Smoketown was too much.

Those Pirates are thoroughly imbued with the delusive phantom that they will beat out Johnny McGraw's Giants, and thus avenge their owner on the doughty little Giant chieftain for shouting "Hey Barney."

The honors, as far as Thielman and Leifield were concerned, were about even, each member giving seven hits. But the teams back of their two slingers turned the tide. Hans Wagner was the leading spirit in the assault. Both of his smashes resulted in runs.

Despite the poor condition of the grounds the Pirates showed that they were excellent mudders, and Honus even stole a base in the mire. They grabbed the two opening runs largely by excellent base running. Singles by Ganley, Beaumont and Wagner, and a double by Howard, netted a pair of runs. Brain ended the rally by hitting to Thielman. A base on balls to Peitz was passed and scored on Ganley's good clout to right. From the stands it seemed that little Dunleavy's throw had beaten Michael to the plate, but Emslie ruled Peitz safe. Wagner beat out a bunt, stole second, took third on another bunt, and scored on a fly to Shannon.

Arndt's pass in the second inning, Grady's out and McBride's bunt, scored the Cardinals' first run. A moment after Dunleavy ripped off his second double out of two times up, and scored George. Grady walked. McBride's second hit, and Dunleavy's hard rap to Ritchey, scored Michael Angelo. The score:

| Pittsburgh | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. | St. Louis. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ganley, r.. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Dunle'vy, r. | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Leach, l.... | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Shannon, l.. | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| B'mont, m. | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Smoot, m.... | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Wagner, s. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 | Beckley, l.. | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Howard, l. | 0 | 2 | 11 | 0 | 0 | Hoelske'r, 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Brain, 3.... | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Arndt, 2.... | 1 | 0 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| Ritchey, 2. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | Grady, c.... | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Peitz, c.... | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 1 | McBride, s. | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Leifield, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Thielman, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Totals.... | 5 | 7 | 18 | 12 | 0 | Totals.... | 3 | 7 | 18 | 10 | 1 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —3 |
| Pittsburgh | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —5 |

Two-base hits—Dunleavy 2; Howard. Sacrifice hit—Leach. Double plays—Brain, Ritchey and Howard; Ritchey and Howard. Stolen bases—Arndt, Wagner. Bases on balls—Off Thielman 3; off Lleifield 3. Struck out—By Thielman 1; by Lleifield 1. Time—1:20. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—5,200.

### Reds Defeat the Cubs.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 10.—Two games were scheduled for this afternoon, but owing to darkness and bad grounds the second game was declared off. Cincinnati easily won. Odwell was hit twice on the back by pitched balls and retired in favor of Bridewell. Score:

| Cincinnati. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. | Chicago. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Huggins, 2. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Slagle, m... | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Barry, 1.... | 2 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 0 | Casey, 3.... | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Kelley, l.... | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Chance, 1... | 0 | 2 | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| Seymo'r, m | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Schulte, l... | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Corcoran, s | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Tinker, s.. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Steinf'dt, 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | Maloney, r.. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Odwell, r.. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Evers, 2.... | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Bridwell, r. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Kling, c.... | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Schlei, c... | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 0 | Beulbach, p | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Overall, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | *McCarthy.. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals.... | 5 | 11 | 27 | 7 | 1 | Totals.... | 2 | 8 | 24 | 12 | 1 |

*Batted for Reulbach in ninth.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | —5 |
| Chicago | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |

Two-base hit—Seymour. Three-base hit—Corcoran. Stolen base—Odwell. Bases on balls—Off Overall 2; off Reulbach 4. Sacrifice hits—Barry, Evers, Casey, Overall. Hit with ball—By Reulbach 2. Struck out—By Overall 7; by Reulbach 2. Time—2:10. Umpire—Bauswein.

## LAST GAMES WILL DECIDE 1905 RACE

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—The "Three I" league championship pendulum last week swung from Dubuque to Rock Island and then turned back to Rock Island the latter part of the week. The race between these two clubs becomes closer daily instead of one team drawing away from the other. The final week must decide the race, and big attendances are expected next week when the Rock Island nine goes to Dubuque for the final series.

Decatur is now apparently out of the race and must be content with second or third place. Springfield has advanced to fourth place and will try to overhaul Decatur.

Cedar Rapids passed both Bloomington and Davenport last week, going to fifth place for the first time this season. The rabbits have been coming fast during the past month and are playing the best game of the season. Peoria has also improved, their defeats of Dubuque and Rock Island pulling the team far above the .500 mark. The chances are that when the season closes, September 17, that there will be but 125 points between the leaders and tail-enders.

The Bloomington team holds the record for disabled players for the season, and the drop from first to seventh place in a month's time is no surprise to those who have kept record of the mishaps.

### Wallaces Win Game.

At Hayesville—

| Wallaces. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. | Hayesville. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Green, s... | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | Buzza, 2... | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 |
| England, l. | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Hoover, l... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Bender, l.. | 2 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 0 | Beadell, l.. | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 1 |
| E.Grall, m | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | D.Murf'y, p. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Hamilton, c | 1 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 1 | M'Cart'r, m | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Donaghy, 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | Miller, r.... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Shaw, r... | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | G.Murf'y, 3. | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Griffith, 3. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 0 | Jones, s.... | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| F.Grall, p. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | Gleason, c.. | 1 | 2 | 13 | 1 | 0 |
| Totals.... | 14 | 14 | 27 | 17 | 3 | Totals.... | 9 | 6 | 27 | 11 | 6 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wallaces | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 5 | —14 |
| Hayesville | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0 | —9 |

Home runs—England 2. Two-base hits—Green, England 2, Grall. Struck out—By Grall 5, by Murphy 2. First base on balls—Off Grall 1, off Murphy 3. Hit by pitched balls—Shaw, Hamilton. Umpire—Tyler.


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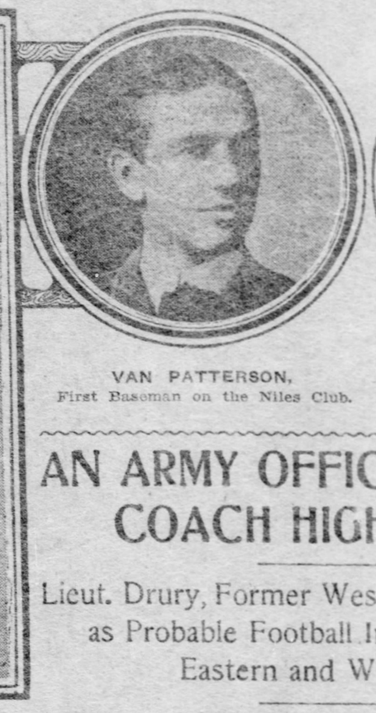
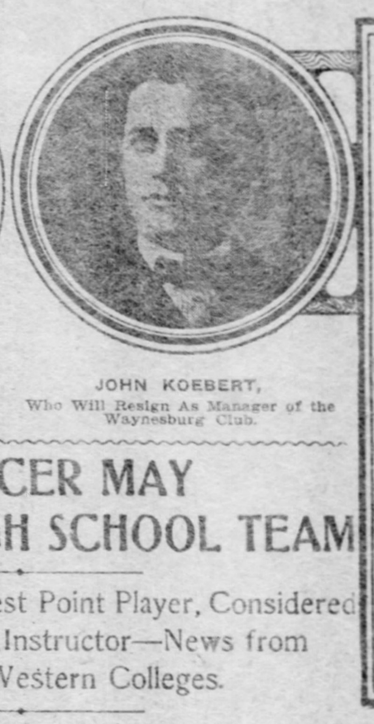
## WELL-KNOWN INDEPENDENT BALL PERFORMERS

LEW SCHETTLER,
Pitcher of the Sharon Team.



VAN PATTERSON,
First Baseman on the Niles Club.



JOHN KOEBERT,
Who Will Resign As Manager of the Waynesburg Club.

AUGUST SCHMIDT (SMUT),
Catcher and Outfielder of the McKeesport Team.

## AN ARMY OFFICER MAY COACH HIGH SCHOOL TEAM

Lieut. Drury, Former West Point Player, Considered as Probable Football Instructor—News from Eastern and Western Colleges.

The Pittsburgh High school football candidates will begin practice the latter part of this week under Capt. Worrell. But four players from last year's team will appear at the initial workout: Patterson, center; Verner, end; Page, end; and McAllister, fullback. Capt. Worrell will again play halfback. High school has not as yet selected a coach, but it is expected that one will be secured this week. There are several men in view, the most likely being Lieut. Drury, U. S. A., now stationed at the Allegheny arsenal, and Hoffman, a former University of Pennsylvania tackle, who coached the Pennsylvania freshman eleven last fall. Lieut. Drury played on the West Point team four years.

Jack Lang takes charge of the Westminster eleven today. Lang was in Pittsburgh yesterday.

Not until tomorrow can it be determined how many of the old Michigan football men will be back for the 1905 season. The rumor comes that Michigan is likely to lose the services of Girard Shulte, who has intimated that he may remain out of college for a year for business reasons. Schulte made the team in his freshman year.

Harvard will have plenty of weight again this season in Parkinson, Parker and Squires, in the middle line, and Brill, another heavy, experienced man, for one of the tackle positions. Harvard was weakest on the play of her ends last season and some new material there will be needed and looked for eagerly by the coaches.

It seems to be a general opinion that Notre Dame, with its eight regulars and three substitutes of last year, together with nearly a dozen of big fellows of football caliber to pick from, ought to put in a strong bid for the state championship of Indiana, and to hold down and perhaps score against Wisconsin in the early October game. Of last year's regulars, Sliver, quarterback; Sheehan, center; McNerny, left end; Funk, right tackle; Donovan, right guard; Healy, left tackle; Bracken, halfback, and Waldorf, halfback, are returning, while Langtry, Keefe and Sudheimer, substitutes, will also be back.

One-quarter of a hundred candidates for football honors at Minnesota this year gathered this week at Waconia, a little summer resort about 40 miles southwest of Minneapolis, and entered into training for the Gopher team of 1905, under the immediate direction of Coach Henry L. Williams, Assistant Coach Dobie and last year's captain, Strathern.

"At Princeton the material, especially of the veteran type, is as rare as at any of the eastern colleges this season," says Walter Camp. "Capt. Cooney must get out a line to make good the gaps and is making every effort to do it. He can count on some veteran material, and it is fairly well distributed, so that the new material will match in a new man between two old men, which always aids the new man. He has a good end in Tooker and a good guard in Dillon, and a first-class back in Rulon-Miller, and another promising man, although last season he had hard luck, in McCormick. But this is only a sprinkling of material and must be jacked up by plenty of new, strong, husky men. Princeton has a way, however, of doing much always with untried men, and there is no place where there is more grim determination exhibited when things look dark than down in Nassau. They are likely to start out with a kicking game, making use of Tooker's ability to cover the kick and endeavoring to develop a strong mate to him."

J. H. Rush, for the past three years football coach and trainer at University School, will return to that school again this fall. Rush has accepted the position of physical director of the school, taking the place of H. S. Anderson, who has joined his brother in work in the gymnasium at Yale.

Trainer Johnnie Mack's successor at Mercersburg academy will be Eddie Hobbs, a well-known New England athlete. He succeeded John Lathrop as trainer at Bowdoin when the latter went to Harvard. He has been very successful as a trainer. It was in 1897 that Hobbs ran his first race, winning a 75-yard in 7 4-5, following this by winning many races, the best of which was a quarter in 49 4-5. He went to England, where he won many handicaps from scratch, and upon his return to America he defeated both Christie, of America, and Cummins of Australia, in a 100-yard race, which was done in 10 seconds flat. Last spring he trained Bowdoin college, who won the Maine intercollegiates. His star athletes were Denning, with 150 for hammer, 44 feet for shot and Tobey, hurdler, who did 15 4-5 seconds, and Robinson, who ran two miles in 10:10.

### DETROIT WINS THE FIRST AND CHICAGO SECOND GAME

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—Chicago broke even with Detroit today. Detroit winning the first game 3 to 1 and Chicago taking the second, 5 to 2, the second game being called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness. Attendance, 16,980. Score:

FIRST GAME.

| Chicago. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. | Detroit. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jones, m.... | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | M'Intyre, l. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Isbell, r.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Lindsay, l.. | 1 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Davis, s.... | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | Schaefer, 2. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Callahan, l. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Crawford, r | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Donohue, l. | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | Cobb, m.... | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| M'Far'd, c. | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 0 | Coughlin, 3. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Rohe, 2.... | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | O'Leary, s.. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Tan'hill, 3. | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | Warner, c... | 0 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 0 |
| Smith, p.... | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Wiggs, p.... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Totals.... | 1 | 6 | 27 | 15 | 1 | Totals.... | 3 | 6 | 27 | 8 | 0 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —1 |
| Detroit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —3 |

Two-base hits—Crawford, McFarland, Lindsay. Sacrifice hit—Lindsay. Schaefer, O'Leary. Double play—Crawford and Lindsay. Struck out—By Smith 6, by Wiggs 10. Passed ball—Warner. Bases on balls—Off Smith 2, off Wiggs 5. Hit with ball—McIntyre. Time—1:52. Umpires—Connelly and Connor.

SECOND GAME.

| Chicago. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. | Detroit. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jones, m.... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | M'Intyre, l. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Isbell, r.... | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Lindsay, l. | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| Davis, s.... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | Schaefer, 2. | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Callahan, l. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Crawford, r | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Donohue, l. | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | Cobb, m.... | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Sullivan, c. | 1 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 0 | Coughlin, 3. | 0 | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Rohe, 2.... | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | O'Leary, s.. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Tan'hill, 3. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | Drill, c..... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| White, p.... | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Mullin, p... | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| Totals.... | 5 | 4 | 21 | 10 | 2 | Totals.... | 2 | 7 | 18 | 9 | 2 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | * | — | 5 | |
| Detroit | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | — | 2 | |

Two-base hit—Mullin. Sacrifice hits—Isbell, McIntyre, Callahan, Donohue, Davis. Stolen bases—Crawford, O'Leary, Mullin. Double play—Crawford and Lindsay. Struck out—By White 5, by Mullin 2. Bases on balls—Off White 1, off Mullin 6. Time—1:32. Umpires—Conner and Connolly.

### Vanderbilt's Belmar Wins.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—The Prix de Villiers, at one mile for 2-year-olds at Longchamps today, was won by W. K. Vanderbilt's Belmar.

## INDIVIDUAL WINNERS ARE ANNOUNCED

SEAGIRT, N. J., Sept. 10.—The winners of the individual matches conducted under the auspices of the National Rifle association and of the New Jersey State Rifle association, were announced today as follows:

Spencer match—Won by Capt. William B. Martin, New Jersey; Reading match, won by Lieut. H. L. Smith, New Jersey; New Jersey State Rifle association trophy match, won by Capt. A. E. Wells, New York; Hayes match, won by Capt. William B. Martin, New Jersey; Schuetzen match, won by A. F. Landerseck; disappearing target match, won by Lieut. J. E. Stedge, United States army; consolidated match, won by Lieut. Simon, Ohio; all comers revolver match, won by Thomas Anderton, New York.

### JAKE STAHL TO CONTINUE MANAGING THE NATIONALS

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—Jake Stahl, who has done so well this year, will again be the leader of the Nationals next year. Discouraged by illness and a losing team, the young manager had decided to give up baseball altogether and begin a business career in Chicago, where he has many friends. But things have gone better in the last month, and Stahl has changed his mind. When President Johnson appointed Stahl manager of the Washingtons almost a year ago he gave him a two-year contract, but notwithstanding that he felt deeply inclined to seek another field of usefulness.

### Johnstown Wants Games.

Owing to the fact that the Interstate fair will be held in Johnstown the week of September 25-30, the Johnstown club, now making a hot race for the Tri-State pennant, can book three or four dates away from home that week. The first to come with suitable guarantee will be the first served. Communications can be addressed to the secretary at Johnstown.

## INDEPENDENT AND MINOR LEAGUE BALL GOSSIP

Independent Standing.

| | Won. | Lost. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Youngstown | 81 | 36 | .692 |
| Akron | 57 | 29 | .614 |
| Niles | 59 | 34 | .635 |
| Zanesville | 53 | 37 | .590 |
| Braddock | 20 | 20 | .500 |
| Lancaster | 34 | 36 | .486 |
| Homestead | 28 | 32 | .467 |
| Newark | 26 | 41 | .450 |
| Akron | 24 | 32 | .429 |
| McKeesport | 18 | 33 | .409 |
| Mt. Vernon | 25 | 41 | .379 |

Capt. Jimmy Ryan, manager of the Evansville Central league baseball club, has been selected to again manage the team next year.

Pitcher McHale, late of Washington, has joined the Braddock team.

The announcement that Cincinnati had drafted "Whitey" Alperman of Millvale, the star third baseman of Davenport, was pleasing to the admirers of that hard working player. He is probably the fastest man on that sack in the I. I. I. league, and in addition is one of the surest hitters.

Peterson, who has signed with the Boston Americans for next season, says he will stay with Harrisburg if they want him.

If Manager Hamilton refuses an offer to remain at Harrisburg another season First Baseman Calhoun will be tendered the leadership of the team.

Canton has signed Bade Meyers for manager next season, and this has put a stop to the talk that Canton will not be in the league next season. The attendance at Canton has been large all season, and the town has proved to be one of the best in the Central league. There is some talk of Peoria, Ill., Saginaw, Mich., and Kalamazoo, Mich., being in the organization next year. Fort Wayne, it is said, would like to return, and Vincennes, the winner of the pennant in the "Ki-Yi" league, is also an applicant for admission.

There is a new story told of Bobby Rothermel, the little, bow-legged and pigeon-toed second baseman of the Altoona team. In his younger days he organized the famous "Bloomer Girls" and toured the south with them. He was unable to secure a girl who had nerve enough to go behind the bat, so nothing daunted, Bobby donned the bloomers himself and palmed himself off as a girl. His lack of beard enabled him to do this without being detected.

Jimmy Sebring is batting at a .400 clip for Williamsport, leading that team. Other heavy hitters of the league are Badel, McConnell and Atherton of Johnstown; Hayden and O'Neil of York, Magie of Altoona and Barger of Lancaster.

Altoona and Shamokin will this week fight it out for fifth place in the Tri-State league race.

Edward Spencer, the St. Louis American Texas recruit, who is an old Kiski boy, is the best throwing catcher who has come into major league company for many years. He handles pitched balls well and so seldom shows lack of experience that by the close of this season he will be the premier receiver of his team. Manager McAleer's confidence in the youngster is demonstrated by the number of games to which he assigns him. Spencer has batted about .250 in the American league and is expected to improve in this and other departments of the game, except throwing, when the novelty of his new associations wears off. Mack, Griffith and other major league managers speak in high praise of his work and the best base stealers of the American respect the speed and accuracy of his throwing.

## RETIREMENTS FROM THE GAME

### Sheriff Koebert, Manager of the Waynesburg Team, Says He Will Quit This Fall.

John Koebert, sheriff of Greene county and manager of the Waynesburg baseball team, announces his retirement from all matters that pertain to the great national game. Sheriff Koebert is very much unlike other managers of independent teams inasmuch as he is in the game for the love of it. He does not receive one cent in salary for his services rendered the Waynesburg team, but he contributes to its support and devotes considerable time to conducting its business.

"Baseball is all right, but no more for me after this season," declares Koebert. "If all players were like Milt. Montgomery, our captain, I should not think of giving up the game, but ball players in general certainly do make one weary. They are worse than a bunch of jealous girls, and no one appreciates this any more than the man who manages a crowd of them. Then again, there are managers on the circuit who do not know the first principle of squareness, and some of them of truthfulness. I don't know whether Waynesburg will have a team again next year, but I am sure I will not be identified with any more clubs."

### Don Doyle of Princeton Varsity Declares He Will Pitch No More Ball.

Don. Doyle, who shared pitching honors with Herb. Byram at Princeton, has decided to retire from baseball. Doyle was graduated with honors at Princeton last spring, but he will return this fall to take post graduate studies. It is probable, however, he will not try for the team again next spring.

Doyle is not yet 20 years of age, but he is recognized as one of the best college pitchers in the land, and the wise ones say he is about the best lefthander that performed on the local independent circuit this summer. He pitched for the Pittsburgh Collegians and did remarkable work. He turned down offers from Tri-State, Eastern league and other league clubs. Professional baseball does not appeal to him at all; he is preparing himself for a professional career.

Doyle started pitching three years ago with the Interscholastics. Frank Eastley, now of Homestead, was the right-hander of the team and Doyle the southpaw, and these two youngsters pitched against the leading independent teams on the circuit with success, besides playing the outfield. Doyle has excellent control, good curves, fine judgment and unlimited courage.

## ANNUAL TENNIS EVENTS TO BEGIN

Western Pennsylvania Championship Tourney Starts Today on Golf Club Courts.

STRONG PLAYERS ENTERED

The seventeenth annual open tennis tournament for the championship of Western Pennsylvania in singles will be begun this afternoon on the courts of the Pittsburgh Golf club. The singles will be started today at 3:30 p. m. and the doubles tomorrow.

The winner of the tournament will be called upon to play Dr. T. W. Stephens, present holder of the championship cup. This cup was won in 1900 by George D. Edwards, in 1901 and 1902 by Clinton L. Childs, and in 1903 and 1904 by Dr. T. W. Stephens. The cup will become the property of the person winning it three times.

The prizes in the men's singles are first, runner-up and consolation. In the men's doubles, first and runner-up.

The tournament is a very old fixture and this year will have a gallery in which society will be strongly represented.

The Pittsburgh Golf club may be reached by Forbes street cars, marked Swissvale, Rankin and Braddock, Homestead, Kennywood and McKeesport, and Wilkinsburg via Forbes street to Northumberland avenue.

The entries closed Saturday night and the entrants paired are:

Charles Gariano vs. J. R. Scott.
J. D. James vs. C. H. Hinderer.
G. Sunstein vs. D. C. Byers.
L. D. Waddell vs. H. G. Smith.
L. C. Sunstein vs. G. Byers.
H. C. Kimball vs. D. Thompson.
C. L. Snodgrass vs. G. E. McLain.
S. B. Browne vs. L. M. Johnston.
C. L. Childs vs. A. K. Oliver.
J. T. Neely vs. G. R. Swift.
E. M. Byers vs. W. L. Abbott.
T. O. Naly vs. Percy Rivard.
W. L. Myers vs. J. A. Allan.
T. Wright vs. D. H. Thompson.
N. G. Campbell vs. C. S. Pugh.
O. D. Edwards vs. W. B. Thompson.

The tournament committee consists of C. L. Childs, George D. Edwards and S. W. B. Moorhead.

### RACE IS CLOSE.

Three Clubs Have Chance for the Tri-State Pennant.

This week in the Tri-State league will witness one of the most sensational finishes in the history of any league of baseball clubs. Only 39 points separate the leaders from fourth place, and either of the four leading clubs has a chance to win the Farnsworth cup and the pennant in the last week of play, the season ending next Saturday afternoon. Only nine points separate the second and fourth place clubs, all of them being over the .600 mark, and one victory by Johnstown and one defeat of York means that the champions tumble into the third hole in place of Johnstown. Again, if Harrisburg wins and York loses today, those two clubs will be tied for third and fourth places.

Williamsport has an excellent chance to win the pennant. However, if she loses half the games to be played against Harrisburg this week and York should capture all of the six games to be played against Wilmington, the champions of last year will handle win out, this time by less than a point. There is no danger of a lay-down, in that all of the clubs, with the exception of Wilmington, are fighting for position near the top of the list, and Wilmington has a habit of springing surprises upon the leading clubs, noticeably in the case of Johnstown, Harrisburg and Williamsport. The opposing clubs for the remainder of the season are paired off as follows: Johnstown and Altoona, Williamsport and Harrisburg, York and Wilmington, and Shamokin and Lancaster.

### Pittsburg Pigeons Fly From Xenia, O.

Local clubs of the National Association of American Homing Pigeon Fanciers had young bird races yesterday from Xenia, O. The Pittsburgh district reported as follows:

| Owner. | Yards per minute. |
|---|---|
| Edward Beiter | 941.62 |
| William Mayburry | 870.32 |
| H. A. Fisher | 860.67 |
| Albert Greb | 856.79 |
| S. B. Fisher | 851.46 |
| Lawrence Fassinger | 741.34 |
| Edward Claus | 716.75 |

The East End club made this time:

| Owner. | Yards per minute. |
|---|---|
| A. G. Marks | 788.30 |
| A. Harrison | 771.79 |
| H. Fischer | 716.50 |
| G. Jobio | 678.03 |
| J. M. Fetter | 667.90 |
| L. Heibling | 1 bird 1 day record |

Harry Fischer won the average speed diploma, making 883.43 yards per minute.

The time made by the Homestead birds follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| R. V. Blankenbuehler | 901.06 |
| John McClelland | 851.35 |
| Geo. C. Mitchell | 742.40 |
| Peter Isles | 732.91 |

The average speed of the young bird series won by R. V. Blankenbuehler in the three races with a speed of 980.75 yards.

### Martins Are Outplayed.

On Martin grounds—

| Carrick. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. | Martin. | R. | H. | P. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abbott, l.. | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Rochn, s.... | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| Up'man, m | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | M'Ken's, m | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Beggs, 3... | 2 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 1 | Disel, r.... | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shorr, l.. | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Reese, l.... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Gallet'r, l. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Hahn, l.... | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| J.Lost'r, c | 2 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 0 | Reitz, 3.... | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| T.Lost'r, s. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 0 | Shearer, c.. | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Thren'r, r. | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | Owen, c.... | 0 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| Hicks, 2... | 3 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | Stuart, l.... | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 2 |
| J.Shorr, p. | 3 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | Iler, p..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Dilla, p.... | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Totals.... | 18 | 18 | 27 | 16 | 1 | Totals.... | 9 | 11 | 27 | 9 | 3 |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Carrick | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 | 0 | —12 |
| Martin | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 3 | —9 |

Home runs—Beggs, J. Shorr, Disel. Three-base hits—Abbott, J. Lostetter 2, T. Lostetter, Disel. Two-base hits—Abbott, A. Shorr, Hicks, Reitz.

### Williamsport Wants Games Transferred.

HARRISBURG, PA., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—The management of the Williamsport tri-state baseball club has offered the Harrisburg team $1,000 or 40 per cent of the gate receipts to transfer the three games which were to have been played here this week to Williamsport. A meeting of the local club will be held tomorrow night to take action on the proposition, which is regarded here as a good one.

### Wheeling to Play Waynesburg.

WAYNESBURG, PA., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—The Wheeling club, champions of the Central league, will play the Waynesburg team here Wednesday and Thursday, September 13 and 14. Pop Schriver, manager of the Steelers, is a Greene county boy. Cannon, who played with Wheeling last year, will pitch one of the games against his former associates.

### American Association Scores.

At Louisville, 2-5; Toledo, 5-4 (two games.)
At St. Paul, 7-2; Kansas City, 2-6 (two games.)
At Minneapolis, 5-3; Milwaukee, 0-2 (two games.)
At Columbus—Indianapolis game postponed; rain.

### Massillon Wants John Mackrell.

One of Pittsburgh's amateur football players, John S. Mackrell, fullback on the strong Pittsburg eleven, has received a flattering offer from the Massillon team to play fullback for that eleven, but he declined to play professional football as he will enter a medical school, probably the Western University of Pennsylvania. Mackrell has a reputation all over Western Pennsylvania as a kicker, and runner with the ball in a broken field, and Wup would be greatly strengthened with Mackrell in the backfield. He is 21 years old, weighs 175 pounds and has been playing football for some years. He is also a well-known baseball player. He graduated from the Latin scientific course in Pittsburgh Academy and from the structural engineering school of the American Bridge Company. At present he is a draughtsman at Ambridge.

### AMONG THE KICKERS.

The Hazelwood A. C. wants games. Address Alvin Sphere, Glenwood avenue, Hazelwood.

The Labellos challenge all 90-pound teams. Address J. F. Mahoney, 1308 Warren street, Allegheny.

Suburban A. C. defies all 90-pound teams. Address John I. Sauers, 113 Southern avenue, Mt. Oliver city.

The Idlers, A. C. of Greensburg will make a strong bid for the 126-pound championship of Western Pennsylvania.

The Wiltons would like to hear from all 80-pound teams. Adress C. H. Neddermeyer, Grand avenue, Allegheny.

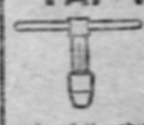
The Pequots of Allegheny challenge all strong 75-pound teams. Address Wm. H. Gillespie, 807 Union station, Pittsburgh.

Superior A. A. of Allegheny has open dates for all uniformed 80-pound teams. Address F. J. Meals, 2500 Shady avenue, Allegheny.

ADDITIONAL SPORTING ON PAGE 14.


Koerchers
439 WOOD ST.
OUR ADS ARE TRUTHFUL.

IN THE LITTLE WINDOW
TAP WRENCH



This wrench is very useful for holding taps, drills, reamers, etc. It has a compact chuck at one end and a center at the other for use in a lathe. The ends of the shell and jaws are hardened. Holds taps up to and including ¼ inch.
PRICE 25c. Union made.

IN THE OUTSIDE SHOWCASE.
H BOKER & COS. UNRIVALED TREE BRAND SCISSORS
Full stocked. This brand requires no introduction, as they have been sold for more

# PITTSBURGH BUSINESS MEN ORGANIZE TO GREATLY INCREASE THEIR EXPORT TRADE

## PITTSBURGH GOES TO THE ATLANTIC

### New Shippers' Association Will Bring Seaboard Advantages This Way.

### HOW THE PLAN WILL WORK

Pittsburgh, which exceeds every other city in the world in the quantity and diversity of its foreign exports, is to be moved to the seaboard. This is not intended to mean that the metropolis of Western Pennsylvania will be picked up and shoved bodily to the harbors of the Atlantic, but within a few months the shippers of this community will enjoy all the privileges of those who send their goods away from their own warehouses at the ocean front. These are the advantages of the Pittsburgh Exporters' association, which has been organized for the purpose of facilitating the handling of goods intended for foreign consignment. It is officered by some of Pittsburgh's most prominent manufacturers.

John F. Lent, who is traffic manager for a number of local concerns, is taking the initiative in forming the new organization. In a few weeks it will be ready to consign shipments to any part of the world and will open the field to Pittsburgh exporters in all the countries where goods from this district are in demand.

The Mellon National bank will handle the financial end in shipments.

The new association will place manufacturers in the Pittsburgh district in direct touch with the jobbers and consumers in every continent. No middlemen then will be allowed to take the profits and the prestige which rightfully belong to this city. Under the new scheme it will be possible for the manufacturer to bill his goods through to South Africa, Europe, Asia, South America or Australia and receive the money without delay and inconvenience. In other words, Pittsburgh will be afforded all the advantages of a town by the sea, where the ships from every port can call for cargo.

It means that Pittsburgh, in the shippers' theory, will be moved over the mountains and placed right on the big steamship channel. All the advantages of a nine-foot ship canal will be secured at a single bound. There will be no digging, no waiting, no red tape. The bill of lading given in Pittsburgh will go straight through to Cape Town, St. Petersburg, Bombay or Valparaiso. Before the goods on the ship are cleared in the American harbor the shipper will receive his draft in cash, saving him all the troubles and foreign collecting, and saving him also the fat profits which are charged by the commission men in New York and other seaboard cities.

#### Present Disadvantages Overcome.

According to the present methods of shipping the local manufacturer is practically unknown to the purchaser. In the case of the United States Steel Corporation, the Westinghouse concerns, the American Bridge Company and other big firms, which have foreign agencies and ship through their own subsidiary shipping company in New York.

For 20 years the New York agents have been growing fat from Pittsburgh shippers. In this city it has been the custom for manufacturers to sell to New York commission agents and to allow them to deal with the foreign consignees. The result was that all the profits went to New York. Pittsburgh was lost—both as to its identity as a manufacturing center and so far as the proceeds of a shipping point were concerned.

The agent in New York received an order for a locomotive. His first thought was the amount of profit he could make from the transaction. He sent to all the locomotive manufacturers whom he knew and asked for their rockbottom prices. He received these and was best pleased with the quotations and the specifications from Pittsburgh. Consequently he gave the order to a Pittsburgh concern. The locomotive was built and shipped to a small place in South America.

"Fine," said the Pittsburgh manufacturer. "I have gained a new customer in Argentine. All I have to do now is to wait on more orders. That last engine was honestly built, and I am sure it will give satisfaction. I'll wait until more orders come in."

In the course of time the South American patron had occasion to buy another light locomotive. Having made his deals with the New York agent, it is not to be supposed that the new patron will know anything about the firm which made the locomotives. He outlines the specifications and asks for another at the same price. The New York commission man quietly goes to work and buys another. This time he asks for a cut in prices and gets it. The order goes to another city, and the Pittsburgher who thought he had secured a customer in South America, finds himself in the cold. Where he imagined that he had built up a trade he discovers that it all depends upon the whims of the middlemen who has designs on prices and a shortcut to big profits.

#### Boom to Small Shippers.

This is but one instance in many that occur in this great manufacturing district. The new association has been organized with the view of opening up the field for export without partiality. Small shippers will have the same advantages as those who send a boat-load. The minimum rate on all the steamship lines is $5.25 for each shipment, but with many small shipments, the association can easily send all in bulk and get rates which will enable the selling at prices that hitherto have been unheard of on the other side of the Atlantic.

Mr. Lent says it is possible to secure a through bill of lading the same day the railroad bill of lading is surrendered. Being the authorized agent of Lunham & Moore of New York and London in this city, shippers can secure through his office, through freight rates to any part of the world within a few minutes, the information being obtained by private wires from the New York office.

If the shipment is made and the railroad bill of lading is surrendered to the secretary of the association, he will issue at once a through bill of lading to destination, and this document with shippers' invoice attached will be accepted by the Mellon National bank and the value of the invoice advanced. This, it is plain, results in an immediate return from the consignment and makes export business more desirable than much domestic trade which involves delays in settlement.

## LUMBER TAKEN DIRECT TO MANCHURIAN PORTS

### Account of Voyage of First American Sailing Vessel to Reach Niuchwang.

United States Consul-General Sammons of Niuchwang, writes that the first American sailing vessel to enter that port arrived there April 22. The vessel is a five-masted schooner named Crescent, and she carried 1,585,899 feet of lumber from Blakely, Wash., which lumber is known locally as Oregon pine. The Crescent reached Niuchwang by way of Taku. The voyage occupied 70 days from Puget sound to the Bay of Pechili. The Crescent's registered tonnage is 1,334 tons. Having a draft of 21 feet, the schooner was obliged to lighten cargo in order to cross the bar at the entrance of Liao river. She was drawing 21 feet, and when lightened to 19 feet, sailed inside the bar and was towed to Niuchwang.

The consul says that as a rule American goods reach Niuchwang via Japanese or Chinese ports, although vessels drawing from 16 to 19 feet according to the season, can cross the bar with safety, and once inside the bar there is ample depth of water to the docks or anchorage at Niuchwang.

As a rule, goods shipped direct arrive in much better condition than when subjected to handling and re-shipment through other ports. This season the Standard Oil company will send three cargoes of kerosene oil direct to Niuchwang from Philadelphia via the Suez canal.

## TO BOOST COMMERCE.

### A Short-Cut to Patriotism Is Open to American Merchants in Europe.

A great opportunity is ahead for patriotic American merchants who desire to further their country's commercial good by assisting in the establishment of American chambers of commerce in foreign countries. In this branch of commercial enterprise the United States seems to be much less progressive than most of the European nations. The United States has at present only three foreign chambers of commerce—located in Paris, Berlin and Brussels.

France leads the nations in this line of activity with 29 foreign chambers of commerce and is followed by Italy with 21. Great Britain, Spain and the Netherlands follow with six each; then comes Austria-Hungary and Belgium with five. Greece and Russia have two each, and Switzerland one. Germany has no such organizations. It made experiments at Brussels and Bucharest, but each failed because of financial difficulties.

Notwithstanding Germany's experience, the strong showing of other European nations would seem to indicate that foreign chambers of commerce have passed through the experimental stage and are now recognized institutions of no little strength. Of the American bodies, that at Berlin is perhaps the most active. Its membership is composed of most of the large American firms doing business in Germany. It publishes a semi-monthly bulletin, which indicates a keen interest in all the commercial affairs that affect the trade relations of Germany and America, and a watchful eye for all that concerns America's commercial welfare.

## COMPETITION IN MANUFACTURES

### Our Foreign Trade in Them Differs Materially from That of Food Products.

### DIRECT DEALING IS THE BEST

The subject of exporting is of greater importance to the American manufacturer than to those who ship food products, for the reason that with the large acreage devoted to agriculture the United States each year has a surplus actually needed by other countries and which cannot be supplied elsewhere, while in manufactured articles there is considerable competition. The European nations by reason of their early discoveries and development of new countries secured a foothold many years before the United States came into existence.

As a result of their investments of capital together with emigration to the new lands they established friendly relations and their representatives are in daily contact with the people of these new lands. They followed their advantage with the study of their new business friends, catering to suit each new condition. They invested capital, created friendly monetary relations and started branch houses to take care of new trade. With these conditions established it was a difficult task that confronted the early American exporter and the progress in the first years of export trade was slow.

The rapid development of the United States created a call for manufactured articles such as to cause the producer to devote his whole attention to supplying home demand. Facilities for increasing the aggregate tonnage were improved; inventive genius asserted itself and the enlargement of productive ability in all lines is a matter of history. With that increase came lower labor costs, while the quality of products became better with each additional improvement and device.

#### Growth of Iron Manufactures.

The remarkable increase in production of iron and steel is of special note. In 1865 the world's total production of pig iron amounted to 9,250,000 tons, of which the United States produced 931,770 tons only. Great Britain produced 4,819,300 tons, or practically one-half of the total. In 1885 the world's output reached 19,100,000 tons; United States 4,044,526 and Great Britain 7,415,489 tons. In 1895 the world's production increased to 28,871,000 tons; the United States, 9,446,308 and Great Britain 7,703,459 tons. In 1902 the world's production advanced to 44,558,000 tons. The United States contributed 18,393,488 tons, equal to about 42 per cent of the aggregate tonnage and strengthened the leading position gained about 15 years previous and its position is still stronger today. The effect of this remarkable increase has been strongly marked in its relation to our foreign commerce as shown by the following table of iron and steel exports:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1872 (calendar year) | $ 13,995,739 |
| 1883 | 27,548,834 |
| 1893 | 27,800,062 |
| 1898 | 82,771,359 |
| 1899 | 136,840,941 |
| 1900 | 129,624,480 |
| 1901 | 165,194,575 |
| 1902 | 97,827,976 |
| 1903 | 94,037,565 |
| 1904 | 118,953,472 |

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1905, iron and steel exports were $134,727,921, as compared with $111,948,566 in the same period of 1904.

The reason for this great gain lies in the "gospel of tonnage" and all it implies. The rapid improvements in the facilities for the manufacture of iron and steel products has improved their quality, and costs have been reduced to a minimum, as a result of which the American manufacturer, with costly machinery and well paid labor, can place his goods in direct competition with the lower priced labor of Europe.

#### American Exporters Gaining Ground.

It is true that the American exporters are gaining ground and changing their policy and methods, but there are still greater opportunities before them. Both foreign and domestic authorities have commented unfavorably upon the manner in which the majority of our manufacturers seek to establish themselves in foreign fields. Many complaints have been made as to the manner of packing merchandise for export purposes and it is of importance that this question should be seriously considered.

In shipping to South and Central American, where railroads are not plentiful and where mule trains are the usual conveyance over those hilly countries, it is of importance that packages should be made convenient to the method of transportation in vogue. Considerable improvement, however, has been made in this respect during the past few years.

Another weak point in our export trade is the dependence placed on the commission merchant, who sells the goods of the customer paying the largest commission, and orders what his customer asks for. His interest in the firms he represents is not the same as the salesman who sells only for one firm, and the commission house makes no special efforts to introduce new goods.

#### Direct Dealing Is Best.

Conducting business through the commission agent does not bring the exporter in contact with the foreign merchant and close relations are not established. Should the manufacturer seek foreign trade in the same manner that he does the domestic, he would undoubtedly strengthen his position with his customers. He would become the factor in foreign trade instead of the commission merchant, and his own salesman would establish personal and business friendship with his customers. The German exporters have found it very advantageous to have their salesmen speak the language of the country where their work is, besides following closely the business conduct of their foreign customers.

Goods are sold in suitable amounts, packed as requested, delivered as agreed and in fact the slightest request meets prompt attention. The European exporter with a long established trade has knowledge of his customers, their responsibility and their manner of meeting obligations, as a consequence he sells on terms suitable to the buyer and conditions in the buyer's country, whether cash or on three, six and nine months, while the newer American exporter insists on short time payments, or cash at port of shipment. The refusal of the American exporter to meet competitive conditions has not enhanced his chances of securing foreign trade.

The official consular reports made daily to our government contain information of valuable service to any house interested in foreign business.

#### Full Credit Reports Valuable.

Under comparatively recent date the United States sent a special agent, one Mr. Hutchinson, to South America to investigate trade conditions there and the possibilities for our home manufacturers. In the course of his reports Hutchinson dwelt to an extent upon the importance of the necessity of reports upon the credit, capital and conditions that surround the traders there. He stated that American exporters were to an extent handicapped by reason of the lack of close and constant relations between the United States and these foreign countries, that to equalize matters it was necessary, more particularly for the American than for the English or German merchant, to have access to commercial reports on the traders.

As an evidence of the necessities in this line and the needs of the export business, the mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co. has operated a foreign service for a number of years and we understand has offices in all of the world's commercial centers. It is true, as we understand it, that it has been an uphill fight to establish mercantile agency service in foreign lands, because of opposition in some instances in these countries and it has required a long campaign of education before the pecuniary results were profitable to that firm. At the present time Dun & Co. has offices all over South America, Mexico, Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia, indicating a demand and that demand has increased only with the growth of the foreign trade of the United States.

In the interest of foreign trade, R. G. Dun & Co. has been for some time and is publishing an international edition of Dun's Review, which publication is in English, French, Spanish and German. It has a circulation through distribution and otherwise of about 25,000 copies. Its circulation is not indiscriminate, but confined almost entirely to merchants and traders who are, or are likely to be, users of American products.

Those who cater to the foreign trade must use diligence, persistence and continuous effort. The spasmodic attempt to keep track of the demands of a foreign market and to export goods has very little permanent good results. Our products are highly recommended in all parts of the world and our ability to produce that product promptly and make deliveries on a shorter time than competitors give us an advantage, especially as we produce better results, added to the ability to meet, if not to undersell, our foreign competitors.

## A SEVEN MONTHS' SHOWING IN AMERICAN FOREIGN COMMERCE

The exports of domestic merchandise from the United States for the seven months ending July 31, 1905, aggregated $848,993,447, an increase of $89,963,871 compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year. The annexed table shows the values, by months, for the two periods:

| | 1904. | 1905. |
|---|---|---|
| January | $142,045,170 | $123,897,382 |
| February | 118,809,282 | 106,870,787 |
| March | 119,588,649 | 134,978,429 |
| April | 109,859,075 | 124,575,274 |
| May | 99,880,625 | 133,753,595 |
| June | 93,221,864 | 121,153,494 |
| July | 85,223,479 | 107,924,434 |
| Total | $768,949,576 | $848,993,447 |

## A CHINESE LIVERPOOL.

The erection of a plant for a porcelain factory in Amoy is to be commenced in a very short time, according to statements of the Chinese promoters of the enterprise. The promoters are young Chinese of the gentry class who have been educated in Japan. They propose to employ a Japanese porcelain expert at the commencement of the work, and to send young Chinese to Japan to study porcelain making in that country. The plant is to be located upon Quemoy Island, a large island separating Amoy Harbor from the ocean. The proposal is to make Chinese wares at first, until the workmen and plant are brought to a proper degree of efficiency to compete with the Japanese and other foreigners in the manufacture of foreign-style dishes. This factory enterprise has been greatly favored by the board of commerce at Pekin and seems to have all the enthusiasm and co-operation necessary to make it a success.

There is no question of the need of such an enterprise in this portion of China. The raw material is to be had in abundance and cheaply, and, on the other hand, the finished china ware brought here is costly and comparatively of poor quality. Much of the foreign-style china ware now sold in China comes from Europe, some from the United States, and considerable from Japan. The Japanese, following their usual policy of ascertaining what is wanted and then making it to suit the customer, have already commenced to import and sell in China, in competition with the old style Chinese potteries, the particular style of dishes used by the Chinese. Rice bowls of Japanese make may almost be said to control the market in some of the open ports. The demand for foreign-style dishes exists not only among the constantly increasing foreign population in the open ports, but among the well-to-do Chinese as well, to many of whom foreign ways of serving meals are appealing in no slight degree. They also are purchasing foreign-style dishes for enterprising foreign visitors. The average official residence among Chinese officials is well supplied with foreign table cutlery and china ware, and the demand for such goods to supply this need alone is considerable.


TWENTY-FIVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

BAIR & GAZZAM MFG. CO.

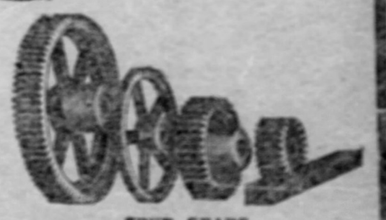
MACHINISTS

(OUR NEW WORKS.)

29TH AND SMALLMAN STREETS

BEVEL AND MITRE GEARS, Planed to 36 in. diameter.

PITTSBURGH, U. S. A.



SPUR GEARS. Cut to 144 in. diameter.

Send Us Your Inquiries.


## ST. CLAIR CLASS WILL GRADUATE

### High School Pupils of 27th Ward Will Receive District Diplomas Friday Evening.

### ADDRESS BY DR. M'CORMICK

Perhaps the most interesting event in local educational circles during the current week will be the sixth annual commencement exercises of the St. Clair schools. Twenty-seventh ward. They will be held in Odd Fellows' hall, at South Eighteenth and Sarah streets, on Friday evening, September 15, at 8 o'clock. Much interest is always felt in these annual events by the people of the St. Clair sub-district and as there is no hall in any of the school buildings of the ward large enough to accommodate the throngs who wish to attend, the affair this year will take place in the hall above named. The program is as follows:

Graduates' March.....Miss Edna M. Koenig
Prayer.....Rev. George Ball
Quartet.....Selected
H. F. Swyers, Mrs. Swyers, Mrs. Durr and J. M. Swearer.
Solo.....Selected
Miss Edna Hawkes.
Address—"Relation Between the Public Schools and Schools of Higher Grades," Dr. S. B. McCormick, chancellor Western University of Pennsylvania.
Violin solo—"Traumerei".....Verdi
O. P. Milde.
Recitation.....Selected
Miss Gaynell Watkins.
Solo, "The Gypsy Love Song".....Herbert
Mrs. Selma A. Junge.
Address—J. Daniel Berg, graduate of High school class of 1897.
Duet (soprano and alto), "Hear Me, Norma".....Verdi
Mrs. O. F. Milde and Miss Edna Hawks.
Recitation, "Sir Rupert's Wife".....
Miss Nellie Highley.
Solo.....Selected
Miss Lillian Lang.
Presentation of diplomas—John A. Carson, president of school board.
Solo (tenor), "Heavenly Aida".....Verdi
O. P. Milde.
Club drill.....Pupils of the school
Conducted by R. Stanley Burleigh.
Quartet.....Selected

Those who will receive diplomas completed the ward school course last June and passed the required examination for admission to the Central High school. They come from the Brashear and the Jefferson schools, where they were trained by Miss Adella B. Floyd and Miss Alice McSwiggen, respectively. They are: Raymond E. Barnes, Margaret B. Beebe, Maravette A. Bevan, Ida B. Diest, Marion H. Este, Lillie K. Fisher, John Hanel, Sidney Highley, Edna Howells, Eugene A. Holland, Madeline Jacobs, Anna B. Kestner, Wilmar M. Koenig, Edith C. Litzel, Helen M. McClure, Walter J. Morris, Caroline M. Thomas, Edward L. Sweeney, Gaynel Watkins, Eleanor C. Fennessy, Regina Kramer, Hilda C. E. Schott, Hida R. Hoffman.

An interesting feature of the commencement not scheduled on the program is the fact that it marks the retirement from active educational work of Prof. James H. Bane, who has been principal of the St. Clair schools for 37 years. He will preside as master of ceremonies, and it is hinted that some cognizance of his retirement will be taken on this occasion. Mr. Bane has had one-half a century of experience in school work, having been engaged in that line for some years, prior to coming to Pittsburgh, in Washington county, whence cometh so many of Pittsburgh's citizens employed in literary, scientific, legal, judicial, ministerial and business life. His successor, Prof. S. S. Baker, is also a Washington county man, a graduate of Washington & Jefferson college. Mr. Baker has been principal of the Crafton schools for some time and is widely recognized as a promising educational leader. He was a candidate for county superintendent three years ago.

The St. Clair schools employ 25 teachers besides the principal, and are growing. The members of the school board are John A. Carson, president; Joseph Huber, secretary; Dr. J. E. Gould, treasurer; Edmond Bishop, F. L. Koch and F. M. Caldwell, with J. E. Roth, representative to the central board of education.

The seventh annual commencement of

Brashear High School Class, St. Clair Sub-District.

Jefferson High School Class, St. Clair Sub-District.

the Mt. Washington schools on Friday evening last was, as usual, an educational event of prime interest in the Thirty-second ward. The event marks the 38th year of Prof. R. M. Cargo's administration as principal and the veteran educator received many congratulations. He was a pioneer in inaugurating ward school commencements and other educational meetings for the purpose of arousing, stimulating and holding local interest. The class graduating this year is composed of the following: Elsie Mabel Anderson, James Alcorn, Joseph Hunt Bowman, John Bothwell Burnside, Harry Ernest Platt Bailey, Paul August Beck, Josephine May Burnside, Allen Raymond Bucky, Lester Edmund Bliss, Harriet Bakehouse, Susan Callender, Alexander Callender, John Frederick Cutler, Margie Elizabeth Coleman, Morgan Mark Doyle, Wesley Earl Digby, Carrie Elizabeth Graham, Wilson Hatheway, Ernest Raymond Hawkins, Raymond Harry Hooten, Louisa Edna Harris, Norman Ralph Jones, George Scott Jennings, Lotta Reeder Jones, Kate Genevieve Johnson, Sadie May Jackson, Anna Christine Kaiser, Raymond Aloysius Keefe, Clarence Ross Lewis, Ralph Leroy Leonard, William Mulhern, Louisa Theresa Muhl, Claudine Meyers, Margaret McKeand, Margaret Amelia McLain, Claude John O'Herron, Lillian May Perry, Edgar Waggoner Proeger, Ira Emily Rawsthorne, Bessie Edna Rogallner, Alice Margaret Rodgers, William Franklin Stuckeman, Richard Erwin Sawyers, Maude Marie Sims, Pauline St. Peter, Walter Rudolph Spohn, Helen Catherine Schroth, Reynolds Findley Tonner, William Christ Frank Wilbert, Gertrude Booker Yentsch, Walter Frederick Zur Horst.

Dr. W. W. Stetson, state superintendent of the public schools of Maine, who struck such a popular chord at the recent meeting of the Allegheny County Teachers' Institute, sends the following message to local teachers:

"Instead of spending so much time upon the physical features of South America, Africa and Asia, and giving so much time to the study of the history and people of these distant countries, give the children a chance to learn something about the land and water surface by which they are surrounded, the schoolroom and yard in which they spend so much of their time, the homes in which they live, the industries in which their parents and friends are engaged, the settlers and settlements in the town in which they reside, the history out of which their lives have come, and the incidents, anecdotes, traditions, legends and stories which give tone and atmosphere to the communities of which they are a part."

## HOLD MEMORIAL SERVICE.

### Dr. Lindsay Talks on the Life of Kate Neville Fleeson.

Memorial services commemorating the death of Miss Kate Neville Fleeson were held last night in the North Presbyterian church, Allegheny. The Rev. Dr. Henry D. Lindsay conducted the services and Thomas Fleeson and Mrs. J. N. Waters, brother and sister of the dead missionary, were present.

Kate Neville Fleeson died on July 3 last at Bankok, Siam, while en route to America to visit her relatives. She was born on Neville Island in 1864, and when 12 years of age offered her services to the board of foreign missions of the Presbyterian church. She was sent immediately to Siam to succeed the Rev. Dr. Wilson. Since that time she had visited this country twice. Early in June she started for home for the third time and died suddenly in Bankok. She was buried there the following day.

The services last night were simple and brief. Prayers were offered and Dr. Lindsay spoke upon the life of self-sacrifice that Miss Fleeson had devoted to the furtherance of the gospel in a strange land.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IT REACHES THE TRADE OF THE ENTIRE WORLD

# MANY OPPORTUNITIES FOR TRADE EXTENSION ARE OPENED BY THE NEW ORGANIZATION

## GREAT FIGURES IN EXPORT TRADE

### Half a Billion Dollars Worth of Goods Leaves These Shores in 1904.

### YEAR'S INCREASE $100,000,000

A statement issued by the bureau of statistics, department of commerce and labor, shows that the exports of manufactures for the year ending June 30, 1905, amounted to $543,620,227, against $452,445,829 in the preceding year. The growth in exports of manufactures far exceeds the growth of population or the growth in commerce as a whole.

Iron and steel manufactures supply about one-fourth of the manufactured articles exported, the total in 1905 having been $134,727,921, as against $111,948,586 in the preceding year, an increase of nearly $23,000,000. Steel rails showed an increase of $6,000,000, chiefly in shipments to Canada, South America, Mexico, the West Indies and Japan and other oriental countries, in several of which railway development is proceeding at a rapid rate. Machinery also showed an increase of more than $6,000,000 over 1904. A conspicuous feature is the large increase in exports of locomotives to Japan. 151 engines having been sent thither in 1905, as against 74 in the previous year. Mexico and Argentina increased their purchases of American sewing machines, while Japan increased her purchases of electrical machinery and builders' hardware, each in a substantial degree.

#### Exports in Copper.

Copper manufactures, consisting largely of pigs and bars, form the item of second importance, the total being $86,225,291 in 1905, as compared with $57,142,081 in the preceding year. This growth of practically $30,000,000 in a single year is accounted for by an increase of nearly $10,000,000 in exports to China, $3,000,000 to the United Kingdom, $1,500,000 to France, $3,000,000 to Germany, $4,500,000 to Netherlands, $1,250,000 to Russia, and nearly $2,000,000 to other countries.

Refined mineral oil ranks third in the exports of manufactures, the total being $71,588,317 as against $71,753,552 in the preceding year. The quantity increased from 847,000,000 gallons in 1904 to 951,000,000 in 1905.

Cotton manufactures present one of the striking features of the year's export record, having advanced from $22,403,713 in 1904 to $49,656,080 in the year just ended. The growth occurred chiefly in cotton-cloth exports, $14,696,199 being the total in 1904 and $41,220,542 the figure for 1905. To China there was an increase of about 400,000,000 yards over last year's exportation of 76,900,000, and the value of our cotton-cloth exports to that country increased from $4,000,000 in 1904 to $27,750,000 in 1905. Japan was the only other country to show a considerable increase in takings from us, the total being 18,000,000 yards, valued at $1,125,000, as against less than 444,000 yards in 1904, valued at $55,000.

Leather and manufactures of, fourth in importance in the list showed an increase of $4,000,000, the total of 1905 having been $38,000,000 as compared with $34,000,000 in the preceding year. In this class, also, Japan should be credited with the chief increase. To Japan we exported 16,000,000 pounds of sole leather, valued at $4,146,428, as against 2,000,000 pounds, with a valuation of about $500,000, in the preceding year. The increase in boots and shoes is principally in exports to the West Indies and Mexico, each of those countries being credited with about $400,000 in excess of the 1904 figures, while the total increase in boot and shoe exports to all countries was but little over $818,000.

Other important articles exported were: Agricultural implements, $20,750,000; chemicals, drugs, dyes, etc., nearly $16,000,000; wood manufactures, $12,500,000; cars, carriages and vehicles, $10,000,000; scientific instruments, $8,000,000; paper and manufactures of, $8,250,000; paraffin and paraffin wax, $7,750,000; fiber manufactures, $6,750,000; tobacco manufactures, $5,666,000; books, maps, etc., nearly $5,000,000; and India rubber manufactures $4,750,000.

#### What Uncle Sam Sends Away.

The following table shows the values of the principal articles of domestic manufacture exported from the United States in the fiscal years of 1904 and 1905:

| Articles. | 1904. Dollars. | 1905. Dollars. |
|---|---|---|
| Agricultural implements | 22,749,635 | 20,721,741 |
| Blacking | 597,397 | 593,386 |
| Books, maps, etc. | 4,347,804 | 4,344,109 |
| Brass, and manufactures of | 2,557,484 | 2,025,764 |
| Bricks | 499,227 | 642,691 |
| Candles | 510,188 | 701,357 |
| Cars, carriages and vehicles | 10,935,618 | 10,610,437 |
| Cement | 530,216 | 1,484,795 |
| Chemicals and drugs | 14,480,322 | 15,899,429 |
| Clocks and watches | 2,281,195 | 2,335,414 |
| Copper, and manufactures of | 57,142,081 | 86,225,291 |
| Cotton manufactures | 22,403,713 | 49,656,080 |
| Earthen, stone and chinaware | 682,834 | 880,527 |
| Fiber manufactures | 6,414,636 | 6,756,800 |
| Glass and glassware | 1,978,481 | 2,252,799 |
| Gunpowder and explosives | 2,441,596 | 2,559,837 |
| India rubber manufactures | 4,436,124 | 4,780,517 |
| Instruments for scientific purposes | 8,227,723 | 8,172,980 |
| Iron and steel manufactures | 111,543,688 | 134,727,921 |
| Jewelry | 1,265,654 | 1,412,935 |
| Lamps and chandeliers | 1,502,388 | 1,579,125 |
| Leather, and manufactures of | 33,880,615 | 37,536,745 |
| Malt liquors | 854,119 | 1,012,808 |
| Marble and stone manufactures | 1,372,001 | 1,055,220 |
| Musical instruments | 2,230,982 | 3,144,787 |
| Oils, mineral | 72,487,846 | 73,435,787 |
| Paints, pigments and colors | 2,756,581 | 3,128,317 |
| Paper, and manufactures of | 7,354,728 | 8,283,058 |
| Paraffin and wax | 8,569,964 | 7,789,159 |
| Plated ware | 698,618 | 709,253 |
| Silk manufactures | 466,619 | 630,572 |
| Soap | 2,499,933 | 2,670,497 |
| Spirits, distilled | 2,276,806 | 2,572,152 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 5,043,719 | 5,806,253 |
| Wood manufactures | 12,951,112 | 12,500,355 |
| Wool manufactures | 1,887,935 | 2,035,064 |
| Zinc manufactures | 258,719 | 1,315,619 |
| All other kinds of manufactured articles | 17,008,912 | 19,782,712 |
| Total manufactures | 452,115,321 | 543,620,227 |
| Total agricultural products | 353,642,078 | 821,074,439 |
| Total all other articles | 129,120,023 | 127,049,959 |
| Grand total domestic exports | 1,485,179,017 | 1,491,744,625 |
| Foreign merchandise exported | 25,648,254 | 26,817,625 |
| Total exports | 1,460,827,271 | 1,518,561,720 |

#### Spain Wants Steel Works.

The British consul at Cadiz, Spain, says that it will pay to establish steel works in that city, and recommends such an enterprise to capitalists.

## COMMERCIAL EXPO IN MEXICO CITY

### Exhibits Will Be Invited from Prominent Manufacturers in United States.

### INSTITUTION IS PERMANENT

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 10.—A project which has been under careful consideration for some time, and which will be placed before the manufacturers of the United States within a few weeks as an effective means of increasing and developing export trade with Mexico, is the proposed establishment in the City of Mexico of a prominent commercial exposition for the exhibit and sale of the manufactures and products of the United States.

This commercial exposition will be more than a showroom. It is planned as a selling organization with all the attractions of an exposition; with all the equipment of a large sales room; with individual and distinct features, where the Mexican merchant will be able to study the samples, assisted by able salesmen, and where the buyer can be given practical illustrations of the working of mechanical exhibits. In addition to the sales force, some new, useful and necessary departments have been added, so designed as to fully cover every difficulty or question occurring in commercial affairs. The concentration of exhibits will be a big feature and a strong attraction to the Mexican merchant, who, as a rule, carries large and varied stocks, and the efficient service which a highly organized institution of this character can give the buyer will be one of its most important features.

A special bureau of trade investigations and reports will be maintained in the interests of the exhibitor, covering trade openings and opportunities, and a complete system of instruction will be given shippers in order to eliminate costly and annoying errors. The exposition offers a direct means of communication between the exporter and his customer, and should give uniformity of satisfaction to both.

The old plan of simply exhibiting samples in the endeavor to attract and build up trade or open new markets without active, interested action back of it served its purpose well enough, perhaps, in its time, but today the most modern, effective, and result-producing methods must be used and adapted intelligently and carefully to foreign needs and customs.

The plan of organization is that of a stock company in which the exhibitors themselves will be interested, giving them therefore a voice in its management and direction.

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One of the most enterprising companies in this city is the Bair & Gazzam Company, manufacturing machinists. Twenty-ninth and Smallman streets. They started in business on Wood street 25 years ago in a 20x60 room, and now have about 60,000 square feet of floor space in their new works, and are fitted up with the most modern tools, including gear cutters, boring mills and planers for doing large work, in addition to the many tools they have for doing smaller work. Besides this they deal largely in shafting, hangers and pulleys.

### Some of the Articles Exported from Pittsburgh

Structural steel.
Plumbers' supplies.
Conduit.
Carpenters' tools.
Briquetting machinery.
Cork.
Nails.
Tacks.
Stogies.
Cheap cigars.
Steel forgings.
Pipe fittings.
Butchers' supplies.
Office safes.
Table glassware.
Salt.
Church lights and chandeliers.
Steam engines.
Stamped tinware.
Enameled ware.
Railroad spikes.
Iron-making machinery.
Wood-working machinery.
Lubricating oils.
Expanded metal lath.
Crucible steel.
Sash and doors.
Steel bridges.
Steel roofing.
Brass fittings.
Agricultural implements.
Lifting jacks.
Filters.
Whisky.
Paints.
Varnishes.
Pumps.
Hydraulic machinery.
Leather.
Artificial limbs.
Chemicals.
Nuts and bolts.
Rivets.
Mining machinery.
Steam pumps.
Water-tube boilers.
Shovels.
Pickles (Heinz).
Rolling mill machinery.
Copper sheets.
Blast furnace machinery.
Wire fence.
Amusement novelties.
Nut locks.
Car wheels.
Mine cars.
Astronomical instruments.
Pressed steel pulleys.
Light locomotives.
Steam traps.
Lamp chimneys.
Wrought iron pipe.
Water heaters.
Oleo oil.
Chains.
Asbestos insulation.
Car couplers.
Flour.
Cut gears.
Acids.
Electric dynamoes.
Electric equipment.
Electric lamps.
White lead.
Oil well supplies.
Ornamental glassware.
Malleable iron.
Steel freight cars.
Steel rails.
Lard.
Babbit metal.
Lamps.
Typewriters.
Oil filters.
Hinges.
Rubber hose.
Tobins.
Steel screws.
Ice cans.
Steamboats.
Railway springs.
Tallow.
Bath tubs.
Patent medicines.
Bath room fixtures.
Invalids' chairs.
Scales.
Underground cables.
Fire brick.
Gas fixtures.
Steel wire.
Iron pipe.
Wall paper.
Airbrakes.

## RICH TRADE FIELD IS OPENED IN INDIA

### A Pittsburgher in Italy Describes How Italians Are Discovering New Marts.

A letter received from a Pittsburgher in Italy describes an interview with an Italian trade commissioner who recently returned from a tour of investigation in the Orient. The Italian commissioner expressed the belief that the United States, with proper effort, could materially increase its sales of cotton goods, manufactures of iron and steel, railway supplies, boots and shoes, mineral oil, etc., in India. To do this, however, the opinion was expressed that manufacturers and merchants should associate themselves and send a representative to India to exhibit samples and solicit orders from dealers there. While a considerable share of the importation is now in the hands of English houses, the people, he thought, would not hesitate to buy from the United States if the goods were shipped direct and prices and terms were satisfactory.

The Germans are making rapid gains in their exports to India, which may be attributed to their persistence in preparing goods in form to suit the local markets. He further said that a part of the growth of German trade in Orient is due to the fact that a good and reliable steamship service to that part of the world has been established by the Germans and greatly strengthened in recent years. While he thought that regular lines between the United States and India would be almost necessary to the development of any considerable export trade to that country, he suggested that the Italian steamship company now operating a line between Italy and India, with the assistance of the Italian government, could perhaps extend its service to the United States, so as to give a direct through line from New York to India, touching at Italy en route.

## UNCLE SAM'S POSITION.

### Foreign Commerce of This Country Is Second Only to That of Great Britain.

The importance of the United States to German foreign commerce is seen from the fact that this country holds first rank among the nations from which Germany receives its imports and third rank among countries of destination of German exports, while in the foreign commerce of the United States Germany is second only to Great Britain both in the export and import trade.

The total exports of Germany to foreign countries increased from $756,000,000 in 1891, the year of the adoption of commercial treaties, to $1,243,000,000 in the year 1904, showing an increase of about 65 per cent. During the same period the imports from Germany into the United States increased from $97,000,000 in the fiscal year 1891 to $109,000,000 in 1904, or about 12 per cent. The imports from this country into Germany increased in the same years from $86,000,000 to nearly $225,000,000, or more than 134 per cent.

## WHAT GERMANY OFFERS TO AMERICAN EXPORTERS

### Hardware Manufactured in This Country Is in Especial Demand in the Fatherland.

Consul Creevey writes from Glauchau to say that there are opportunities to sell American goods in Germany if the right kind of efforts are made. He says:

"Agricultural implements, hand tools, typewriters and cash registers are used and found on sale through this district. They are systematically handled, and dealers report a satisfactory business and fair profit. There should be a good market here for American hardware, but there is seemingly no effort made to bring the superiority of the articles to the attention of the buyer. Carpenters' tools, particularly, admit of much improvement, those in use being crude and unsatisfactory, but as such tools do not come into the district by direct importation there is little or no effort made by the jobbers in the larger cities of Germany to force their sale.

"My attention was recently called to a chain hoist of German construction of extraordinary strength and durability, but which lacked the essential qualification of being able to lower the hook instantly. The hoist was of several tons capacity and had but the one speed, the time consumed in raising or lowering a heavy or a light load being equal. I believe there is a market here for a chain hoist, constructed as I have seen them in the United States with two speeds, one for heavy and one for light loads, and the time-saving arrangement whereby an unloaded hook may be instantly raised or lowered to the point where most needed. The actual time required to lower a three-foot length of 24-inch sewer pipe 8 feet was 12 minutes. This with an equal time for re-raising limits the capacity of the hoist to one length in each half hour.

"California dried fruits have a good sale, being superior to any produced on the continent, but American canned goods are not sold in anything like the quantities they should be, on account of the exorbitant prices at which they are offered; nor will there be an increase in the sale of this class of goods until the American exporter or manufacturer establishes a central distributing depot systematically covering the small cities and towns, at the same time insisting that the goods be sold at a reasonable profit. Sweet corn, baked beans, pork and beans, and tomatoes, such as retail in the United States at from 10 to 15 cents per can, are sold in the city of Glauchau at from 1 marks (45.5 cents) to 2.50 marks (59.5 cents).

"There seems to be an opening for American soda and milk crackers, a monopoly now enjoyed by our English competitors. Ordinary soda crackers, such as retail in the eastern states for 8 cents per pound, sell here for 25½ cents per pound, and milk and fancy crackers at the same ratio."

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## MUCH GOES TO AFRICA

### Kongo Free State Buys Much from Uncle Sam and Its Orders Are Increasing.

The increase of trade with the Kongo Free State during the past 17 years has been remarkable, exports jumping from $780,800 in 1887 to $20,000,000 in 1904. The imports rose from about $600,000 in 1887 to 14,800,000 in 1904. Of the latter sum $3,500,000 was exported direct from Antwerp, while goods to the value of only $1,400 were exported from the United States direct. Of the total exports from the Kongo during 1904, $3,700,000 was shipped direct to Antwerp and $70 direct to the United States. The fact that the great bulk of the trade with the Kongo Free State is concentrated at Antwerp is due to that port being the universal market for all Kongo products, hence Americans desirous of extending their trade with the Kongo Free State must, under the circumstances, do so through the business houses of Antwerp.

America manufactures many products specially adapted for use in the Kongo country, viz, cheap jewelry, watches and clocks, paints and varnishes, preserved and canned goods, cotton clothing and woollen blankets, portable engines, machine tools and hardware, camping outfits and camp utensils, American soaps, and portable galvanized buildings.

While the people of Belgium have opened up a new and needed outlet for their industry and stimulated their home markets by the steady increase of the Kongo's tropical products, they have at the same time worked wonders in the colonization and civilization of Central Africa, and King Leopold may well be proud of the first 20 years of his cherished project in bettering the condition of his wards in the dark continent, and for which, for a period of 15 years, he sacrificed his private fortune.

## KAISER NEEDS LUMBER.

### Discriminations Against Uncle Sam's Wood and Why.

A dispatch from Berlin states that importers of American lumber, who for thirteen years have paid higher duties than those laid on corresponding imports from other countries, have asked the United States government to intervene in their behalf, and the American Association of Commerce and Trade is making an explanation of the grounds of protest, with documents supporting it, to Secretary of State Root. One paragraph of the explanation reads:

"The discrimination referred to dates back to 1892, when the associated German state railroads began charging 50 per cent more on American oak, ash and pine than on the same classes of woods imported from European countries, the only excuse for such procedure being the claim that botanically there were slight differences between the American and the European species of woods mentioned. This clearly was a mere subterfuge."

### South Africa Needs Soap.

The Canadian trade and commerce department is advised by its agent in South Africa that there are fine chances for cement and soap manufacturers to obtain a good market for their products in Cape Colony. Most of the imports to the cape are now received from England and Belgium.

Vacation time is practically over. Thousands of Pittsburghers are back already or are homeward bound. Don't want to get back into that old worry-bother-inconvenience rut again. But what's to be done to obviate it? Answer's easy

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Use the Bell

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

BEST TIME TO GET IT FOR YOUR Home Is Right NOW!

When you want to shop,
"USE THE BELL."
Saves carfare and time.

When weather's inclement,
"USE THE BELL."
Saves bad humor and doctor bills.

When you want to visit friends and find it inconvenient to go,
"USE THE BELL."
Just as pleasant to chat by wire as face to face.

When you find burglars in the house,
"USE THE BELL."
Brings the police in a hurry and saves your valuables.

When unexpected guests arrive,
"USE THE BELL."
No flurry and bustle about getting dinner. Grocer, butcher, etc., reached in a minute.

No experiment about getting and using a BELL telephone. Millions of them in use "everywhere"—from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Proved beyond any possible question to be the greatest convenience and time-saver mortal man has ever known.

Have you noticed the BELL'S remarkable local growth? Over SEVENTY-FIVE THOUSAND subscribers now in the "central district" territory alone—over FORTY-TWO THOUSAND in Greater Pittsburgh! There's a list for you. Easy to see that "nearly everybody uses the BELL."

HOW MUCH DOES IT COST? Surprisingly little, considering its really marvelous worth. There are various rates for various services—all certainly far, far lower than is consistent with what you get in return. RESIDENCE RATES AS LOW AS 7½ CENTS A DAY.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS CALL GRANT 8000 AND ASK FOR CONTRACT DEPARTMENT.

The Central District & Printing Telegraph Co.
Bell Telephone Building, Seventh Avenue, Pittsburgh.

When baby or one of the "grown-ups" take sick,
"USE THE BELL."
Brings doctor a-running. Saves life, perhaps. And what's more valuable?

When you want to countermand a letter or telegram order,
"USE THE BELL."
Carries your voice "everywhere."

When you discover fire in the house,
"USE THE BELL."
Fire department comes in double-quick time. Saves home, furniture, etc.

When you want to reach a travelling relative or friend,
"USE THE BELL."
Reaches cities, hamlets, resorts, "Everywhere."

When you want to do "a hundred and one" things that are now inconvenient, bothersome and time-consuming,
"USE THE BELL."
See how much easier it is to "get along."

# INTERESTING POINTS FOR PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURERS WHO SEEK FOREIGN TRADE

## SHIPPERS LEARN PACKERS' TRICK

How Machinery Should Be Stored for a Long Voyage on the Sea.

TIPS FROM FRENCH EXPERTS

The American chamber of commerce at Paris, which is doing efficient work for the advancement of American trade, issues from time to time bulletins in furtherance of this object. Paul Roux, a member of that body, prepared a paper entitled, "The packing of machinery for export," which the chamber of commerce has printed in pamphlet form. The following notes are taken from the pamphlet, to which attention of American exporters is invited:

"In packing goods for export care should be taken to economize space, to avoid breakage and exposure, and to be ready for rough handling. Goods should, if possible, be kept within 40 cubic feet a ton. Projecting parts should be removed and packed separately. They increase space and increase risks of breakage.

"The parts should be so marked as to absolutely preclude the possibility of error. Hardly will be found more than half the success of securing foreign trade. Not a single piece, no matter how simple, should be packed without its localizing mark. It is impossible to emphasize this point too much. Always dismount all fragile and projecting parts. Leave no delicate parts exposed. Plug up oil holes. Put on the best possible coating. It pays. Be sure to put on enough, particularly on all exposed parts.

Weights Mean Much.

"Merchants and manufacturers should look carefully into the matter of weights and measures. They mean much in the questions of trade. Rates are often regulated on the weight basis. For example, goods weighing more than four and one half tons pay, as a rule, twice as much as do those under two tons. Large and heavy bales increase the costs of loading and unloading. Packing is a science and an art. The making of boxes has been the subject of scientific and mathematical work of the highest kind. Before a box is bought or built the merchant or manufacturer should go carefully into the minutest details as to the character of the box wanted. Care should be taken to permit of easy and efficient examination of the machine or parts packed, even to the admission of a lantern to reveal the parts. For this purpose it is a good plan to fasten one side of the case with screws, usually the side that permits of the best examination. Care should be taken in lining, or not lining with paper, sheet tin, etc. Here questions of atmospheric effects often are very important.

"Every box should be accompanied by its own list of pieces, and when possible, by drawings of the parts, and the complete machine. This helps the adjusters. It is not a bad idea to send with each machine any particular or peculiar tool that may be found useful or helpful in adjusting the parts.

"Next in importance to marking the parts of the machine is the marking of the cases. It should indicate the weight, gross, net (absolutely exact), volume, and port of destination, the latter in large letters, at least two inches long. Marks of identification on each end of a case are of great value. A mark of some kind should surround the heads of nails or screws, which should be removed to unpack the machine."

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## LATIN AMERICANS CALL YANKEE SHIPS

Some Reasons Why This Country Could Secure Much Southern Trade.

CARTAGENA, COLOMBIA, Aug. 30.—There is no reason why the United States should not obtain and hold a large part of the trade of South and Central America, is the declaration made by Fiscal Agent Cortes of Colombia. The cordial relations existing between these parts of the American continent, the first essential in securing and maintaining successful trade relations, already exist. The geographical position of the United States contributes much toward the successful and rapid facilities for the transportation of goods to South and Central America, and for the importation of products of Latin American countries into the United States. A point of great importance is the fact that the United States products, both of farms and factories, are precisely those most needed by South and Central America. Under these conditions it certainly is not too much to expect the United States to receive, in the future, a large part of the Latin American trade. In agricultural implements and in all classes of machinery this is particularly true. This class of American products is much better suited to the wants of Colombia and the other South American republics than are any others. The classes of cotton goods and other products of the factories of North America have already found favor with the people of Latin America because they are of better quality than are those imported from Europe.

The principal reason for the preference given to the manufactures of England and Germany in Latin American countries is found in the fact that the manufacturers of these countries have inundated Latin America with catalogues and circulars printed in Spanish language. American manufacturers are beginning to manifest an interest in the trade of South and Central America, and the results are already beginning to appear.

It is gratifying to note that most of the manufacturers of the United States are beginning to introduce a better system of packing and boxing and transporting their merchandise to South America. Up to the present time the manufacturers of the United States, owing to the demands of internal trade, have not been able to find time to study conditions for selling abroad; but exporting merchants have understood the importance of packing their wares in light boxes for the purpose of transportation over the narrow and sometimes undeveloped roads of the Latin American countries.

A movement at present finding considerable favor is resulting in sending traveling agents who speak Spanish and other languages to the countries with which it is desired to trade. This indicates that American manufacturers have begun in earnest to study commercial conditions of the countries of South America with which they desire to do business. The republics of South and Central America have never had in all their history such brilliant prospects as at present, nor a tendency more favorable to the interchange of trade with the United States. Colombia, for example, has begun works which will certainly result in securing augmentations in the demands for the products of the United States.

### Free Offers from Denmark.

Vice-Consul Burrell of Magdeburg, Germany, reports that the Danish Association of Agents of Foreign Firms has requested the Association for Commercial Treaties to inform those interested that it has established an office in the bourse at Copenhagen for the purpose of putting foreign houses in communication with reliable Danish agents, who are particularly adapted to introduce the articles in question in Danish markets. No charges for service are made by the association.

## MAKES POSSIBLE MODERN BUSINESS

Wonderful Growth of the Telephone Told in History of the C. D. & P. T. Co.

PIONEERS IN PITTSBURGH

The history of the telephone business in the Pittsburgh territory is practically the history of the Central District and Printing Telegraph Company, which holds the license to operate electric telephones for this district.

An early advertisement states that this company, which was incorporated under New York laws, in 1874, "Constructs and Rents to Individuals, Firms and Corporations for their private use telegraph lines, equipped with any desired form of instrument." From an old list of subscribers published about this time there appears the names of 60 of the then prominent business firms of Pittsburgh, among them being A. French & Co., A. Garrison & Co., Carnegie Bros. & Co., C. L. Wells & Co., Jones & Laughlin, J. Painter & Sons., Thos. Wightman & Co., W. G. Johnston & Co., and other well-known firms.

In those days the telephone was unknown, the equipment at the subscribers' stations was of the familiar Morse type, later being replaced by the Gray printing telegraph machines. The message was given to an operator in the company's general office, Wood street and Fifth avenue, and repeated to the subscriber desired.

Dr. Alexander Bell exhibited in 1876 the electric telephone—it talked, and that alone was a great improvement, but being so new, and so little of the science of the new invention being known, the development of the electric telephone was very slow for the first few years.

In the fall of 1878 this company was operating electric telephones between its general office and the office of the "Iron Age," then located in Fourth avenue, and the office of Wm. G. Johnston & Co. Shortly after this time electric telephones were also working over lines between this company's office and the offices of the Western Pennsylvania Iron association, the Pullman Palace Car Company in the old Union station, and the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh.

In 1879 the electric telephone was first publically exhibited at the old Allegheny exposition. Under the old charter the route of the line was defined as extending from Jamestown, Chautauqua county, N. Y., to Mansfield, O., thence to Wheeling, W. Va., and thence to Pittsburgh. The full privileges of this charter were never taken advantage of as the introduction of the electric telephone materially changed the situation. The advantages of the telephone over the telegraph soon became apparent, and the "Gray Printer" was promptly replaced by the telephone.

This company in 1881 secured a new charter under the laws of Pennsylvania for "the constructing, owning, leasing and operating electric telephone and telegraph lines."

The telephone simply replaced the telegraph instruments, still using the wires strung for the telegraph lines, the old single or grounded iron wire circuit run over house tops and attached to houses, trees, poles or any available fixture that could be found. But not until in 1881 did the company start to place its own poles and build its own plant in Pittsburgh. In 1879 and 1880 isolated telephone plants were installed in Allegheny, East Liverpool, O., Wheeling and Parkersburg, W. Va., Meadville and Oil City, and other nearby towns.

In 1881 the first long connecting line was completed to Beaver Falls. The isolated plants were connected with Pittsburgh, and towns like Steubenville, McKeesport and Washington, where toll stations had been established, soon became integral exchanges and toll points of the general system.

The single grounded wire circuit was replaced by metallic iron wire circuits, and these in their turn by metallic circuits of copper wire. The old blake transmitter was replaced by the "solid back" transmitter in use today, and the growth of the telephone business has been by leaps and bounds.

At the present writing the old list of 60 subscribers has reached a total of nearly 75,000, either one of which are within speaking distance with over 2,500,000 more toll subscribers in the United States and Canada; the original Pittsburgh-Wheeling line of 75 miles is now a part of over 10,000 miles of full metallic copper wire circuit toll lines and the grounded iron wire circuits of the early days has been replaced by 128,345 miles of exchange wire of the best construction to connect subscribers' stations to the nearest central office. The few isolated central offices have now passed the 100 mark and the total pay stations in the district number 4,100.

In the wire plant over 700 miles of underground ducts have been installed for cables, while the wire for underground cables is over 10,000 miles. For aerial cables over 64,000 miles are in use.

The vast plant covers 13 counties in Western Pennsylvania, having an area of 18,536 square miles; 11 counties in Eastern Ohio having an area of 8,318 square miles, and 11 counties in West Virginia having an area of 8,128 square miles, or a grand total of 34,984 square miles in the territory of this company, having a population of nearly 3,500,000.

To build, operate, maintain and direct this property the company has nearly 3,000 employes, of whom about nineteen are females.

### Six-Year-Old Boy Drowns.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 11.—Joseph Egan, Jr., aged 6 years, was drowned near the foot of Indiana avenue today while bathing. Some time later the body was found by a life guard.

Shippers who have no Traffic Manager in charge of their shipping can enjoy the advantage of an experienced freight manager by making a connection with John F. Lent, Shippers' Traffic Manager, 707 Park building, Pittsburgh, who maintains a full equipment for disseminating promptly information pertaining to freight movements to all parts of the world. This office also represents Lenham & Moore of New York and London and provides upon application ocean rates to any part of the globe. No delay in securing through bills of lading. The only office in Pittsburgh equipped with private wires to eastern cities insuring through bills lading to any port.


# Mellon National Bank

Pittsburgh

Capital - - - - - - $4,000,000
Surplus and Profits 1,176,000
Assets - - - - - - - 32,300,000

Having direct correspondents in all the principal cities of the world, this bank has unexcelled facilities for making collections at home and abroad—
The accounts of exporters are received on liberal terms—clean and documentary bills of exchange are purchased at best market rates.
The bank issues commercial credits for the use of importers—
Also issues travelers' cheques—letters of credit and drafts, payable in all parts of the world.

A. W. MELLON, President R. B. MELLON, Vice-President A. C. KNOX, Vice-President
W. S. MITCHELL, Cashier B. W. LEWIS, Assistant Cashier A. W. McELDOWNEY, Assistant Cashier
H. S. ZIMMERMAN, Assistant Cashier

DIRECTORS

ANDREW W. MELLON, H. C. M'ELDOWNEY, B. F. JONES, JR., WILLIAM G. PARK, GEO. I. WHITNEY, ROBERT PITCAIRN, W. B. SCHILLER, HENRY C. FRICK, JAMES H. LOCKHART, RICHARD B. MELLON, HENRY C. FOWNES, A. C. KNOX, W. S. MITCHELL, GEORGE E. SHAW, J. M. LOCKHART, P. C. KNOX, J. M. SCHOONMAKER, HENRY PHIPPS, DAVID E. PARK, WILLIAM N. FREW, JOHN B. FINLEY

514 Smithfield street 409 Fifth avenue

# HEAVY DEMANDS MADE FOR MONEY TO MOVE THE CROPS

## On This Account, Liquidation in the Securities Market Must Proceed Further—Investors Will Reap the Benefit in the End.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Concerning the stock market of the last week, there was a striking unanimity of opinion displayed in Wall street. By common consent the irregularity and reactionary tendency of the interval was ascribed to the technical market position. Fundamental conditions, if the loaned-up condition of the banks and the meager reserves be accepted, could scarcely be better, and contain brighter promises for the future. But to reap these benefits it is clear that heavy demands will be made on funds to move the crops and to provide for the necessities of active trade.

To what further extent liquidation will proceed in the stock market is, of course, unknown, but that liquidation must proceed further seems reasonably certain. Generally these liquidating movements are carried further than is necessary or warranted by conditions. That, too, is due largely to the technical position of the market, to the over-loaded condition of over-optimistic traders, forced in the end to relinquish their grasp on securities which, in consequence of declines, higher money, or both, they can no longer finance. But there is some compensation in this, for the investor profits most from the sacrifices and losses of over-extended speculators.

It may not be pleasant to the speculator to realize that he has been slaughtered to make an investors' holiday, but such is the way of speculative markets. At present the most readily available source of funds which are needed by their owners, or by the agricultural and mercantile interests which are legitimately entitled to them, to maintain the prosperity of the country, is the security market. It is certainly far better, in the order of things, that loans be called and weak security holders be forced to sell, than that for the lack of money the great harvests be permitted to rot on the ground, or the looms and the forges be brought to a standstill.

Such certainly was the alternative that James J. Hill was turning over in his mind when, on Thursday, he remarked the business of the country would be sounder if people would quit speculating. And the same idea, differently phrased, was doubtless back of the remarks of Mr. Mitchell, president of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, when he pointed out that a five per cent rate for money "would deter a great many undesirable ventures which a low rate makes possible." When in the throes of the delirium market of 1901 and 1902, men issued warnings or made comment such as the foregoing, they were hailed as "enemies of the country." They were its truest friends. The speculator plays his part with others in the great economic scheme, but he is a non-producer and occupies a lower plane; he is, at times, but a mere "grafter" on the industry of others, a marplot who can be curbed without injury, and to advantage.

It is difficult to avoid the conclusion that money is to be worth more the world over, and it follows as a natural corollary that if the expected came to pass higher money rates will apply the test by which will be determined the stability and the rationality of high speculative prices. It is one thing to measure prices by a standard of 1 and 2 per cent, and quite another if the gauge reads 5 and 6 per cent. Of course, there are instances, and speculative Wall street recalls them now, in rebuttal of the argument that higher money will force lower prices, when we have seen most active markets and advancing prices with 6 per cent money, but when did anyone see such, which were long sustained, with prices at anywhere near the present level?

It is true that the wonderful and long continued prosperity and the development of the country has amply justified much higher prices than that which prevailed five or 10 years ago, and it may be true also that better communication, the increase of gold supply and the unparalleled flood of national bank notes has really worked some change for lower interest rates, and therefore higher prices for everything. Admit all this, and, nevertheless, it is clear that the only way we can prove the economic change such as is above implied has really come to pass and is permanent, is after the markets and prices have been subjected to the old tests, of active demand and higher money rates, such as they have not yet experienced.

It is not alone this country, with demands falling upon all money centers for funds to move the crops and to provide for the necessities of manufacture and commerce, that the tendency of higher money rates is observable. The phenomenon is not new in this respect, but occurs annually. We can in part determine its continuance, but not wholly so. Money for crop moving purposes is likely to continue in demand until about the end of the year. Whether it will flow back as speedily thereafter as in the past is a problem.

The great crop which underlies the demand for money west and south may serve to further stimulate the largely expanding industry of the interior, and be retained for a longer period than is usual. This, of course, is not a bad thing in itself, but quite to the contrary. It became important from the Wall street point of view chiefly because if money can be employed profitably and at high rates in the interior, it will remain there, when once it gets back to its natural abiding place, and would not be available for speculative ventures at cheap rates in the stock or commodity markets.

But, after all, the chief problem of the money market concerns the increasing demand for capital in Europe. Wall street winced when suddenly on Thursday the Bank of England's minimum discount rate advanced from 2½ to 3 per cent, the first advance made in the rate in a period of two years. And with this advance came also the hardening of discounts at every important financial center of Europe, and the prediction of an advance in rates by the Imperial Bank of Germany within the near future. The drain of gold from London to Argentina and Egypt was advanced to explain the Bank of England's action, and that, together with the effort to accumulate funds at continental points to facilitate the flotation of the forthcoming Russian loan, was cited as the reason for the hardening of continental discount rates. Doubtless they both played their part, but no one can have talked with bankers in touch with European affairs or read the cable advices of the various plans and undertakings requiring capital which are progressing in England and on the continent, without reaching the conclusion that business revival and a more active employment of money than of late are expected abroad, as well as at home.

Wall street feared that a continuance of war, or an indemnity loan, would make the chief demand on European funds. It seems now more likely that even heavier demands will result as the outcome of peace. During her long interval of depression the surplus funds of Europe were at our disposal, in abundance and at low rates. They were forced upon our markets, as America seemed the one bright spot in the universe. They contributed in part to the abnormal ease of our money market. Doubtless, surplus funds are still available for our use, but if confidence and business revival and a wide expansion of new enterprises follow in Europe as an outcome of peace between Russia and Japan, then the surplus at our disposal may be less considerable than of late, or only obtainable, at higher rates. Surely no one can mistake the growing optimism of England, that her long period of industrial depression is to end, and the same is true elsewhere in Europe, all of which leads to the conclusion that funds will become more active and command higher rates abroad.

# REVIEW OF THE WEEK IN THE LOCAL MARKETS

## All Lines Were Dull—Canned Tomatoes Show Strength. Flour Grows Weaker.

All lines in the local market were dull last week. For the first time in months there was a weakness in eggs. They had been selling at a premium for strictly fresh, selected stock, but last week the premium dropped off and the receipts increased materially. Butter also showed a weakness and a drop of a half-cent a pound is looked for today.

In the green goods line there was a general settling of prices about the middle of the week and material changes were made in favor of the buyer. The business transacted was fair in volume and fully up to the mark in quality, as a high grade of goods of all kinds was received.

In the grocery line the most active article was canned tomatoes. They show a much firmer market, and an advance in price is considered not unlikely. Sugar is beginning to drag and the demand, which has been sustaining the price, is not nearly so heavy. Flour is very weak and suffered another reduction Saturday, being now below the half-dollar mark. Coffee is still strong at the advance.

### HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts.

Receipts Saturday were: Pennsylvania, 17 cars hay, 10 cars corn, 14 cars oats, 2 cars straw, 2 cars rye, 4 cars feed. Baltimore & Ohio, 14 cars hay, 3 cars oats. Lake Erie, 3 cars hay, 3 cars oats.

The week in the market showed hay in great demand except for the lower grades. Prices were firm, and receipts were readily picked up. Clover and mixed hays are increasing in receipts and weaker. Straw is firm, especially rye, which is in good demand. Middlings were firm, and bran is off. No. 2 white oats and good No. 3 are easily disposed of. Concessions are made to get rid of lower grades. Ear corn is weaker and shelled corn steady.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 timothy | $12.50@12.75 |
| No. 2 | $11.00@11.50 |
| No. 1 clover | $10.00@10.50 |
| No. 2 clover | $9.25@9.75 |
| No. 1 mixed | $10.00@10.50 |
| No. 2 mixed | $9.25@9.75 |
| Straw, oat | $8.75@7.25 |
| do wheat | $6.75@7.25 |
| do rye | $8.50@9.00 |
| New No. 2 white oats | 29½@30c |
| New No. 3 white oats | 28½@29c |
| No. 4 oats | 26@26½c |
| White middlings, No. 1, ton | $19.75@20.00 |
| No. 2 middlings | $18.00@18.50 |
| do brown | $16.50@17.00 |
| Bran, ton | $18.25@18.75 |
| Wheat, No. 2 red, new, at mill | 75@76c |
| Corn—Yellow shelled | 61@61½c |
| High mixed | 60@60½c |
| Yellow ear | 65½@66½c |
| Mixed yellow ear | 66@67c |

### PROVISIONS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hams. | |
| 16 lbs and up | 12¼c |
| Over 14 to 16 lbs | 12c |
| Over 10 to 14 lbs | 12¼c |
| 10 lbs and under | 12¼c |
| Skinned | 13c |
| Boneless rolled | 13½c |
| California | 8½c |
| Shoulders, N. Y. cut | 8½c |
| do skinned | 9c |
| Ribs, 8 to 10 lbs | 12½c |
| do 10 to 12 lbs | 12½c |
| do back strips | 13c |
| do cigars, 8 to 10 lbs | 13½c |
| do 10 to 12 lbs | 13c |
| Breakfast bacon, back strips | 12½c |
| Dry salt sides, extra short clears | 10c |
| Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs | 10½c |
| do 16 to 20 lbs | 10½c |
| do under 16 lbs | 10½c |
| Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears | 11c |
| Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs | 11½c |
| do 16 to 20 lbs | 11½c |
| do under 16 lbs | 11½c |
| Lard, pure, tierces | 8¾c |

### BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Butter. | |
| Prints | 23½@24c |
| Tubs | 23@23½c |
| Ohio cream | 20½@21c |
| Dairy | 14½@15½c |
| Cooking | 9@11c |
| Cheese, N. Y. full cream, new | 12@12½c |
| do ¾ cream, new | 8¾@10c |
| do Picnics | 13@13½c |
| do Wis. Swiss tubs | 15@15½c |
| do block | 13½@14c |
| do imported | 27@27½c |
| do Limburger, new | 12½@13c |
| do 5-lb brick, new | 13@13½c |
| Eggs, selected | 21@22c |
| do southern | 19@20c |
| Gathering Point Prices: Dairy butter, | |
| do | 11@12c |
| Eggs, doz. | 18c |

### DRIED FRUITS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Raisins, 1-lb pkg | 8@8½c |
| Evap. peaches, 25-lb box, lb | 10@12c |
| Evap. apples, 1-lb pkgs | 7½@8½c |
| Evap. apricots, bags, lb | 8@11c |
| Evap. apricots, 25-lb box, choice | 10½@12c |
| do fancy | 12@13c |
| Evap. currants, 1-lb pkgs | 7½@8c |
| Prunes, Cal., lb | 4@7c |

### SMALL FRUITS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Huckleberries, pails | $1.00@1.15 |
| do large bskt | $1.25@1.50 |
| do small bskt | 75@90c |
| Elderberries, pails | 50@75c |
| do crates | $1.50@2.00 |

### GROCERIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour. | |
| Fancy spg. patent, quarters, in papers | $4.45@5.75 |
| Kansas pat | $4.85@4.90 |
| Fancy winter patent | $4.50@4.60 |
| Rye | $4.10@4.70 |
| Graham, 10-lb bags | $2.30@2.50 |
| Cornmeal, bbls | $3.00@3.25 |
| Rolled oats, bbl | $5.00 |
| do kegs | $2.65 |
| Roasted Coffee. | |
| Rio | 12½@15c |
| Santos | 23@24c |
| Marmenibo | 15½@16c |
| Peaberry | 18@18½c |
| Golden Rio | 14c |
| Caracas | 20@20½c |
| Standard, pkgs | 11.05c |
| High grade | 18@18½c |
| Molasses, fancy, refined | 25@35c |
| do choice | 31@34c |
| do open ket | 37@42c |
| do 2-lb | 36c |
| do 3-lb | $1.35@1.85 |
| Fancy syrup | 28@30c |
| Maple sugar, gal | 51.00 |
| Sug. and cane | 21@22c |
| 2-lb cans, doz | 75c |
| 2½-lb cans, doz | 90c |
| 5-lb cans, doz | $1.80 |
| 10-lb cans, doz | $2.40 |
| Maple, gal | 75c@$1.00 |
| Sugar, sta. gran | 5.40c |
| do bags | 5.35c |
| do 2-lb cartons | 5.55c |
| do 5-lb cartons | 5.55c |
| do pow'd xxxx | 5.65c |

### PRODUCE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Potatoes | $1.75@2.00 |
| do bu | 65@70c |
| Sweet potatoes, bbls | $2.25@2.50 |
| do bu bskt | 90c@$1.00 |
| do Jersey fancy, bbl | $3.25@3.50 |
| do med., bbl | $2.00@2.25 |
| do fancy, ½ bbl hamper | $1.25@1.50 |
| Onions, bu | 75@90c |
| do Spanish, crates | $1.00@1.15 |
| Spring onions | 15@20c |
| do yellow Danvers, bbls | $2.00@2.25 |
| Silver Skins, bbls | $3.00@3.25 |
| Cabbage, new, bbls | $1.75@2.00 |
| Green peppers, bbl | $1.00@1.25 |
| do bu | 40@50c |
| Green beans, bu | 50@75c |
| Wax beans, bu | 75c@$1.00 |
| Celery, Kalamazoo | 10@25c |
| do Ohio, large bunches | 30@35c |
| do small bunches | 15@20c |
| do York state, large bunches | 10@15c |
| Summer squash, hu hampers | $1.25@1.50 |
| Eggplant, home grown, bu | 75c@$1.00 |
| Garlic, lb | 10@12c |
| Watercress, doz | 30@40c |
| Lettuce, field, doz | 40@50c |
| Green peas, bu hamper | $1.75@2.00 |
| Cauliflower, chips | 50@75c |
| Watermelons | 20@40c |
| Cantaloupes, crates | $1.50@1.75 |
| do Rocky Fords, standards | $2.00@2.25 |
| do comb | $1.50@1.75 |
| Carrots, bu | $1.00@1.25 |
| Cucumbers, home grown, bu | 75c@$1.00 |
| Tomatoes, home raised, bu | 50@75c |
| do chips | 20@35c |
| Corn, home raised, bu | 40@50c |
| New beets, doz | 20@25c |
| Lima beans, 3-qt bskt | 20@25c |
| do qts | 8@10c |
| Popcorn, lb | 4@5c |
| Mint, doz | 50@75c |
| Parsley, doz | 40@60c |

### FRUITS.

| | |
|---|---|
| New apples, bu | 75c@$1.00 |
| do bbls., fancy | $3.00@3.50 |
| do choice | $2.00@2.50 |
| Lemons, Messinas | $7.50@8.50 |
| Oranges, late Valencias | $3.50@6.00 |
| Cocoanuts, bags | $3.25@3.50 |
| do doz | 45@50c |
| Bananas, lsts | $1.50@2.00 |
| do 2nds | $1.00@1.50 |
| Pineapples, Fla. smooth Cayennes | $3.50@4.00 |
| Pears, 10-lb baskets | 35@40c |
| do 20-lb bskt | 70@85c |
| do 10-lb bkst | 25@35c |
| do ½ bu | 75@85c |
| do Cal. box | $3.00@3.25 |
| do Bartletts, bbls | $4.00@4.50 |
| Limes, per 100 | $2.00@2.50 |
| Dates, stuffed | 15c |
| Peaches, 10-lb bskt | 35@40c |
| do 20-lb bskt | 75c@$1.00 |
| do bu | $1.25@1.75 |
| Fancy, crts | $2.00@2.25 |
| Choice | $1.50@1.75 |
| Plums, Cal. blue | $1.25@1.50 |
| do 20 lbs | 50@75c |
| do ½ bu | 75c@$1.00 |
| do Damson, ½ bu | $1.00@1.25 |
| Grapes, 8-lb basket | 30@35c |

### SALT FISH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl | $36.00 |
| do half bbl | $11.50 |
| do quar. bbl | $6.50 |
| Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl | $20.00 |
| do half bbls | $10.50 |
| do quar. bbls | $6.25 |
| do 20-lb pails | $2.40 |
| do 10-lb pails | $1.75 |
| Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbl | $18.50 |
| do half bbls | $9.50 |
| do quar. bbls | $4.85 |
| do 20-lb pails | $1.90 |
| do 10-lb pails | $1.00 |
| do No. 2 Irish 50-lb tubs | $8.00 |
| Lake herring, 100 lbs | $3.50 |
| do 50-lb | $1.85 |
| do 10-lb | 55c |

### JOBBERS' YARD PRICES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Potatoes, car lots, fancy, bu | 55@60c |
| Cabbage, ton | $20.00@22.00 |
| Cantaloupes, Rocky Fords, standards | $1.50@1.75 |
| Watermelons, car | $140.00@200.00 |
| Peaches, bu | $1.00@1.25 |
| Apples, Fancy, bbl | $2.75@3.25 |
| choice, bbl | $2.00@2.50 |
| Grapes, 8-lb bskt | 12@15c |

### CANNED GOODS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Peaches, sta., pie | $1.00 |
| do pie, gal | $2.50@3.00 |
| do California, L. C | $1.80@2.25 |
| do California, X. F | $1.80@2.25 |
| Corn, fancy | $1.10@1.20 |
| do stand | 80@90c |
| Cherries, California, white | $2.25@2.50 |
| Lima beans | $1.25@1.40 |
| do soaked | 70@75c |
| String beans, 2-lb | 65@70c |
| do 3-lb | 90@97½c |
| Stringless beans | $1.20@1.30 |
| Peas, marrowfat | 80@85c |
| do early June | 75@80c |
| do soaked | 55@65c |
| Pigeon, California | 15c |
| Mineral oil, special brands | 36@43c |
| Rice, ex-fancy head, lb | 6@6½c |
| do fancy, Japan | 4@4½c |
| do choice, Carolina | 4@5c |
| Salt, No. 1 bbl | $1.10 |
| do No. 2 extra | $1.20 |
| do rock | 50c |
| do pocket | $1.65@1.85 |
| do dairy | $1.40 |
| Lentils, fancy "S. Q." lb | 4½@5½c |
| Sauerkraut, 40-gal. cask | $4.75 |
| do 15 gal. keg | $2.00 |

### CANNED GOODS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Raspberries | 85@95c |
| Gooseberries | 85@90c |
| Tomatoes, fancy | $1.10@1.20 |
| do standard | 80@90c |
| do sal | 82.35 |
| Succotash, 1-lb cans | $1.10@1.20 |
| Baked beans, cans, tomato sauce | 75@95c |
| Salmon, doz | 85c@$2.00 |
| do red, 1-lb | 90c@$1.00 |
| do pink, 1-lb talls | $1.30@2.10 |
| Chipped beef | $2.25@2.75 |
| Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans | $1.20@1.30 |
| Mackerel, broiled | $1.00@1.50 |
| Sardines, domestic, ½s | $1.10@2.15 |
| do mustards, ¼s | $2.60 |
| do French | $6.50@11.50 |

### POULTRY AND GAME.

| | |
|---|---|
| Live chickens, old | 14@15c |
| do springers | 14@15c |
| do roosters | 8@9c |
| do turkeys | 16@17c |
| do geese | 10@11c |
| do ducks | 14@15c |
| do pigeons, pr | $1.00@1.25 |
| Dressed hens | 17@18c |
| do springers | 18@19c |
| do roosters | 11@12c |
| do turkeys | 22@23c |
| do Long Island ducklings | 20c |
| do ducks | 18@19c |
| do capon, lb | 20@22c |
| Squab, doz | $3.75@4.00 |
| do No. 2 | $2.00@2.25 |
| Ducks, ruddy | $1.25 |
| do red head | $1.70@2.00 |
| do canvasback | $2.75@3.00 |
| Impt. golden plover, pr | 75@80c |
| do black plover | $4.50 |
| English pheasants, per pair | $2.25 |
| Reed birds, doz | $1.25 |
| Snappers, per lb | 8@9c |
| Pigeons, pair | 30@35c |
| Frogs, doz | $1.25@2.50 |

### SEEDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small | $7.75@8.00 |
| do mammoth | $7.35@8.10 |
| do crimson | $5.50@5.60 |
| do white, Dutch | $9.75@11.50 |
| Alsike | $8.00@8.10 |
| Alfalfa | $8.00@8.25 |
| Millet, Western | $1.35@1.50 |
| Southern | $1.80@2.00 |
| Grass, Hungarian | 30c@$1.00 |
| do lawn, lb | 14@18c |
| do blue, 16-lb bu | $1.25@1.80 |
| do red top, 14-lb bu | $1.10@1.60 |
| Timothy | $1.70@1.75 |

**First Mortgage Bonds.**

Commonwealth Trust Company, No. 327 Fourth avenue, is offering to investors choice first mortgage bonds, yielding 5 to 5½ per cent.

# RISE IN BANK RATE IS MARKET FEATURE

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]
(Copyright, 1905, by New York Herald Co.)

LONDON, Sept. 10.—The advance of the bank rate from 2½ to 3 per cent is the event of the financial week which attracted attention and exerted the most influence. It had been expected that the rate would go up, but nobody seems to have thought the rise would come so soon. As to its expediency, no one seems to entertain a doubt that the bank's reserve is $15,000,000 less than a year ago, the stock of coin bullion about $10,000,000 less and the proportion of reserve to liabilities down to 45 per cent, as compared with 51½, when the rate was 3 per cent. The withdrawal on Thursday of further three-quarters of a million in gold for South Africa materially altered the bank's position for the worse. Besides, South Africa will soon want more gold, as will also Egypt, for the moving of its cotton crop, and consideration of these factors alone would have been sufficient to warrant the directors in raising the rate.

That the United States will draw upon this market for gold to any great extent is not regarded as a probability. It is suggested that if the import is absolutely needed, New York will turn to Paris for metal rather than to London.

There is a growing cheerfulness in the tone of financial reviews nowadays that is rapidly approaching optimism, trade is improving, investment and speculation on the stock exchange is growing more active, many writers profess to expect a steady expansion of business both at home and abroad. So busy has everybody been in the stock exchange that no one has had time to grumble because the house is undergoing its decennial painting and the interior is largely taken up by a network of scaffolding, causing a degree of inconvenience to the members that ordinarily would provoke much complaint.

Naturally the London stock market has been affected by the setback both in New York, Paris and the plotting in Tokyo, as well as by the rise in the value of money. To the events in the Japanese capital is partly ascribed the selling of Japanese stocks on American account in London during the week, though as a matter of fact American selling is by no means confined to Japanese stock, but is extended to American securities and copper shares.

Fluctuations, even sharp breaks in the stock market, are looked for in the near future, but the balance of movement, it is believed, will be upward, although at the present there is a plentiful supply of money, though discount rates are advanced on the expectation of an impending scarcity. In consequence consols have been flat and allowing for the dividend, the price is three-eighths lower than last week.

Russians, on support from Paris, show a considerable improvement, trans-Caucasian and 5s per cent bonds being 3 and 2 points higher respectively.

The home railway market has been cheerful, and considerable investment business has been done, with the result of a general though in most cases moderate, improvement in prices. In American rails London has been throughout the week more optimistic than New York. Canadians have attracted considerable attention both from investors and speculators.

As regards international securities much will depend upon the course of events in Russia. If a hopeful view is taken prices will recover.

In Paris, speaking generally, international securities of all kinds are already very high, therefore, a great advance is not to be looked for, but an improvement is to be anticipated and a steady maintenance of values where already prices are high enough.

In some directions, of course, there will be considerable advance. It is probable, however, that the greatest rise of all will be in mining shares. The advance in these has been checked during the week by the fact that one of the great houses had to take over a large block of shares from a disabled speculator, but recovery is inevitable, and as the results of gold mining are more fully appreciated by the investing public a rise in prices must go on.

# NEW YORK WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT

Statement of the associated banks of the city of New York, from reports to the New York clearing house, as required under section 26 of the constitution, for the week ended Saturday, September 9.

| BANKS. | Loans. | Specie. | Legals. | Deposits. | Average Circulation. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bank of N. Y., National Bank Assn. | $10,563,600 | $2,178,900 | $2,013,000 | $17,462,000 | $1,103,900 |
| Manhattan Company | 26,152,400 | 6,170,000 | 2,350,000 | 37,180,000 | |
| Merchants National | 15,108,400 | 2,774,600 | 1,630,000 | 17,547,000 | |
| Mechanics National | 22,728,900 | 3,423,600 | 3,470,100 | 25,594,800 | 851,200 |
| Bank of America | 28,179,100 | 6,247,900 | 3,891,700 | 33,357,700 | |
| Phoenix National | 1,849,400 | 700,000 | 254,000 | 2,427,000 | 994,300 |
| National City | 188,122,700 | 34,490,300 | 19,863,000 | 240,434,400 | 38,057,900 |
| Chemical National | 24,545,200 | 4,140,700 | 1,781,500 | 23,112,400 | |
| Merchants Exchange National | 3,545,200 | 596,600 | 427,300 | 4,461,900 | 135,500 |
| Gallatin National | 8,448,500 | 1,751,300 | 1,057,000 | 9,477,000 | 278,700 |
| National Butchers and Drovers | 3,452,300 | 477,500 | 81,300 | 3,757,400 | 47,000 |
| Mechanics and Traders | 5,020,000 | 775,000 | 349,000 | 5,449,000 | |
| Greenwich bank | 4,014,500 | 622,200 | 227,900 | 4,773,600 | |
| American Exchange National | 29,009,500 | 4,012,300 | 3,721,600 | 31,723,600 | 2,847,900 |
| National Bank of Commerce | 151,350,200 | 23,110,100 | 18,790,000 | 234,745,700 | 22,677,400 |
| Mercantile National | 23,974,200 | 3,312,300 | 1,375,200 | 24,772,700 | 2,371,000 |
| Pacific | 3,202,500 | 478,500 | 289,700 | 3,377,200 | |
| Chatham National | 4,146,600 | 775,200 | 317,700 | 4,238,000 | 46,700 |
| Peoples | 2,139,000 | 372,000 | 82,000 | 2,284,000 | |
| National Bank of North America | 14,473,000 | 3,404,400 | 1,302,200 | 15,391,000 | 271,500 |
| Hanover National | 23,412,200 | 11,496,900 | 4,877,000 | 44,320,400 | 1,209,300 |
| Irving National Bank | 7,240,000 | 1,078,800 | 256,000 | 6,711,700 | 794,500 |
| Citizens Central National Bank | 14,548,900 | 3,194,300 | 1,478,100 | 16,892,500 | 1,348,700 |
| Nassau Bank | 3,192,500 | 427,200 | 220,200 | 3,562,200 | |
| Market and Fulton National | 7,727,800 | 1,223,500 | 503,700 | 7,771,000 | 34,600 |
| National Shoe and Leather | 11,295,800 | 2,040,400 | 843,900 | 9,761,900 | 506,800 |
| City Exchange Bank | 2,777,000 | 1,000,000 | 222,000 | 3,000,000 | |
| Oriental | 3,121,700 | 1,211,600 | 329,100 | 3,807,400 | |
| Importers & Traders National | 24,635,000 | 4,224,000 | 1,258,000 | 22,180,000 | 47,100 |
| National Park Bank | 71,908,000 | 19,347,000 | 4,645,000 | 94,998,000 | 2,086,400 |
| East River National Bank | 1,974,500 | 383,500 | 176,500 | 1,969,400 | 37,500 |
| Fourth National Bank | 20,801,100 | 3,671,500 | 3,564,500 | 23,324,600 | 30,000 |
| Second National Bank | 3,733,000 | 918,000 | 1,121,000 | 5,237,000 | 242,000 |
| First National Bank | 202,779,200 | 21,372,400 | 2,959,500 | 24,402,100 | 6,047,500 |
| New York National Exchange | 5,439,300 | 1,470,100 | 338,900 | 6,324,500 | 450,300 |
| Bowery Bank | 2,139,000 | 500,000 | 246,000 | 2,835,000 | |
| New York County National | 4,709,500 | 833,800 | 497,900 | 5,154,700 | 50,000 |
| German-American | 4,351,800 | 776,700 | 277,400 | 4,906,500 | |
| Chase National | 46,832,600 | 13,477,300 | 3,514,200 | 54,423,700 | 896,900 |
| Fifth Avenue Bank | 3,984,200 | 2,666,500 | 358,700 | 6,211,000 | |
| German Exchange Bank | 2,134,800 | 443,600 | 470,000 | 2,775,000 | |
| Germania Bank | 7,645,900 | 474,600 | 982,700 | 7,359,800 | |
| Lincoln National Bank | 12,405,600 | 625,500 | 1,932,900 | 14,112,000 | 384,400 |
| Garfield National Bank | 4,545,200 | 1,005,700 | 279,100 | 4,947,900 | 9,200 |
| Fifth National Bank | 3,719,700 | 477,700 | 148,000 | 3,842,700 | 202,500 |
| Bank of Metropolis | 5,370,700 | 1,349,100 | 1,076,700 | 7,076,000 | |
| West Side | 4,156,000 | 728,000 | 360,000 | 4,427,000 | |
| Seaboard National | 23,766,600 | 2,902,000 | 1,571,000 | 24,870,000 | 362,000 |
| First National Bank, Brooklyn | 4,642,000 | 873,000 | 866,000 | 4,987,000 | 27,000 |
| Liberty National | 11,422,700 | 2,220,700 | 750,000 | 9,981,000 | 506,700 |
| New York Produce Exchange | 3,421,000 | 1,200,000 | 297,000 | 4,359,000 | |
| New Amsterdam National | 6,121,400 | 943,200 | 903,700 | 6,361,400 | 135,000 |
| Astor National | 4,462,300 | 964,000 | 297,300 | 4,687,000 | 270,900 |
| Totals | $1,108,082,500 | $207,672,400 | $114,714,800 | $1,235,442,800 | $49,702,600 |


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Comparative Statement.
May 29, 1905.
Deposits, $1,835,944.31
Sept. 1, 1905.
Deposits, $2,128,301.28
Increase in three months... $292,356.97
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Surplus, $1,261,000.00
Accounts Solicited.

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ON AND AFTER JULY 5th,
314 Wood St., Cor. 4th Ave.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

CONDENSED REPORT OF
**THE NATIONAL BANK OF WESTERN PENN'A**
PENN AVENUE AND NINTH STREET
At the Close of Business, August 25th, 1905

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Loans and Discounts | $3,756,720 51 |
| United States

# ELEVATORS ARE STANDING JOKE

## Federal Building's Facilities for Accommodating Busy Crowds Are the Worst in Pittsburgh.

### HANDICAPPED PUBLIC IS TIRED

One blot on Pittsburgh reputation as a live, hustling business community is the Federal building in Smithfield street. The citizens of the center of the industrial world are found in every country and every clime and their money has been placed in enterprises which have caused great comment. The city and her people are natural born leaders wherever found, but Pittsburgh's Federal building is as far behind in its facilities as the city is ahead of many others in activity.

The Federal building occupies a block and is one of the busiest spots on the American continent. Its postoffice department in July made more money for the government than any other postoffice in the service. People are constantly going in and out of the building in streams, but up-to-date facilities for doing business, such as Pittsburghers and people from live cities are used to and expect to find, is not a part of the equipment of the Pittsburgh Federal building.

When a person who has business in the building wants to go to the second or other floors of the building, they find the greatest handicap for the quick dispatch of their business, as the Federal building, through the short-sightedness of the treasury department of the federal government, only allows frequenters of the Federal building one elevator to help them get where they wish to go and get away from the great white pile.

#### Poor Service a Handicap.

The building extends from Third to Fourth avenues and when erected two elevators were constructed in the building, but for some reason best known to the officials of the treasury department, who are conducting the business of the local Federal building from Washington, have not yet come to realize the handicap placed on the people who have business there by that building's stingy elevator accommodations. Of course, the Federal building is provided with stairways on each side of the structure, but it is almost worth a person's life or limb to attempt to use the dark and dingy stairs.

With such facilities for reaching the upper floors of the Federal building, a further outrageous handicap is placed on its facilities by converting the only passenger elevator in operation into a freight lift. Although the Federal building is equipped with a freight elevator, and there is plenty of reason for its use, the officials of the treasury department have not yet let the light penetrate their official judgment far enough to provide an operator for the freight elevator.

#### 65,000 People Use Building.

It is estimated by Special Officer Thompson, who has been on duty at the Federal building for the last 10 years, that 65,000 people go in and out of that building every 24 hours. Of this number a conservative estimate is made that fully 10,000 people frequent the offices on the second and other floors. When people enter the Federal building, and being accustomed to the elevator facilities in use in the other big office buildings, they stand aghast, and then turn away in disgust. Should a person have business on the Third avenue side of the building he not infrequently goes to that side for to take the elevator, but generally finds the dirty, time-worn notice: "Closed; Take Elevator on Fourth Avenue Side."

On reaching the Fourth avenue side nine times out of 10 the person is greeted with the sight of freight being loaded into the elevator and then there is nothing left to do but wait till the elevator is loaded and the freight delivered to the floor for which is it destined, or climb up the worst and darkest stairway to be found in any of the business buildings in this section of the state. The postoffice is housed in the same building and frequently sells more stamps and stamped envelopes than any other office in the country and brings in millions of dollars of revenue. Another department, that of the internal revenue collector, is on the second floor, and the United States district and circuit courts are also located in the Federal building.

#### Has Many Busy Offices.

The internal revenue collector does an annual business of $17,000,000 a year and turns over to the treasury department of the national government more revenue than any of the other federal offices in the United States with the exception of five. With this immense amount of business being transacted by two departments and the daily visits of people who have to go to the offices in the Federal building, the treasury provides one elevator, which is largely used for carrying freight. The freight elevator is at all times shut down and either the elevator on the Fourth avenue or the one on the Third avenue side of the building is shut down. Two passenger elevators are never operated at the same time.

William J. Crowley, the elevator man at the Federal building, has resigned and the civil service commission is advertising for applications for the position. Hilary F. Smith, the local secretary of the commission, has so far received 22 applicants for the position, which pays a salary of $900 a year and the working hours of the elevator operator are from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. After the latter hour the lone elevator is operated by the fireman from the engine room or one of the janitors, when they have time. If you have not time to wait, well walk.

#### Need Versatile Elevator Man.

The examination for elevator conductor will be held September 1, and a few of the advertised requirements of the applicants to secure the position are: Fireman, watchman, janitor, six months' experience as an elevator operator "and a general knowledge of similar machinery," and the humor of the published requirements is helped along by the word "etc." at the end of the sentence detailing the requirements and experience necessary to get a $50 a month job.

The absurdity of the present management of the Federal building can best be illustrated by comparing the facilities provided in the Federal building with those of the busy, modern office building, such as the Farmers' Bank building or the Frick building. The Farmers building is visited daily by 18,000 persons who have business to transact in some part of that building. To accommodate this great crowd the bank has in operation every business day 10 high-speed elevators and Chief Dispatcher Cahill to see the people are accommodated.

The Frick building is visited every business day by 16,000 people who have business in the offices located there. The Frick building, like the Farmers building, finds to handle the 16,000 people it is necessary to keep 10 high-speed elevators in operation every business day and a dispatcher to see that the people who visit the building are given every aid to reach the office in which they have business.

To handle a crowd of 10,000 busy people the Pittsburgh Federal building is provided with one elevator, ancient in construction and bordering on the antique, but the ancient construction may be the best excuse for using it as a freight elevator, while the busy 10,000 people have to wait.

#### Braddock Loses an Old Resident.

Jesse P. McCune, one of the pioneer residents of Braddock, and a former burgess, is moving away after a residence of more than half a century. His property on Hallett avenue was sold recently to the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, and he has purchased a residence in Swissvale borough. He lived in the third house erected in Braddock Field, when the borough was incorporated in [illegible] was elected an inspector of [illegible] after he was elected burgess.

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# KEELER IS LEADER IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

Willie Keeler is now at the front of the American league batting list, with a small but healthy lead over Stone, who, in turn, has a small margin over Napoleon Lajoie. Only three men are over .300, although Bemis ought to break back into the charmed circle any day. Records of men who have played 15 games or over:

| | G. | AB. | R. | H. | SH. | SB. | Pc. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Keeler, N. Y..... | 113 | 431 | 92 | 138 | 29 | 15 | .320 |
| Stone, St. Louis.. | 119 | 486 | 64 | 152 | 10 | 22 | .313 |
| Lajoie, Cleveland. | 69 | 250 | 30 | 77 | 3 | 16 | .308 |
| Bemis, Cleveland. | 65 | 224 | 27 | 67 | 4 | 3 | .299 |
| Davis, Chicago .. | 113 | 406 | 53 | 119 | 27 | 27 | .294 |
| Isay, Cleveland... | 108 | 403 | 70 | 119 | 31 | 26 | .292 |
| Seybold, Athletic. | 92 | 358 | 53 | 103 | 10 | 4 | .291 |
| Flick, Cleveland.. | 114 | 431 | 64 | 123 | 12 | 28 | .285 |
| Wallace, St. L.... | 121 | 441 | 53 | 125 | 4 | 14 | .283 |
| Crawford, Detroit | 119 | 444 | 54 | 124 | 4 | 17 | .279 |
| Hartzel, Athletic. | 114 | 415 | 66 | 115 | 9 | 24 | .277 |
| Hoffman, Ath..... | 103 | 404 | 63 | 112 | 14 | 47 | .277 |
| McFarland, Chi... | 66 | 203 | 17 | 56 | 4 | 5 | .276 |
| Schreck, Athletic. | 90 | 327 | 23 | 90 | 2 | 5 | .275 |
| Collins, Boston... | 111 | 429 | 55 | 113 | 3 | 14 | .263 |
| Bradley, Cleve.... | 119 | 468 | 54 | 127 | 14 | 18 | .271 |
| Davis, Athletic... | 117 | 470 | 67 | 129 | 7 | 19 | .274 |
| Stahl, Boston..... | 96 | 361 | 39 | 99 | 16 | 9 | .274 |
| Winter, Boston.... | 26 | 62 | 8 | 17 | 1 | 2 | .274 |
| Donahue, Chicago | 111 | 406 | 49 | 111 | 17 | 22 | .274 |
| Turner, Cleveland | 113 | 446 | 36 | 122 | 14 | 18 | .274 |
| Isbell, Chicago... | 57 | 213 | 28 | 58 | 18 | 19 | .272 |
| McIntyre, Detroit | 96 | 360 | 45 | 98 | 6 | 4 | .272 |
| Conroy, N. Y..... | 109 | 381 | 55 | 103 | 7 | 25 | .270 |
| Dougherty, N. Y. | 81 | 324 | 48 | 87 | 6 | 15 | .269 |
| Stovall, Cleveland | 76 | 298 | 35 | 80 | 5 | 7 | .268 |
| Lindsay, Detroit.. | 55 | 195 | 20 | 52 | 6 | 7 | .268 |
| Huelsman, Wash. | 82 | 321 | 31 | 86 | 6 | 7 | .268 |
| L. Cross, Ath..... | 114 | 477 | 55 | 127 | 11 | 8 | .266 |
| Murphy, Ath..... | 116 | 424 | 54 | 113 | 39 | 23 | .265 |
| Green, Chicago... | 73 | 267 | 43 | 70 | 12 | 19 | .262 |
| M. Cross, Athletic | 44 | 138 | 15 | 36 | 1 | 4 | .261 |
| Yeager, N. Y..... | 86 | 310 | 35 | 81 | 9 | 5 | .261 |
| Jackson, Cleve.... | 102 | 392 | 61 | 102 | 6 | 14 | .260 |
| Hickman, Wash.. | 109 | 418 | 44 | 108 | 12 | 6 | .258 |
| Anderson, Wash.. | 93 | 365 | 45 | 94 | 3 | 25 | .258 |
| Drill, Detroit .... | 57 | 171 | 14 | 44 | 12 | 8 | .257 |
| Elberfeld, N. Y.. | 79 | 280 | 35 | 72 | 16 | 10 | .257 |
| Spencer, St. L.... | 17 | 65 | 8 | 14 | 0 | 1 | .252 |
| Rhoades, Cleve.... | 21 | 77 | 8 | 19 | 1 | 2 | .254 |
| Chase, New York | 86 | 317 | 46 | 80 | 12 | 22 | .252 |
| Killian, Detroit .. | 33 | 109 | 11 | 25 | 6 | 2 | .250 |
| Callahan, Chicago | 55 | 206 | 21 | 51 | 5 | 12 | .248 |
| Frisk, St. Louis.. | 81 | 303 | 36 | 76 | 7 | 6 | .248 |
| Cooley, Detroit .. | 93 | 376 | 25 | 93 | 15 | 7 | .247 |
| Schaefer, Detroit. | 113 | 437 | 50 | 107 | 26 | 18 | .245 |
| Selbach, Boston... | 92 | 349 | 45 | 84 | 10 | 12 | .241 |
| Jones, St. Louis.. | 97 | 368 | 28 | 88 | 12 | 15 | .239 |
| Smith, Chicago... | 39 | 84 | 6 | 20 | 1 | 0 | .238 |
| Hess, Cleveland... | 24 | 76 | 6 | 18 | 1 | 0 | .237 |
| Parent, Boston .. | 118 | 440 | 42 | 105 | 29 | 21 | .236 |
| Barrett, Detroit .. | 18 | 72 | 2 | 17 | 1 | 0 | .236 |
| Gleason, St. L.... | 114 | 399 | 34 | 94 | 16 | 18 | .236 |
| Freeman, Boston.. | 93 | 341 | 47 | 80 | 8 | 7 | .235 |
| Coughlin, Detroit. | 111 | 432 | 39 | 92 | 13 | 32 | .213 |
| Armbruster, Bos.. | 16 | 47 | 5 | 11 | 0 | 1 | .234 |
| Burkett, Boston.. | 114 | 445 | 58 | 103 | 11 | 8 | .232 |
| Koelher, St. Louis | 112 | 422 | 44 | 97 | 12 | 15 | .230 |
| Plank, Athletics.. | 32 | 101 | 9 | 23 | 0 | 0 | .228 |
| Tannehill, Boston. | 29 | 79 | 10 | 18 | 2 | 1 | .228 |
| Smith, N. York.... | 19 | 22 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | .227 |
| Van Haut, N. Y.... | 57 | 220 | 23 | 50 | 3 | 5 | .227 |
| McGuire, N. Y.... | 65 | 208 | 9 | 47 | 3 | 2 | .226 |
| Lowe, Detroit .... | 42 | 138 | 14 | 31 | 7 | 3 | .225 |
| Starr, St. Louis.. | 24 | 98 | 9 | 22 | 6 | 0 | .224 |
| Grimshaw, Boston | 50 | 198 | 19 | 44 | 4 | 2 | .222 |
| Fultz, New York.. | 93 | 327 | 37 | 73 | 14 | 39 | .220 |
| Stahl, Washington | 104 | 373 | 48 | 82 | 11 | 29 | .220 |
| Kinsow, N. Y.... | 58 | 199 | 10 | 36 | 3 | 2 | .218 |
| Jones, Chicago... | 109 | 418 | 58 | 91 | 15 | 15 | .218 |
| Williams, N. Y.. | 111 | 468 | 44 | 88 | 9 | 17 | .218 |
| Kahl, Cleveland.. | 24 | 135 | 16 | 29 | 1 | 1 | .215 |
| Moran, St. Louis. | 25 | 79 | 6 | 17 | 5 | 3 | .215 |
| Hill, Washington. | 102 | 372 | 35 | 80 | 31 | 12 | .215 |
| O'Leary, Detroit.. | 114 | 402 | 38 | 86 | 21 | 15 | .213 |
| Kitson, Detroit... | 26 | 76 | 8 | 16 | 0 | 0 | .211 |
| Powell, Athletic.. | 35 | 138 | 20 | 29 | 8 | 3 | .210 |
| Hughes, Washing.. | 32 | 81 | 7 | 17 | 2 | 0 | .210 |
| Knight, Athletic.. | 81 | 317 | 31 | 65 | 12 | 8 | .208 |
| Ferris, Boston.... | 108 | 395 | 32 | 82 | 9 | 9 | .208 |
| Helmes, Chicago.. | 87 | 337 | 42 | 69 | 28 | 11 | .205 |
| Roth, St. Louis.. | 26 | 78 | 7 | 16 | 0 | 0 | .205 |
| Henley, Athletic.. | 19 | 54 | 4 | 11 | 3 | 1 | .204 |
| Carr, Cleveland... | 61 | 217 | 21 | 44 | 18 | 11 | .203 |
| Chicaro, N. Y..... | 33 | 84 | 5 | 17 | 2 | 1 | .202 |
| Bender, Athletic.. | 29 | 70 | 6 | 14 | 2 | 2 | .200 |
| Powell, N. Y..... | 24 | 65 | 3 | 13 | 0 | 0 | .200 |
| Cassady, Wash.... | 113 | 419 | 36 | 84 | 14 | 16 | .200 |
| Townsend, Wash. | 26 | 70 | 6 | 14 | 3 | 1 | .200 |
| Tannehill, Chi.... | 120 | 404 | 28 | 80 | 17 | 9 | .198 |
| Mullen, Detroit... | 37 | 107 | 8 | 21 | 4 | 2 | .196 |
| Hesdon, Wash..... | 49 | 158 | 10 | 31 | 6 | 4 | .196 |
| Foster, Boston.... | 82 | 246 | 24 | 48 | 6 | 8 | .195 |
| Sullivan, Chi..... | 73 | 248 | 16 | 48 | 8 | 12 | .194 |
| Dundon, Chi..... | 105 | 383 | 20 | 70 | 15 | 18 | .183 |
| Doran, Detroit.... | 23 | 83 | 6 | 16 | 6 | 3 | .193 |
| Vinson, Cleve..... | 37 | 137 | 9 | 26 | 5 | 4 | .190 |
| Mullen, Wash..... | 48 | 164 | 19 | 31 | 6 | 4 | .189 |
| Donovan, Detroit. | 34 | 96 | 12 | 18 | 10 | 7 | .188 |
| Knoll, Wash..... | 84 | 229 | 21 | 43 | 10 | 4 | .188 |
| Nill, Wash..... | 54 | 188 | 25 | 35 | 5 | 10 | .186 |
| Rockefield, St. L. | 82 | 265 | 24 | 38 | 14 | 6 | .185 |
| Jones, Wash..... | 118 | 436 | 57 | 81 | 10 | 17 | .185 |
| Clark, Cleve..... | 21 | 69 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 1 | .183 |
| Howell, St. L.... | 33 | 109 | 6 | 20 | 0 | 0 | .183 |
| Fowers, Athletic.. | 20 | 116 | 10 | 21 | 2 | 2 | .181 |
| Waddell, Athletic. | 41 | 109 | 4 | 19 | 8 | 0 | .174 |
| Sugden, St. L.... | 70 | 235 | 19 | 39 | 10 | 3 | .172 |
| Padden, St. L..... | 16 | 58 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 3 | .172 |
| White, Chi..... | 20 | 76 | 7 | 13 | 3 | 3 | .171 |
| Warner, Detroit.. | 17 | 59 | 6 | 10 | 0 | 1 | .169 |
| Bielow, Cleve..... | 54 | 175 | 6 | 29 | 5 | 4 | .166 |
| Ruth, New York.. | 67 | 206 | 35 | 34 | 6 | 2 | .165 |
| Peitz, St. Louis.. | 27 | 85 | 9 | 14 | 4 | 0 | .165 |
| Young, Boston.... | 32 | 104 | 5 | 16 | 2 | 0 | .154 |
| Kittridge, Wash.. | 60 | 215 | 9 | 33 | 11 | 2 | .153 |
| Goss, Cleve..... | 28 | 73 | 2 | 10 | 6 | 2 | .138 |
| Barton, Athletic.. | 17 | 54 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 2 | .148 |
| Jacobsen, Wash... | 20 | 41 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 1 | .146 |
| Coakley, Ath..... | 26 | 69 | 3 | 10 | 6 | 1 | .145 |
| Owen, Chicago.... | 33 | 98 | 5 | 14 | 5 | 2 | .143 |
| Wolfe, Wash..... | 20 | 35 | 3 | 5 | 0 | 0 | .143 |
| Patten, Wash..... | 35 | 86 | 3 | 12 | 1 | 0 | .140 |
| Dineen, Boston.... | 28 | 79 | 6 | 11 | 4 | 2 | .139 |
| Weaver, St. L.... | 28 | 91 | 5 | 11 | 3 | 0 | .121 |
| Walsh, Chi..... | 13 | 37 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | .108 |
| Altrock, Chi..... | 23 | 86 | 4 | 9 | 4 | 0 | .105 |
| Moore, Cleve..... | 23 | 91 | 7 | 9 | 2 | 0 | .099 |
| Bernhard, Cleve. | 16 | 46 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 1 | .087 |
| Glade, St. L..... | 25 | 51 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 1 | .098 |
| Donahue, Cleve.. | 15 | 42 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 0 | .048 |
| Hogg, N. Y..... | 30 | 50 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | .040 |

#### Inter-State Games.

At Erie—

| | | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Erie ..... | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1— | 3 | 5 |
| Dubois ..... | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2— | 4 | 1 |

Batteries—Collins and Filbein; Mullen and Mucey.

At Bradford—

| | | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bradford ..... | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | *— | 3 | 8 | 4 |
| Olean ..... | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0— | 0 | 3 | 3 |

Batteries—Hazelton and McCarthy; Moran and Foster.

# WOMAN CALLS POLICE.

### Uses Whistle and Brings Officers to Scene of Cutting Affray—Stilletoes Are Used Freely.

A police whistle in the possession of a woman and properly applied by her was the means of causing the arrest of the alleged participants in a cutting affray in Shapira's court in the rear of 141 Washington street last night.

A crowd of Italians who are said to have been drinking in the house of William Armenta became involved in a fight. William and Dominic Armenta are reported to have drawn stilletoes and slashed each other. Dominic is said to have driven his weapon into the left shoulder of his antagonist and the latter is said to have retaliated by severing an artery in Dominic's left wrist.

While the fight was in progress Mrs. B. Simons of 1017 Fifth avenue blew a police whistle which brought the police, and the two Armentas and Nicholas Vocker of 16 Tunnel street were arrested, the latter being detained as a witness. The contestants had their wounds dressed in the Homeopathic hospital before being locked up.

#### Slips on the Deadly Banana.

Florence Seibert of 844 Corey avenue, Braddock, slipped on a banana skin at Fifth avenue and Smithfield street last evening, spraining her ankle. She was placed on a car and sent to her home.

# THE THREE RIVERS

The stage water at Davis Island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 2.5 feet and the river was stationary.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 10.—(Special.)—At 6 p. m. today the stage of the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 3.5 feet and falling. Sunday's departures of packets from the port of Cincinnati were: Courier, Mayaville, and City of Cincinnati, Louisville.

WARREN—River .2 feet below low water mark. Weather fair and warm.

PT. PLEASANT, W. VA.—River 2 feet 8 inches and falling. Down Greenland for Cincinnati.

PARKERSBURG, W. VA.—River 3.7 and stationary. Raining steadily. The Bedford left at 6 p. m. for Wheeling.

GALLIPOLIS, O.—River 4 feet and falling. Weather cloudy and cool; raining.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA.—River 5 feet 5 inches and falling. Weather rainy.

OIL CITY—River 4 inches and stationary. Weather cloudy and cooler.

STEUBENVILLE, O.—River 2 feet 2 inches and falling. Weather warm; raining.

LOUISVILLE—River falling; in canal 4 feet; on falls, 1.8; below locks, 8.1. Cloudy and cool.

WHEELING, W. VA.—River 2 feet 8 inches and stationary. Warm, with heavy rain.

#### Boats Are Not Moving.

There was no movement of boats in the local rivers yesterday and there will not be anything doing in river navigation until considerably more water is in the channels. The gauge at Davis island dam last night showed 2.5 feet and stationary.

William Crow, captain of the steamer Sprague, is in St. Mercy hospital with an attack of appendicitis.

# M'KEES ROCKS MAN HAS BULLET IN HIS STOMACH

James Harris, aged 21, of 2 Thompson avenue, McKees Rocks, was brought to the Homeopathic hospital last night suffering from a gunshot wound in the stomach. It is said that the shooting occurred yesterday and that it was accidental. The man who inflicted the wound could not be found. The county detectives are making an investigation of the case, but at a late hour last night no information had been received from them. Harris' wound is serious.

### Central League Games.

GRAND RAPIDS, Sept. 10.—Grand Rapids lost today's game to South Bend, 3 to 0. Score:

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Grand Rapids ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 | 6 | 2 | |
| South Bend .....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3 | 4 | 3 | |

TERRE HAUTE, IND., Sept. 10.—Evansville game postponed; rain.

At Springfield—Dayton game postponed; rain.

At Canton—Wheeling game postponed; rain.

In the Home

A feeling of security and freedom from anxiety pervades the home in which Hamlins Wizard Oil is kept constantly on hand——Parents know that in time of sudden sickness or accident it

Relieves Suffering

A touch of Rheumatism——a twinge of Neuralgia——an attack of headache, earache, toothache——a bad sore throat——a stubborn cold——Whatever the trouble is, Wizard Oil drives away the pain at once and cures the disease quickly.

Price, 50c. and $1.00.

FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY

All Druggists.

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES

Any druggist in the two cities will receive your Want and Real Estate ads and forward them direct to The Gazette at main office rates—penny a word. No ads taken for less than 10 words.

PITTSBURGH.

Arlington Ave., 2401-3, W. H. Forst.
Belt Ave. and Walnut St., F. X. Cook.
Atwood and Forbes sts., Atwood Pharmacy.
Bates St., 20, C. L. Ferguson.
Brushton and Tioga sts., Brushton Pharmacy.
Butler St., 3413, C. T. Bundy.
Beltzhoover Ave., 117, Adolph Beck.
Butler St., 4401, A. W. Covert.
Baum and Euclid Ave., The Euclid Pharmacy.
Bogge Ave., 11, The Bell Pharmacy.
Boulevard and 33rd, J. B. Hobensack.
Butler St., 5401, C. W. Coyan.
Butler St., 3705, K. F. Lange.
Butler St., 5201, M. C. Linn.
Butler St., 3509, Thos. McCaffrey.
Brereton Ave., 3058, A. Karabasz.
Brereton Ave., 42, Kaminski Bros.
Brushton and Mulford, J. McOrath.
Brushton Ave., Brushton News Depot.
Brushton and Kelly, J. S. McGrath.
Butler St., 5202, H. A. Spilker.
Butler St., 5836, W. C. Tomlinson.
Center and Graham st., Alma Pharmacy.
Collins Ave., 220, J. Breitweiser.
Craig and Forbes St., Charles' Bellefield Pharmacy.
Carson St., 1601, The Stenger Drug Store.
Carson St., 2, Panhandle Pharmacy.
Carson St., 2628, Charles A. Schafer.
Carson St., 2429, P. A. Hellerbach.
Carson St., 809, Eighth St. Pharmacy.
Carson St., 1926, W. F. Hernan.
Carson St., 1906, Chas. Wiegel.
Carson St., 1734, Carl P. Lorch.
Carson St., 1414, Low's Drug Store.
Carson St., 2131, Ertzman Drug Co.
Climax St., 51, W. Altenburger.
Climax St., 105, Jos. D. Mercer.
Cor. 19th and Carson Sts., H. L. Lohmeyer.
Cor. 10th and Carson Sts., Chambers' Pharmacy.
Cor. 12th and Diamond Sts., Beck's Pharmacy.
Cor. 16th and Sarah Sts., Rising's Pharmacy.
Cor. Greenfield and Lydia Sts., Fred W. Ertzman.
Cor. Park and Shetland Ave., Shetland Pharmacy.
Cor. Wylie and Fulton St., Wm. Schuchman.
Cor. Wylie and Fulton St., Hewitt & Jamison.
Cor. Center and Crawford St., The Seegman Drug Co.
Cor. Center Ave. and Erin St., Chas. F. Noutese.
Cor. Center and Kirkpatrick, W. M. Cooke.
Cor. Center Ave. and Soho St., White's Drug Store.
Ellsworth and College Ave., J. S. Doudna.
Fifth Ave., 4701, P. Anthes.
Frankstown and Oakwood Ave., Berlin & Co.
Forbes St., 3000, The Anderson Drug Co.
Fifth Ave., 537-539, The Court Pharmacy.
Fifth Ave., 801, Finkelpearl Pharmacy.
Frankstown Ave., 280, T. J. Hermann.
Frankstown Ave., 6956, T. T. Hill.
Fifth Ave., 3614, T. E. Ihrig.
Fifth Ave., 5213, P. L. Jones.
Forbes St., 2307, The Lincoln Pharmacy.
Forbes and Ophelia St., Morgan's Pharmacy.
Fifth Ave., 1271, Robin Drug Co.
Fifth Ave., 2220, T. T. Spence.
Fifth Ave., 643, W. Sawhill & Son.
Fifth Ave., 1436, Saalback Bros.
Fifth Ave., 1712, Thumm Bros.
Fifth Ave., 1430, Thumm Bros.
Fifth Ave., 1719, G. A. Wockrodt.
Fifth Ave., 2120, C. J. Weis.
Fifth Ave., 1401, C. L. Young.
Forbes St., 1606, A. M. Muehnic.
Forbes St., 2035, J. M. Hohman.
Frankstown and Brushton Ave., J. D. Loughridge.
Frankstown Ave., 31, L. W. Seaton.
Frankstown and Homewood Ave., Winfield S. Smith.
Frankstown Ave., 205, H. C. Danner.
Frankstown Cor. Homewood Ave., Edwin T. Schilling.
Fulton St., 108, Wm. Schuchman.
Grandview Ave., 1225, Grandview Ave. Pharmacy.
Grandview Ave., 1215, Frank D. Hodil.
Greenfield Ave., 119, Fred W. Ertzman.
Hamilton and Dallas Ave., Dallas Pharmacy.
Herron and Madison Aves., Richard McNally.
Herron and Wylie Ave., Vogel's Drug Store.
Highland and Center Ave., Highland Pharmacy.
Homewood and Bennett St., J. R. Gasaway.
Homewood and Hamilton Ave., J. R. McCreary.
Hamilton and Collier St., H. Smith.
Hastings and Reynolds, J. H. Steffler.
Kelley and Dallas Ave, J. F. McCabe.
Liberty St., 1724, E. J. Aul.
Lincoln Ave., 1905, Brilliant Pharmacy.
Lincoln Ave., 1500, Otto F. Freebing.
Lincoln Ave. and Lake St., T. J. Hermann.
Liberty Ave., 4777, C. A. Shilling.
Larimer Ave., 321, Larimer Pharmacy.
Lang and Frankstown Ave., H. C. Murto.
Liberty Ave., 4509, J. E. Nichols.
Liberty Ave., 1065, C. E. Ringer.
Liberty St. and 7th Ave., 4796, Schilling & Thompson.
Lincoln Ave., 1424, Weaver's Pharmacy.
Meadow and Larimer, F. J. Brehm.
Main and Wabash, W. E., Montgomery's Pharmacy.
Main St., 152, Grajnelsen's Pharmacy.
North Highland Ave., 805, Moge's Pharmacy.
Neville Ave. and Center Ave., Porter & Porter.
Ophelia and Kennett, Schilling & Thompson.
Penn Ave., 7108, J. R. L. Brown.
Penn and Main, Erskine's Drug Store.
Penn Ave., 4833, Garfield Pharmacy.
Penn Ave., 4202, T. J. Guyton.
Penn Ave., 2455, P. H. B. Hess.
Penn Ave., 6126, J. Henrici.
Penn Ave., 5106, L. B. Hughes.
Park Ave., 461, R. B. McKelvey.
Penn Ave., 1251, T. W. D. Hieber.
Penn Ave., 1701, Erskine & Wicks.
Penn Ave., 2552, Ed. J. Johnston.
Penn Ave., 2051, L. E. Gutelius.
Penn Ave., 7604, M. Patterson.
Penn Ave., 5400, Cor. Rebecca St., Hughes' Pharmacy.
Penn Ave., 6359, S. N. Wickersham.
Penn Ave. and Evaline, 5147, J. C. Smith.
Penn Ave., 2,000, Corner Drug Store.
Pius St., No. 4, Pius St. Pharmacy.
Salisbury St., 2200, Edward J. Barnes.
Sarah St., 2135, South Side Pharmacy.
Second Ave., 4751, Lecrone Bros. & Clark.
Second Ave., 4906, Lutz & Rodemoyer.
Second Ave., 5109, Elizabeth Pharmacy.
Second Ave., 5423, Jonas & Stiefel.
Second Ave., 2360, C. W. Sullivan.
Second, cor. Grant, Louis Emanuel.
Sheridan Ave., and Station St., G. H. Glass.
Shiloh St., 42, J. Spohn.
Shiloh St., 54, J. F. Murphy.
Southern Ave., 1823, Birmingham Pharmacy.
Station St. and Larimer Ave., Station Pharmacy.
St. Clair and Broad St., St. Clair Pharmacy.
St. Clair and Jackson St., Porter's Pharmacy.
Tioga and Rosedale St., Rosedale Pharmacy.
Walnut and Bellefonte St., 5501, L. M. Hamilton.
Ward and Semple Sts., H. P. Raiser.
Ward St., 3407, Sunderland's Pharmacy.
Washington St., 62, Calabrese Pharmacy.

HOMESTEAD, PA.

Eighth Ave., Cor. Amity St., B. J. Stenger.
Eighth Ave., Cor. Amity St., J. L. Paules.
Eighth Ave., 249, W. J. Turner.
Eighth Ave., 220, Frank Bros. Drug Co.
Eighth Ave., 347, H. J. O'Donnell.
Eighth Ave., 605, Fred B. Charles.
Eighth Ave. and Ann St., W. J. Hirth.
Eighth Ave., 302, Fred Charles.
Mifflin St., Rowse's Pharmacy.
Ann St., 609, McKees' Drug Store.
Dickson St., 641, Sniff's Pharmacy.
West St., Cor. Fourteenth, Harris Pharmacy.

SHARPSBURG, PA.

Main St., 804, City Drug Store, Sharpsburg, Pa.
Main St., 1806, Geo. L. Pryor, Sharpsburg.
Main St., 615, Chas. Patrick, Sharpsburg.
Main St., 1002, Patrick & Patterson, Sharpsburg.
12th and Canal Sts., B. C. Newlon, Sharpsburg.

BRADDOCK, PA.

Braddock Ave., 108, Weyle's Drug Store.
Braddock Ave., 322, John J. Walker.
Braddock Ave., 914, Maggini Drug Co.
Braddock Ave., 600, W. A. Kulp.
Braddock Ave., 828, W. A. Kulp.
Braddock Ave., 915, S. Hollander & Co.
Braddock Ave., 802, Haring & Farnsworth.
Braddock Ave., 731, Frank Bros. Drug Co.
Camp and Fourth Sts., Geo. B. Kisling.
Hawkins and Fourth, Shady Park Pharmacy.
Library St., 418, S. W. Stright.

WILKINSBURG, PA.

Franklin and Center Ave., W. S. Swarts, Wilkinsburg.
Franklin and Trenton Aves., J. C. Paulx.
Glenn and Swissvale, Berlin & Co.
Penn Ave., 804, McGann's Pharmacy.
Penn and Swissvale Ave., Berlin & Co.
Penn and Trenton Ave., Trenton Pharmacy, Wilkinsburg.
Rebecca Ave., 731, A. R. Canter & Bro., Wilkinsburg.
Rebecca St., 521, Colonial Pharmacy, Wilkinsburg.
Rebecca Ave., 612, Dr. S. W. Covell.
Wood and Ross Ave., S. H. Jackson.
Wood St., 908, H. L. White.
Wood and Franklin Ave., Smith Drug Co.

BELLEVUE, PA.

Lincoln Ave. and Mead Ave., Bellevue, Denslow Bros., Bellevue.
Lincoln Ave., Harley Drug Co., Bellevue, Pa.
Lincoln Ave., Bellevue Pharmacy, Bellevue, Pa.

DUQUESNE, PA.

Grant Ave., Cor., 708, Avenue Pharmacy.
Grant Ave., Cor. Duquesne Ave., Eagle Drug Store.
Grant Ave., Cor. First, O'Donnell Drug Co.
Grant Ave., W., 408, Porter Drug Co.

MILLVALE, PA.

J. W. Hyde, Jr., Grant and North Ave.
John W. Goodwin, 201 Grant St.
John W. Goodwin, North Ave. and Howard.
J. W. Hyde, Jr., 651 Evergreen Ave.

SWISSVALE, PA.

J. M. Linn Drug Co.
Covell & Johnson.
Heilmans' Pharmacy.
Fred W. Jones.
H. H. Vandevort.

ETNA, PA.

Evergreen Ave. Pharmacy, 366 Butler St.
Butler St., 62, S. E. Zang, Etna, Pa.
Butler St., 636, K. L. Cottrelle, Etna, Pa.
Butler St., 637, J. L. Keel, Etna, Pa.
Butler St., 356, F. M. Metz, Etna.

M'KEESPORT, PA.

Atlantic Ave., 318, Camp's Pharmacy.
Fifth Ave., 736, Geo. W. Herold.
Fifth Ave., 1211, Bert O. McClure.
Fifth Ave., 214, J. F. Walker.
Walnut St., 1105, E. R. Goldsmith.

EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.

Brinton, Cor. Bessemer Ave., Bessemer Pharmacy.
Linden Ave., Nevin Pharmacy.
E. J. Byrns.

OAKMONT, PA.

Thos. S. Lewis.
Frank A. Cooper.

AVALON, PA.

California Ave., 606, McCormick's Drug Store, Avalon, Pa.
R. W. Henderson, Avalon, Pa.

KNOXVILLE, PA.

Amanda Ave., 97, Frank D. Troth.
Arabella St., Cor. Georgia Ave., Geo. H. Brackmann.

VERONA, PA.

A. H. Bittner Drug Co.
Whiteler's Pharmacy.

MT. OLIVER, PA.

Southern Ave., 16, Louis A. Rectenwald.
Southern Ave., A. Bowers & Son.

CRAFTON, PA.

Ridge Ave. Pharmacy.

EAST M'KEESPORT, PA.

East McKeesport Pharmacy.

CLAIRTON, PA.

Frank Bros. Drug Co.

MUNHALL, PA.

W. C. Martin.

M'KEES ROCKS, PA.

Copeland's Drug Store.

CARRICK, PA.

Carrick Pharmacy.

ASPINWALL, PA.

Aspinwall, Pa., J. J. Frey.

TURTLE CREEK, PA.

Frank Bros.' Drug Store.

EDGEWOOD, PA.

F. Karl Detlin, Pa. G.

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES

Any druggist in the two cities will receive your Want and Real Estate ads and forward them direct to The Gazette at main office rates—penny a word. No ads taken for less than 10 words.

PITTSBURGH.

Washington Ave., 102, Washington Avenue Pharmacy.
Washington Ave., S. S., 86, W. J. Forrest.
Washington Ave., S. S., 62, Lorang S. Klott.
Washington and Allen Ave., W. L. Sutter.
Webster Ave., 610, Calabrese Pharmacy.
Webster Ave., 1301, Edward J. Krotz.
Wylie

WANT ANSWERS? USE THE NEWSPAPER YOU SEE EVERYWHERE

## FOR RENT.—FURNISHED ROOMS.

### Allegheny.

HANDSOMELY decorated and completely furnished room with private bath in

THE KNICKERBOCKER BACHELOR APARTMENTS,

712, 714 East Diamond st., Allegheny. Elevator service day and night; steam heat, electric light, bed linen and towels and attendance furnished without extra charge. $17.50 a month and up.

NORTH AVE., 108, West—Well furnished rooms; facing park, near Federal st.; reasonable terms; 10 minutes walk to Pittsburgh.

PALO ALTO ST., 1228—Large, well-furnished rooms; second floor; all conveniences; reasonable terms; gentlemen preferred; pleasant location.

REBECCA ST., 747—Well furnished rooms; all conveniences; on car line; 10 minutes to Pittsburgh; reasonable terms.

REFINED, educated middle-aged widow wishes respectable business gentleman to make home with her; walking distance business center Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Address F 91, The Gazette.

SHERMAN AVE., 820—Two connecting housekeeping rooms, 2d floor; all conveniences.

WESTERN AVE., 919—Large second story front room, suitable for one or two ladies employed; home comforts, no other roomers.

WASHINGTON ST., 601—Large well-furnished second floor front room; all modern conveniences; suitable for 2 gentlemen; pleasant, convenient location; private family.

## FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

### East End.

NORTH HIGHLAND AVE., 810—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; board if desired.

PENN AVE., 5701—Two well furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; also three large unfurnished rooms; reasonable; convenient to car lines.

## WANTED.—ROOMS.

FURNISHED room by young man. Perrysville ave., Allegheny, or side street north of Charles preferred. Address D 24, The Gazette.

WANTED—A suite of rooms, or large room with alcove, in vicinity of Walnut and Shady. Address X 24, The Gazette.

## WANTED.—BOARDERS.

BOARDERS WANTED—Nicely furnished room and good home cooking. 617 Washington st., Allegheny.

## FOR RENT.

### City and Suburban Residences

"FOR RENT."

Sheffield st., apt., 5 rooms, bath, all conv.$36.00
Broad st., apt., 6 rooms, bath, all conv.... 30.00
Rebecca st., apt., 6 rooms, bath, all conv. 35.00
Fifth ave., apt., 6 rooms, bath, all conv., 30.00
Penn ave., apt., 3 rooms, water, gas, yard 12.00
Boggston ave., house of 6 rooms, bath, gas, water ..... 15.00

REAL ESTATE CORPORATION, 318-20 Park Bldg.

### East End Residences

FOR RENT,
East End Residences.

$21.00 month—7440 Hermitage st., brick house, 5 rooms, hall, bath; all modern.
$27.50 month—7443 Monticello st., brick house, hall, 6 rooms, bath; all modern.
$30.00 Howe st., brick house of 10 rooms, bath, furnace, laundry, porches, etc.; all modern.

H. R. SCOTT, Agent.
1411 Farmers Bank Building.

FOR RENT—Modern dwellings, 4 to 10 rooms each; $20 to $75; send for list.
DAVIES & GREEN,
Penn and Shady aves., E. E.

COMPLETE LIST OF EAST END HOUSES AND APARTMENTS, with map, sent free upon request.
S. H. LLOYD, Real Estate,
No. 6024 Penn.

### Apartments.

ATTRACTIVE OAKLAND APARTMENTS. $30 to $35 for suites of 4 and 5 rooms with bath in the McKee Place apartments, corner McKee place and Bates st. Take any Forbes st. car to McKee place or Atwood st. car to Ward st.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

TO LET—Ideal apartments—Kelly st., $26 to $30; 5 rooms; steam heat and janitor service free.
Rent an apartment for the winter. See
DAVIES & GREEN,
Penn and Shady aves., East End.

### FOR RENT.

Only $26—Elegant suite in Bellevue apartments; all conveniences. E. HALLETT, 440 Fourth ave.

APARTMENTS of three rooms, bath and all conveniences. 2321 Center ave.

### Storerooms.

DOWNTOWN STORE ROOMS.
TO BE LET.

At 236 Fourth ave., large store room, well adapted for financial institution; heat and light furnished. Rental $5,500 a year.

At 104 Fourth ave., corner store room, opposite Wabash depot; large plate glass show windows. Rental $75 a month.

At 404 Ferry st., store room, opposite Wabash depot; plate glass show windows, steam heat, etc. Rental $30 a month.

At 53 Third st., store room with basement. Rental $50 a month.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

**STOREROOM in fine location, Oliver ave., near Wood street. Apply D. B. SMITH, Office of this paper.**

### EAST END STORES.
TO BE LET.

At 612 Herron ave., store room 20x50 ft.; $40 a month.

At 652 Herron ave., store room and 10 living rooms; $50 a month.

At 6302 Penn ave., nice store room; $35 a month.

REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

### SHERADEN STORE—TO BE LET.

In the Murphy block, Harwood ave., Sheraden, Pa., fine location for men's furnishing or dry goods store; only $20 a month. See W. F. Heidenrich, Sheraden, Pa., or
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

### Offices.

APOLLO BUILDING OFFICES.

To Be Let—At 236 Fourth ave., large room on ground floor, suitable for banking rooms or broker's offices; also a number of very good offices at moderate rent.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

DESK ROOM—In well-equipped office suite; reception room and use of private office; centrally located; references; terms reasonable. Call 712 House bldg., Smithfield and Water sts., Pittsburgh.

OFFICES near court house; large front rooms; every convenience. SMITH NEW OFFICE BUILDING, 806-808 Wylie ave.

### Business Properties

FOR RENT.
BUSINESS PROPERTY.

$200 month—Liberty st., 4-story building; good business location.
$100 month—Penn ave., store and basement, 20x100.
$125 month—Penn ave., new large storeroom and basement; fine business location.

H. R. SCOTT, Agent.
1411 Farmers Bank bldg.

### Flats.

MODERATE-priced small flats in East End. Take any Penn ave. car to 200 Millvale ave.

### Manufacturing Property.

MANUFACTURING PROPERTY.

Two floors, 48x80, with light and power, new modern building. Inquire 294 Third ave.

## FOR SALE.

### City and Suburban Residences

BARGAIN IN WILKINSBURG.

Thoroughly well-built, modern home in select neighborhood; would cost $7,500 to build; built for himself, but now leaving town, owner would sacrifice rather than rent. Address R 6, The Gazette.

FOUR-ROOM frame, lot 20x225; price $1,600; $300 cash.
CROSS & FORMICHELLA, 239 Larimer Ave.

WANT ADS ON OPPOSITE PAGE.

## FOR SALE.

### City and Suburban Residences

FOR SALE—An exceptionally good house, 18 rooms, modern fixtures. Lot 60-ft. front; one of the best locations on Murray Hill ave. Offered at bargain price to close an estate; immediate possession.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
827-829 Fourth ave.

THE TIME TO SELECT A HOME IS NOW.
WE AFFORD EVERY FACILITY FOR HOME BUYERS. INVESTIGATE THE "ARONSON METHOD." WE WILL HELP YOU BECOME YOUR OWN LANDLORD.
ARONSON REALTY COMPANY,
ARONSON BLDG. 646 FIFTH AVE.
MAKE MONEY FOR OTHERS—
WILL MAKE MONEY FOR YOU.

COSY HOME OR GOOD INVESTMENT. To Be Sold—Brick dwelling of 9 rooms on boundary of Wilkinsburg and Edgewood; house is heated with hot water system; gas and electric light, etc.; owner must sell on account of leaving city; offers for $4,600; as house will rent for $35, this means a net 8 per cent investment.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR SALE—BELLEVUE.

Four new very fine brick residences, surrounded by Bellevue's most attractive homes; these houses contain 10 rooms each, reception hall, tile bath, laundry, hardwood floors, bay window, finely decorated and papered; only the best material used in construction and best mechanics employed; only one square from Lincoln avenue, terms easy.
LAND TRUST COMPANY,
815 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Very desirable property; lot 60x146, on which is three dwelling houses, all rented, paying 8% an investment; situate Main st., Beaver Falls, Pa.; street paved; must be sold; a bargain for someone. Address
BEAVER FALLS REAL ESTATE CO.,
1017 Seventh ave.,
Beaver Falls, Pa.

FOR SALE—Residence of 8 rooms, reception hall, bath, laundry, combination chandeliers, etc.; lot 30x100; corner location; Bellevue; immediate possession.
EDWIN E. KLEIN,
22 North Diamond st., East, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—Modern frame house, Rochester, Pa.; 12 rooms, hardwood finish, furnace, laundry, bathroom, gas and electric lights; lot 60 by 126; price low and easy terms. Address Patterson & Reed, Beaver Falls, Pa.

### East End Residences

SPECIAL VALUE.

Model home, 8 rooms, buff brick, all modern, on fine street in E. E.; built by owner for home; leaving city cause of sale; lot 25x135; nice garden in rear; $6,000; think of it.
ALLISON & STEVENSON,
817 Homewood ave.

FINE FRIENDSHIP PARK HOUSE.

$20,000, terms to suit, for 11-room brick dwelling on lot 67x153 feet, in Pacific ave.; all rooms large; large circular front porch; billiard room; stable on rear of lot facing paved alley.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth Ave.

### Allegheny Residences.

FOR SALE—House of 12 rooms and stable, fronting the East park. Inquire J. H. Musgrave, Excelsior building, 455 Grant st.

### Farms.

FOR SALE—A high-classed farm of 101 acres, two miles from Warren, O., on fine pike road; location excellent; house, barn and other buildings in good condition; rich, rolling, mellow, easily tilled land; plenty of water; nice piece white oak timber; good variety of full-bearing fruit trees. Considering location, land and improvements it is a bargain at $80.00 per acre. Investigate this without delay. Send for list of farms. Easy terms arranged. Harrington & Co., Niles, O.

FOR SALE—Beautiful level and fertile farm of 162 acres; fine brick house, 12 rooms; surrounded by fruit and shade trees; two barns and carriage house; two miles from Warren, the county seat; 3 2-3 miles from Niles; immediate possession given; price $45 acre; terms $2,000 down; ample time for balance; sold to settle estate; send for list of farms that describes this and many others.
WILSON & ORR, Niles, Ohio.

FOR SALE—To close an estate; farm of 181 acres, 6 miles from Youngstown, O., on the new Youngstown & Southern R. R.; good soil, good markets, well watered; fruit; sugar camp; 9-room house, barns and other outbuildings. James Hughes, Poland, O.

A FARM of 73 acres; good buildings; well watered; fruit of all kinds. Inquire of M. L. Wortman, New Bedford, Lawrence county, Pa.

NEW JERSEY FARMS—First-class New Jersey farms and county seats; all sizes; send for lists. A. W. Dresser, Burlington, N. J.

Send for NEW list of PENNSYLVANIA farms.
R. H. NEILL, OAKMONT, PA.

FLORIDA—Irrigated Florida farm, good order; desirable. A. W. Dresser, Burlington, N. J.

### Lots.

GOOD VACANT LOT—$2,000.

To Be Sold—Lot 40x80 feet in 26th ward, South Side; on good street and P., V. & C. railroad.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

VACANT FRONTAGE CHEAP.

Make us an offer for 75 feet of frontage in Bedford avenue; good opportunity for builder who will improve property with dwellings.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

SQUIRREL HILL BARGAIN.

Must be sold—Building lot 50x115 feet in Marlborough st., near Murray ave.; street improvements. Price $4,000.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

### Real Estate.—Special.

I SELL, rent and exchange real estate anywhere and everywhere.
LEON G. BALL, 414 GRANT ST.

### For Sale or Exchange.

$1,700 LOT, improved street, clear; $2,600 house, well rented, clear, and $3,200 equity in 10 per cent income Wilkinsburg brick residence, all near steam and street cars, for a good merchandise business, city or country, or good farm if well located; give full particulars for reply; agents need not answer. A. W., "Owner," Box 75, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

### Mortgage Loans.

MONEY ON REAL ESTATE. Mortgages wanted on improved real estate in city and suburbs.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

BARRELS OF 4½% MONEY TO LOAN.
JOHN K. EWING COMPANY,
owner of the
UNION REALTY COMPANY,
248 Fourth Ave.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES. Bring deed. No delay. Money waiting.
H. A. LAPPE COMPANY,
407 Peoples Bldg., 307 Fourth ave.

$500,000 to loan on city and suburban Properties in sums to suit.
WELSH & CO., 203 Ferguson Bldg.

$500,000 to loan, 4½ to 5 per cent; mortgages or collateral; private party, P. O. box 663.

PLENTY 4½% MORTGAGE MONEY.
DAVID EVANS & CO., 248 FOURTH AVE.

WANTED—To borrow $4,000 on improved real estate worth $8,000. Address C 19, The Gazette.

MONEY TO LOAN on mortgages.
HOWARD BROWN & BROS., 429 Fourth ave.

MONEY TO LOAN.
B. B. Black, 243 Fourth ave., second floor.

LARGE fund to loan; first and second mortgage. Box 1695.

### Business Opportunities.

MAN WANTED—Reliable man with $2,000 in a cap manufacturing company in a city of 400,000 people, to help take care of the increasing business; good proposition to a hustler; references. Address CARLISLE CAP CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

SHOE STORE—For Sale—In a thriving town in Pennsylvania; clean, up-to-date stock; doing a good business; excellent reasons for selling; thorough investigation extended to those meaning business. Address for full particulars, N 91, The Gazette.

LOSS OF HEALTH COMPELS ME TO SELL MY HOTEL—Big trade, splendid patronage at the bar, $10,000 a year profit; near Pittsburgh; low price and easy terms. Address P 22, Gazette.

FIRST-CLASS SHOE STORE; good location in city; established 23 years; proprietor wants to retire; stock and fixtures will invoice $10,000; half cash, balance on time. Address A 7, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—One-half interest in long established and paying transportation business without competition. Agents or parties with less than $2,500 need not answer. Address L 22, The Gazette.

GENERAL STORE—Would invoice about $1,400, in South Fayette township; storeroom can be rented at reasonable price. Address C 19, The Gazette.

ROOMING HOUSE, Allegheny, 9 rooms, laundry, well-furnished and filled. Bargain. Address O 62, The Gazette.

SALOONS—$150, $200, $350 up; license $250. PAYNE, 19 Park Place, New York.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of business see CAVANAGH & CO., 421 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Drug store; only $1,200 to $1,500 cash required. Address E 23, The Gazette.

## FOR SALE.

### Business Opportunities.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY offers! an honorable party controlling $3,000 to $6,000, to associate himself with the advertiser (who holds position as manager with large New York corporation, from whom he can furnish highest credentials), in a cash business that will yield profit of at least $30,000 within next 30 days; unattended by any risk of capital which is always under owner's control; a thorough trial will be given to party meaning business to prove that the business is as represented; references exchanged; principals only need answer. Address James W. Horton, 223 West Forty-ninth st., New York city.

RESTAURANT doing a daily average business of over $135 with constant increase, in excellent location; four years' lease at less than $200 a month; up-to-date fixtures and first-class patronage, for sale at less than $6,000. This is a rare opportunity. I will sell out cheap to immediate purchaser. Urgent business connections outside of city make it necessary for me to dispose of property at a sacrifice. Address B 17, The Gazette.

STORES, HOTELS, SALOONS, ETC.

Quickly sold for cash through our agency. No charge unless sale is effected. We have some improved city real estate to exchange for stocks of merchandise. If you want to make quick deal and without publicity, see us.
B. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC'D,
Business Established 1892.
1107 Arrott Bldg. Fourth ave. and Wood st.

INCORPORATE YOUR BUSINESS.
Limited Liability. Perpetual Existence.
Corporate Purposes Unlimited.
Write for FREE BOOKLET.
UNIVERSAL INCORPORATING CO.,
Keystone Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

### Machinery

HEATING AND LIGHTING.

Time to commence thinking about it. One Buffalo heater consisting of 65" blower and heater containing about 1299' of 1" pipe. One Boston heater consisting of 80" blower and heater containing about 3000' of 1" pipe.
125 light Lundell dynamo, 110 volt.
150 light Edison dynamo, 110 volt.
175 light Westinghouse dynamo, 110 volt.
200 light C. & C. dynamo, 110 volt.
200 light Westinghouse dynamo, 110 volt.
250 light Mather dynamo, 110 volt.
300 light Nowotny dynamo, 110 volt.
550 light Hobart dynamo, 110 volt.
1,000 light Westinghouse A. C. dynamo, 1,000 volt.

Boilers, engines and pumps.
WICKES BROTHERS.
Both 'Phones. 45th st. and A. V. Ry. Pittsburgh, Pa.

GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINES.
NEW AND REBUILT.

Most everybody that has seen the "Field" our new engine, says it is their idea of what an engine should be; as near perfect as possible. When visiting the Exposition save enough time to come over and see it. Also our other lines.
25 H. P. Evans.
15 H. P. Otto.
12 H. P. Field.
10 H. P. Field.
2—7 H. P. Field gasoline and gas.
4 H. P. Special gasoline.
3½ H. P. National.
2 H. P. Special gasoline.
CARLIN MACHINERY & SUPPLY CO., INC., Lacock and Sandusky Sts., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 2 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot miscellaneous machinery, second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of all sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

GAS—ENGINES—GASOLINE.

Marine, double, single, stationary, horizontal, vertical. Small Electric Lighting Plants a specialty. The Fairbanks Co., No. 316-318 Second ave. Second-hand boats in stock; one 16-ft. with two h. p engine; one 18-ft. with two h. p. engine; one 25-ft. with 4½ h. p. engine; one 30-ft. with 9 h. p. double cylinder engine. If you are looking for a launch do not fail to see us before you buy.

FOR SALE—One 60 h. p. portable or fire-box type boiler, with all fittings and trimmings complete; boiler in first-class condition; can be seen at the Homestead Valve Mfg. Co., Homestead. We must remove same at once, as we want the room. Don't be afraid to come and make us an offer, as we haven't any price on this boiler. We must get same out of our road.

COME and see our 3½ H. P. Gas or Gasoline Engine, skidded, ready to run, $125.
One second-hand double cylinder. Opposed Lambert Gas Engine, 60 H. P.
One 3½ and one 2 H. P. Brighton, second-hand engine.
EMPIRE MACHINE CO.,
210 Third ave.

TWO 85 H. P. Walrath gas engines, in first-class condition, only used a short time; 2 90-H. P. horizontal tubular boilers; 1 30-H. P. vertical tubular boiler; to be sold at big bargain. Inquire of H. Brack, superintendent Iroquois apartments, Oakland.

VERTICAL GAS ENGINES.

High grade multiple cylinder, direct connected or belt, electric lighting plants a specialty; lights one-fifth regular cost.
BOLLINGER BROS., 125 First ave.

ENGINES.

Gas engines, steam engines, boilers, pumps, dynamos, motors, shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.
TRANTER MFG. CO., 105 Water st.

FOOS GAS ENGINES.

Strictly high grade, over 200 in use in Allegheny county. One 40 H. P. second-hand.
FOOS GAS ENGINE CO., 135 First ave.

GAS ENGINES, new and second-hand. Have us do your repairing. ERIGGS MACHINERY COMPANY, 238 Second ave.

FOR SALE—One boiler, engine, belt, pump, dynamo and switchboard. Taylor's Pharmacy, 716 Wylie ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

### Horses and Vehicles.

FOR SALE—Special sale Tuesdays and Saturdays this month: 50 second-hand depot wagons, buggies, traps, runabouts and delivery wagons; almost as good as new; very cheap. 1944 East st., Allegheny. Take Madison ave. and East st. car.

FOR SALE—Special sale Tuesdays and Saturdays this month: 50 second-hand depot wagons, buggies, traps, runabouts and delivery wagons; almost as good as new; very cheap. 1944 East st., Allegheny. Take Madison ave. and East st. car.

FOR SALE—Special sale Tuesdays and Saturdays this month: 50 second-hand depot wagons, buggies, traps, runabouts and delivery wagons; almost as good as new; very cheap. 1944 East st., Allegheny. Take Madison ave. and East st. car.

FOR SALE—50 new delivery wagons; high-grade makes; sacrifice prices; special sale Tuesdays and Saturdays this month. 1944 East st., Allegheny. Take Madison ave. and East st. car.

FOR SALE—50 new delivery wagons; high-grade makes; sacrifice prices; special sale Tuesdays and Saturdays this month. 1944 East st., Allegheny. Take Madison ave. and East st. car.

FOR SALE—Sorrel cob mare, harness and runabout; good condition, cheap. Dr. Bachman, Schenley Riding Academy, city.

### Sewing Machines.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SEWING MACHINE REPAIRING BY FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN; GENUINE NEEDLES; LOWEST PRICES; ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
CARTER'S SEWING MACHINE CO.,
131 SIXTH ST., NEAR BIJOU.
Bell 'phone 3240-J Grant.

### Musical Insruments.

ONE Crown piano in first-class condition; nearly new; cost $400; will sell for $260. 940 Morrison ave., Allegheny.

### Poultry, Birds and Dogs.

FOR SALE—Monkeys; good, healthy condition; Apply room 410, Philadelphia Company bldg., 435 Sixth ave.

### Safes.

SAFES bought, sold and exchanged.
W. PRAGER, 110 Market st.

### Miscellaneous.

BAR FIXTURES, billiard tables, etc.; easiest terms. DELPH'S, Fourth and Liberty.

MEAT MARKET fixtures, good as new. Mardorf Bros., Springdale, Pa.

FOR SALE—Several flat top desks and tables. Apply to superintendent, Gazette office.

## PERSONALS.

IS YOUR WATCH BROKEN?
Will repair and insure against breakage one year, $1.00. SEVENTH AVENUE JEWELRY HOUSE, Seventh ave., cor. Liberty.

CASH PAID for castoff garments. Write J. Wald, 1841 Webster ave., Pittsburgh.

## LOST OR STOLEN.

LOST OR STOLEN—From filtration plant, Aspinwall, two horses, one chestnut, large blaze face, 4 white legs, about 1,200 lbs.; one bay horse, a little thin in flesh, right hind ankle white, a little lame in left hind leg. Geo. Gilbert, Aspinwall.

## LOST.

LOST—Gold wedding ring marked A. L. T. on Butler st., near Thirty-fourth. Reward if returned to Mrs. Tracey, 5209 Ellsworth ave.

## POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

UNCALLED-FOR LETTERS remaining at the Pittsburgh postoffice Monday, September 11, 1905. When calling for advertised letters please mention above date.

LADIES' LIST.

A—Goldie Ackley, Laura Alderman, Mabel Allen, Mrs. L. M. Anderson, Mrs. J. D. Anderson, Mary Anderson, Gertrude Ayers.

B—Mrs. Retta Baird, Mrs. Jessie Baker (For.), Mamie Baker (For.), Miss M. Gail Beisinger, Mrs. George Barge (For.), Elsie Bearshear, Mrs. Samantha Beatty, Jessie Beck, Mary Becker, Lillie Becker, Lula Beckner, Mrs. Lizzie Black, Mrs. Eva R. Blaney, Jane Blanchford, Hala Kovak Biri, Mrs. Nettie Bolden, Nettie Bollman, Mrs. Bollinger (For.), Helen Boyd, Mrs. C. P. Brainard, Mrs. L. S. Braun, Marguerite Briggs, May Broadhurst, Julia Brooks, Jennie Brown, Cora Brown, Mattie Brown, Mrs. Jessie Reed Brown, Mrs. Mamie Brown, Miss Mary Buffington (For.), Martha Bulst, Louise Burker, Mary Butler, Katherine Byers, Anna Byrne.

C—Mrs. John Cain, Minnie Call, Etta Caller, Mary B. Campbell, Sue N. Cartwright, Mrs. William T. Carlisle, Mrs. Mary Caulfield, Julia Christy, Mary Louise Chrisman, Mrs. Frank Clifton, Ray Cohen, Mrs. B. Conley, Mary Conray (For.), Mrs. Eva Costella, Mrs. R. J. Coxe, Edith Cotis, Mrs. W. M. Covington, Nellie Craylon, Mrs. Maurice Cresley (For.), Mrs. Doria Currie.

D—Mrs. L. C. Davis, Lucy Davis, Mrs. William Davis, Katie Davison, Mrs. Marion Dawson, Mrs. J. Day (2), Bondeline Dear, Madeline Debow, Bertha Detrich, Anna Dickson, Mrs. Annie Dunhouse, Mrs. Andy Door, Mrs. Dulhopky (D. L.), Bessie Douglass, Mattie G. Doyle, Mrs. Mary Dunn, Wilhelmina Duncan, Mrs. David Duvoe.

E—Mrs. E. A. Easlick (2), Mrs. Kattie Elliss, Mrs. T. W. Elson, Miss S. Embry, Mrs. Maud Evans, L. Maud Evans, Mrs. Merion Evans, Mrs. Josephine Evans, Kathryn Evesage.

F—Mrs. Krestena Fager, Mrs. Aurella Feldman, Veda Ferguson, Flod Fields, Josie C. Finncane, Mrs. N. Fineburg, Mrs. C. P. Fitzgerald, Mrs. S. W. Flower, Helen Fockler, Mrs. L. S. Ford, Carrie Ford, Lucy Ford, Tina Fraser (For.), Marg Freedort, Dora Friedman, Mrs. Frank M. Fuller.

G—Mrs. Bertha Gaddler, Mary Gaines, Mrs. Bettie Galloway, Mrs. S. E. Gamble, Mrs. Edwin Ganote, Mrs. Elma Gaufney, Pearl Geiger, Clara Gemmill, Laura Geutner, Lizzie Gibson, Eliza Glinen, Maggie Goldenning, Pearl Gordon, Marie Gordon, Mrs. H. L. Gould, Mrs. J. R. Grant, Mrs. H. M. Graham, Lizzie Gregg, Helen Grey, Mrs. Martin Griffin, Rosina Grillo, Viola Grubb, Mary Glunzonnier.

H—Mrs. P. C. Hammer, May Hamlin, Carrie Hamlin, Mrs. J. B. Hamilton, Christine Hanson, Maude Harrey, Claire R. Harvey, Mrs. Chas. Harris, Katie Harington, Mrs. Addie Harshorn, Rose Harriet Bright, Miss Harriet Ida Fleming Haun, Minnie Hayes, Mrs. C. Hefferon, Fannie Helton, Grace Herdmare, Mrs. Saul Hertz, Mrs. Helen Hirsh, Elinor Hoover, Bertha Huff (D. L.), Mrs. M. V. Hughes, Minnie Hunt, Sarah Hale Hunter, Mrs. C. R. Hunster (2).

I—Mrs. Jane Ingram, Miss Israel (For).

J—Myrtle Jack, Mrs. H. Jackson, Blanche Jackson, Mrs. Wm. V. C. Jackson, Mrs. Beatrice James, Bessie James, Mary A. Jennings, Alice Johnson, Mrs. A. C. Johnson, Elizabeth Johnson, Mrs. Carry Jonson, Nellie Jones, Miss W. M. Jones.

K—Karolina Kabos, Mrs. A. H. Kane, Mrs. C. C. Karb, Elsie Keach, Mayme Keye, Kate R. Kirby, Juli Klaussman, Mrs. Theo. D. Kline, Mary Knelp, Mrs. Mammie Knox, Mrs. Annie Koch, Dagmar M. Korell, Anna Kramer, Mrs. W. Krammer.

L—Lillian Laughery, Mrs. Minnie Lee, Mrs. Will Leng, Mrs. Rachel Levy, Mrs. Clem Long, Jessie Look, Miss Fed Luoma, Bessie Ludwig, Mrs. Lucketta.

M—Maggie Machenasky, (3), Ellen Madison, Mrs. J. J. Maloney, Julia Marzer, Miss E. Martin, Edith Martin, Mrs. Jane Marshall, Sadie Maxwell, Mrs. Mattie S. Michem, Mayme Miller, Mrs. J. F. Miller, Mrs. M. Miller, Mrs. Margaret Milligan, Florence Mingle, Evelan Mitchel (2), Ella M. Mitchell (5), Edith Moffitt, Nellie Mohler, Carry Mohay, Mrs. E. C. Morris, Mamie Morris, Miss L. M. Morse, Hazel Morgan, Mrs. H. K. Moseley, Mrs. Virginie Moss, Miss M. A. Mowle, Mrs. W. J. Mulre, Ettie Mullen, Mrs. Homer Munkitterick, Mrs. A. L. Murdock, Mrs. Murphy (D. L.), Mrs. H. McCarthy, Lida McClure (D. L.), Mrs. B. McCracken, Mrs. Mary McCombs, Mrs. F. D. McCracken, Rose McGaugh, Tekla McGraw, Mrs. Ella McGuire, Mrs. Thomas McHarg, Kathryn McKaig, Mrs. McKendry, Gertrude McKenna, Mrs. Mamie McKeown, Rose McTighe.

N—Beula Neall, Ida Nelson, Katherine S. Nelson, Susie J. Nelson, Harriet E. Newman, Miss A. M. Nottes.

O—Bessie Olling, Emma Orth, Mrs. Osbey, Mrs. Cora B. Ossling, Mare Ott, Carrie O'Connor.

P—Mrs. Leuvinia Page, Mrs. Ross Palmer, Anna M. Palmer, Margaret Paradine, Jennette Patterson, Mrs. Pattison (For.), Mrs. Maud Perry, Miss Perry, Mrs. Minnie Phillip, Mrs. Maria Phillips, Grace Phillips, Marie Pierce, Mazia R. Powell, Mrs. Blanche Powell, Mrs. Mildred Pratt, Aneta Preffer, Mrs. Wm. A. Prior.

R—Mrs. Maud Rahm, Mrs. D. M. Ray, Mrs. Lucy Reasny, Mrs. M. J. Reardon, Since Regan, Mrs. J. J. Reilly, Coral Richards, Mrs. Huldah M. Richmond, Mrs. Katherine Ridaway, Mrs. P. N. Riley, Mrs. E. J. Riley, Sadie Robson, Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson, Mrs. Mary Rodgers, Emma J. Rose, Mrs. Della Rose, Hetta Ross, Alice Bowan, Anpie Rozenberg (For.), Mrs. Mary Rushe, Teresa Ryan, Miss G. J. Ryan.

S—Mary Sager, Mrs. Anna Satenske, Mrs. Minnie Sappo, Marion Saunders, Mrs. Andrew Sayre, Mrs. B. C. Sayre, Mrs. Pellegrino Scafuto, Mrs. Charles Scattergood, Mrs. A. Schneider, Tillie Schnurr (For.), Mrs. R. H. Schaffer, Mrs. Goldie Schwartz, Mrs. Fred Scott, Kate Scott, Rose Sharell, Mrs. Harry Sheeter, Annie Shields, Mrs. Ida M. Sigafoos (2), May Simpson, Hortter Singer, Maud Shariston, Anni Skapeck, Margaret I. Skiles, Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, Flora Smith, Mrs. A. L. Smith (2), Kathryn Smith, Nellie Smith, May Snook, Mrs. B. N. Sparks, Jessie Garvin Spencer, Mrs. John D. Spillenburg, Mrs. Mary Spiker, Terezeja Spoink, Pauline Steran, Miss M. Straus.

T—Blanch Tailor, Mrs. Jennie Talinis, Mrs. Helen Thomas, Mrs. Fanny Thompson, Laura Thompson, Mrs. Robt. O. Thompson, Emma Todd, Mary Trautman, Mrs. Kate Trautman, Mrs. H. L. Treister, Mrs. Edward Troaddell, Bearice Tyler.

W—Ella Wagner, Mrs. Aridell Walker, Chanley Walker, Nellie Walker (2), Olive Walters, Lizzie Walters, Mrs. Grace Washington, Mrs. Martha Webster, Lizzie Welsh, Mary Werner (For.), Mrs. Ernest Williams, Fannie Williams (D. L.), Helen Ruth Wilson, Lena Wilson, Viola Wilson, Mrs. W. Wolf, Allan Woods, Bertha Worrack, Mrs. J. H. Worthington.

Y—Mrs. Rosa Young, Thenia Young, Mrs. Annie Younges.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

A—Frank Adams, Albert L. Allen, Chas. Allen, R. B., Alexander Alexy, Robt. G. Allison, Henry Anderson, Robt. Anderson, Mr. Applegate, Gerardo Asquini.

B—Walter Bachman, Henry W. Gahra, Steven Baker, T. DeWitt Baker, Elmer A. Barchfield, W. T. Barbour, Willie Bartram, Mr. Barritt, Ben Bates, Ed. Beard, Walter Belton, C. Bickel, Dr. J. E. Bickel, Jno. H. Blankenship, C. R. Blasze, Jake Blatt, Wm. M. Black, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Bliss, E. Baden, Jno. G. Bodea (2), Mr. Boedy, Howard A. Bowman, Wm. Bopp, Giuseppi Bondi, F. W. Bourgoin (2), Clarence M. Boyd, L. S. Boyd, Enis Braxton, Geo. Bradley, M. J. Brady, Dr. Issac W. Briggs, Dr. Wm. J. Briggs, Chas. F. Brill, A. J. Brieton, Ernest Brolzz, Fred Bromwish, W. L. Brooks, N. M. Brown (D. L.), T. H. Browning, R. B. Brunot, Thos. Buchanan, Wm. Bullett, Mr. Burgoyne, John Burger (D. L.), Andy Burk, J. Burkoff, Peter W. A. Burjet (For.)

C—J. B. Cameron, Dr. Jno. C. Cape (For.), Luigi Capazoli, V. Carter, Herbert Carr, Santa Carmassi, Mr. Carnahan, Andonina Carsso, Thos. Casey (For.), Aaron Casebeer, Ernest Cattrell, J. E. Causley, Mr. Chambers, Mr. Chesney, H. F. Childs, Mr. Clark, Kenneth S. Clarke, L. C. Coates, J. W. Coleman, C. H. Comal, J. W. Comfort, Andrew F. Conrad, Mr. Conner, Thos. Conners, James Connolly, Lawrence Conley, M. O. Countryman, Earl Cox, C. C. Crick, Walter Cringe, Walter Crigler, Edw. R. Crew, Wm. Cunningham, Dani. A. Curtiss, Geo. W. Curoh.

D—Harland Damalas, W. H. Daub, Harry S. Day, John Degelson, Amadeo Degrosia, Edward Dalles (For.), Geo. R. Dellett, Fred Desmond, J. T. Desliver, Thos. Devine, E. N. Dewey, H. A. DeWitt, W. DeWolfe (For.), Jno. Shields Dickson, (For.), Jas. A. Digman, Jas. Dismuke, Wm. A. Dilloo, Alexander Dobozenieske (For.), F. J. Donohue, J. S. Donaldson, Wm. Dowry, Peter Dreyourtz, W. G. Duff, T. Emerson Duncan, J. Dunlery, Dr. B. W. Dutton.

E—W. B. Ecker, J. F. Edwards (3), Dr. Edwards, Fred Edwards, Wm. Ebert, Harry Eller, Reuben Elliott, Levi Ellis, L. A. Engberg (2), Dr. A. R. Ewing.

F—Jos. F., M. R. Farquhar, J. H. Faubel, Addison Fearn, Bizar Fitzhenry (For.); Mark Flogel, C. W. Foster, A. B. Fox, Fredk. H. Fox, A. A. Frankheim, Matthew Freeman, Victor Frery, M. Frick, R. F. Friqua, Jimmie Furie.

G—Luke Gaffey, Charley Gaines, B. F. Garmarz, A. Gedwick, Edw. Gebhart, H. Germain, Ed Ghalam, Dominic Giancola, Randolph Gibson, E. L. Gillespie, Will Gilbert, E. C. Girty, Hunter Glover, Max Glen, Wm. Glass, H. Glicksman (For.); Dan Gner, John Will Goodman, Frank Goodwin, C. M. Gore, Jno. L. Grant, Jno. Graham, Geo. Grey, Max Greenfeld, Ferdinand Greenlee, Fern Griffith, Henry Guenther.

H—Robt. Hackett, Herbert Hagadorn, Claude Hagan, Edw. E. Hall, Elliott Hall, Geo. M. Hall, Wm. Penn Halloch, Edgar Hannold, Capt. John Harey, Wm. K. Hardesty, Albert Harris, Johan Harreiak (For.), Jos. Hartle, John Hartley, Wm. P. Hart, Carl D. Hasen, Jno. Hawthorn, Thursby Heck, E. K. Henderson, John Henderson, Harry Herr, E. P. Herman, J. B. Hershperger (2), Jacob Herman, Dr. I. M. Hidgans, Dave Holman, P. F. Hoover, John Horten (D. L.), R. B. Hopkins, John

# SOUSA TO OPEN AT EXPO TODAY

Famous March King Brings His Great Band and Several Talented Soloists.

SCHOOL CHILDREN PRESENT

Sousa, the march king, is due in Pittsburgh this morning. He left New York immediately after a concert before an immense audience to come to Pittsburgh, where he will spend the week at the exposition. His programs for this afternoon and evening are typical "Sousian" programs, containing numbers of extremely high character, ranging from Wagnerian selections to the lightest and most frivolous of two-steps, those catchy airs which are whistled and hummed.

Sousa has had an immensely popular year since he was here last season. He and his band took the foreign countries by storm last winter and in the spring, returning to New York in May, and traveling over the United States in a series of concerts during the summer.

This afternoon Miss Ada Chambers, the Ohio girl soprano soloist, and Miss Jessie Straus, a violinist of note, also from the Buckeye state, will be heard for the first time in Pittsburgh. Miss Chambers, who is a daughter of the distinguished Judge Chambers of Cambridge, O., is an accomplished soprano, who enjoys the distinction of having sung at a large number of Sousa concerts before coming to Pittsburgh. Her voice has a surprising technique. Miss Straus, who comes from Cincinnati, is a violinist who has won much praise in the east and west. She has rare executant powers.

Among the absolutely new pieces to be played this afternoon will be excerpts from the opera, "The Duchess of Dantzic," an episode, "Let's Be Lively," "A Dream of Lanner and Strauss," and a rustic suite entitled "Le Roi d'Yvetot." "The Diplomat," which is the latest of the Sousa marches, bids fair to rival the success of "El Capitan," "The Washington Post" and the other "March King" successes.

Today the following Pittsburgh schools will be the guests of the exposition society: The High schools, Birmingham, Brushton, Colfax, Duquesne, Forbes and Franklin schools. Free tickets have been sent to all of the pupils, who will spend the day at the Point. On Friday the next contingent will take in the Expo, and will include the Allen, Bedford, Beltzhoover, Grant, Hancock, Hiland and Homewood pupils.

This afternoon's program follows:

2:00 P. M.

Introduction and Bridal Music, "Lohengrin" ..... Wagner
Cornet solo, "Sounds from the Hudson" ..... Clarke
Mr. Herbert L. Clarke.
Excerpts from "The Duchess of Dantzic" (new) ..... Caryll
Aria for Soprano, "La Reine de Saba" .. Gounod
Miss Ada Chambers.
(a) Episode, "Let's Be Lively" (new). Myddleton
(b) March, "The Diplomat" (new) ..... Sousa
"A Dream of Lanner and Strauss" (new) ..... Sabathil

4:00 P. M.

Rustic suite, "Le Roi d' Yvetot" (new) ..... Percy Godfrey
Overture, "Return of the king and the royal army from their annual expedition. Rejoicing of the populace on their safe return and general festivities.
Payne, Dance of the bishops and the elder duchesses of the court.
Waltz, Dance of the younger duchesses.
Burletta, general dance of the whole populace, led off by the king, who eventually throws the handkerchief and retires for the night.
Fluegelhorn solo, "Juliette de Charenton" ..... Reiter
Mr. Franze Halle.
Scenes from "Tannhauser" ..... Wagner
Violin solo, Hungarian Rhapsody ..... Hauser
Miss Jessie Straus.
Valse, "Espana" ..... Waldteufel
(Founded on themes from Rhapsody "Espagnol.")
Ode, "Land of Hope and Glory" ..... Falgar

## FAIR SOLOISTS WITH SOUSA'S BAND

MISS ADA CHAMBERS, Soprano.

MISS JESSIE STRAUS, Violinist.

## Large Wells Are Not Bothering Lower Southwest Field Operators

Lower southwest operators are not troubled with any large wells. Small pumpers and not a few dusters are the general rule in all fields. The desire for new producing territory is great, and even though the market is not what it is thought it should be under existing conditions, operators would not hesitate to start the drill with considerable energy if the find should be made in shallow territory. There is not a producer in any of the eastern fields but will begin the winter with less production than he had at the first of the year. That he is in that kind of a predicament is not entirely his fault, for some have kept the drill bouncing during the expired portion of the year, but the trouble is the wells come in so light that they cannot supplant the decline in the production of the old wells.

Occasionally a well is completed above the average in size, but it soon declines to a pumper, and if it stood alone would scarcely be a money-maker. In many localities the production of the wells has fallen to a point that it would not be profitable to operate them if the most modern methods were not adopted. Some scarcely pay running expenses, but the owners keep them going, hoping for an advance in the market. They have passed through the same experience before and the old wells sooner or later again become a source of revenue.

In past years operators, even though the market was low, could drill and increase their production so that it was possible to still have a competency. Scarcity of producing territory has taken away the last resort. There is no longer anything to do but nurse the old wells along and hope for an advance. The western fields hold out some inducements, but operators are not all inclined to abandon their interests in the eastern fields to take chances on the middle west, where the market is less remunerative.

While there is no scarcity of territory in the west nor a falling off in production, operators, according to some late advices, do not all have smooth sailing and not all are prospering.

During the past week the lower southwest fields presented a few features worthy of mention. The most important was the discovery of a northeast extension to the Berea grit development in Calhoun county. It was thought a few months ago that the limits of the field had been reached and there was nothing left but the development of the interior. On the north bank of the Kanawha river the South Penn Oil Company drilled in a second test on the G. W. Silcott farm and secured a good producer. This well is nearly two miles in advance of any producing wells and is almost certain to open up that much of an extension. Some time since the same company completed the first test on this farm and got a duster. However, development work has reached that stage where a duster does not condemn any large amount of territory. But 400 feet separate the duster from the producer. Between the Silcott No. 2 and the old development many new locations have been made, and if the intervening territory all proves productive it will give room for a large number of wells and impetus to development work. For some months work in the field has been on the decline, notwithstanding it has all through the year maintained the first place in activity in the lower southwest.

In Grant district, Ritchie county, a good producer was completed during the week. The well is owned by the Stewart United Oil Company, and when drilled through the sand and given a shot produced 225 barrels the ensuing 24 hours. The well is this company's No. 14 on the Kennedy Oil Company's farm, and is inside defined territory.

In the Wick district, Tyler county, several large creditable producers were completed, and next to the Yellow Creek district this is the most active. Some test wells are drilling in advance of developments, looking for extensions to the pool.

On Buffalo run, Wetzel county, the Kanawha Oil Company has a fine producer at its No. 108 on the John Mills tract. The well has been agitated several times since it was drilled into the Gordon pay and each time has responded with an increase in production. The last time it placed 280 barrels to its credit the ensuing 24 hours. This is now the largest producer in West Virginia.

In the deep sand districts the gas companies made a large number of completions and dusters figured to some extent. If this work backed by the gas companies was not taken into account with field operations, the deep sand districts would make a very poor showing at this time.

In the old Bealls Mills district, Lewis county, the South Penn completed its No. 2 on the H. C. Lang farm and got a better producer than was expected. The well is producing 40 barrels a day from the fifth sand. In the Wallace district the same company got a 60-barrel producer at its No. 2 on the D. S. Barker farm.

Shooting the old wells and the new as soon as drilled through the sand is the general rule. In a few of the districts a shot has little or no effect on the production of the old wells. It is a last effort to make them produce, and if they fail to respond they are abandoned or drilled to the lower sands. In Wetzel county former Big Injun producers are drilling to the Gordon and the results in some instances are quite gratifying.

Operators in the shallow sand territory in Washington county, O., are taking advantage of the good weather to complete as much work as possible before the roads get in bad condition. Washington county shows more work under way than any other. Near Harriettsville in Noble county, there is considerable activity. This district is furnishing a few very creditable producers. The Bearea grit pool at Benwood, Monroe county, is furnishing a better average than any other in Southeastern Ohio. Some of the late wells have started at 50 barrels a day. The search for new pools continues without any encouraging signs of reaching the desired result.

## GUSKY IS TO ACQUIRE PACHYDERMATOUS FRIEND

Director Bigelow Wants Another Elephant for the Highland Zoo—Few Visitors to the Parks.

Soon Gusky will have a rival for the affections of the children. There is room for two elephants at the pachyderm quarters in the Highland park zoological garden, and the old standby, Gusky, has been such a drawing card that Director Bigelow has long believed she ought to have a companion. Consequently, the superintendent of the parks, George W. Burke, has been ordered by the director to secure another elephant.

The new elephant is to be a female, like Gusky, and the superintendent will try to get an animal perfect in every respect, without the disagreeable weaving motion which Gusky affects, or which affects Gusky. Carl Hagenback, the Hamburg animal man, is the person to whom Director Bigelow turns when he wants new faunal attractions, and to one of his representatives, S. A. Stephan of Cincinnati, Supt. Burke has applied. Stephan knows of several elephants in various parts of the country controlled by Hagenback, and soon Burke will start on elephant-selecting travels. A good specimen will cost from $2,000 to $3,000.

The attendance at Highland and Schenley parks was smaller yesterday than on any other Sunday since the season opened, but more rigs were out than on other Sundays. Automobiles, buggies, surreys and carriages rolled through both parks all afternoon.

The art gallery will close next Sunday or the following Sunday and will remain closed until the annual exhibition opens on November 2. The exhibition will be larger than ever before. Last year 325 pictures were shown, but this time nearly 400 will be exhibited.

The trolley parks continue to draw good crowds. Yesterday concerts at Calhoun, Oakwood and Southern were heard by large audiences both afternoon and evening. Calhoun park patrons were entertained by Mayer's Braddock Library band and the Colonial Comedy Four. At Oakwood park the concerts were given by Nirella's popular Fourteenth Regiment band, Miss Clarice Templeton, vocalist, and Weir the Wizard. The Eighteenth Regiment band, directed by William Rogers, played two popular programs at Southern park. The band was assisted by Joe Hardman, monologist, and Edwin Kelly, whistler.

### Frank Has a Sore Head.

Frank Irwin of Juliet street was found on Twenty-second street with a bad scalp wound early yesterday morning. He was sent to the West Penn hospital, where his wound was dressed, and then returned to the Penn avenue police station on a charge of drunkenness. He was discharged at the hearing.

## EASY TONE PREVAILS IN WHEAT MARKET

Clear Weather in the Northwest the Chief Factor—Corn Is Down, Oats Unchanged.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Clear weather in the northwest was the chief reason for a somewhat easy tone in the wheat market here today. At the close wheat for December delivery was off ¼@¾c. Corn is down ¾c. Oats are practically unchanged. Provisions are a shade lower to 7½@10c higher.

The wheat market opened easier, with December off a shade to ¼@⅜c at 82⅝c to 82¾c. Dry weather throughout Minnesota and the Dakotas was the main cause of the slight initial declines. As a result of the improved weather conditions it was claimed that arrivals of new wheat at Minneapolis on Monday would show an enormous increase, one estimate placing the receipts at 800 carloads. Under the stimulus of such advices pit traders were moderate sellers during the entire session. Early in the day buyers were comparatively few. Commission houses later, however, became quite active purchasers. In consequence the market for a time showed considerable firmness. December advanced to 83c. The principal source of strength lay in large export business reported at the seaboard. Another bullish influence was continued good demand from millers for cash wheat. Bullish enthusiasm, however, could not be maintained in face of the bearish advices from the northwest. In consequence the market soon yielded from persistent offerings from pit traders, selling back to about the opening level. The Michigan crop report was a bearish factor in the reaction. The wheat yield of that state is estimated at 19,000,000 bushels as against 6,000,000 last year. The market closed easy, December at 82¾c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 355,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 912,000 bushels, compared with 818,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 506 cars, against 409 cars last week and 332 cars a year ago.

Sentiment in the corn pit was bearish as a result largely of the excellent weather for the maturing of the crop. Trading was very quiet. At the close prices were at the lowest point of the day. December opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 43¾@43⅞c, sold off to 43¼c and closed at the bottom. Local receipts, 489 cars, with 25 cars of contract grade.

A liberal increase in local receipts caused some weakness in the oats market. Moderate purchases of May by a prominent commission house prevented any material decline in prices. December opened ⅛c to ⅛@¼c lower at 27@27⅛@27¼c, sold up to 27⅝c, and closed at 27¼c. Local receipts were 836 cars.

Provisions steady on a 5c to 10c advance in the price of live hogs. Offerings were extremely small. At the close October pork was up 5c at $14.75. Lard was a shade lower at $7.70. Ribs were 7½@10c higher at $6.80@8.62½. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 33 cars; oats, 375 cars; hogs, 28,000 head.

The leading futures, as reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., Farmers bank building, Pittsburgh, members of the Chicago board of trade, ranged as follows:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Yesterday's Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHEAT No. 2 | | | | | |
| September | 81 | 81⅝ | 80⅝ | 80⅞ | 81⅛ |
| December | 82⅝ | 83 | 82⅜ | 82⅛ | 82⅝ |
| May | 85⅜ | 85⅝ | 85⅛ | 85⅜ | 85⅝ |
| CORN No. 2 | | | | | |
| Sept., old | 54⅛ | 54½ | 53½ | 53½ | 53⅝ |
| Sept., new | 53⅞ | 53⅞ | 53⅝ | 53½ | 53½ |
| Dec., old | 45¾ | 46⅛ | 45 | 45 | 45⅜ |
| Dec., new | 43⅞ | 43⅞ | 43½ | 43½ | 43⅝ |
| May | 43½ | 43½ | 43¼ | 43¼ | 43⅜ |
| OATS No. 2 | | | | | |
| September | 25⅞ | 26 | 25⅝ | 25⅞ | 26 |
| December | 27¼ | 27⅜ | 27⅛ | 27¼ | 27⅜ |
| May | 29⅝ | 29½ | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | 29½ |
| MESS PORK | | | | | |
| September | ..... | ..... | ..... | 15 00 | 15 00 |
| October | 14 70 | 14 75 | 14 60 | 14 75 | 14 70 |
| January | 12 37½ | 12 42½ | 12 35 | 12 35 | 12 30 |
| LARD | | | | | |
| September | ..... | ..... | ..... | 7 66 | 7 65 |
| October | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 70 | 7 70 | 7 72½ |
| November | 7 50 | 7 50 | 7 47½ | 7 50 | 7 55 |
| January | 5 90 | 5 90 | 5 87½ | 5 87½ | 5 85 |
| SHORT RIBS | | | | | |
| September | 8 57½ | 8 57½ | 8 55 | 8 55 | 8 62½ |
| October | 8 65 | 8 65 | 8 60 | 8 62½ | 8 67½ |
| January | 6 42½ | 6 42½ | 6 40 | 6 40 | 6 40 |

Want Answers?

Use Gazette want ads. Cost only a penny a word.

## SUNDAY GAZETTE CAUSES MANY FAMILY QUARRELS

Weans Little Willie and His Pa from Church and Patient Housewife Loses Temper.

There were a good many family quarrels yesterday morning. The patient housewife had troubles of her own. The religious spirit and duty to her church were paramount, but she didn't want to go to worship alone. The man who does battle with the wolf from Monday morning to Saturday night could not be coaxed from his cozy corner, and she had to call Willie three times before he made a move to get washed for Sunday school. There was a reason for this. The wolf-fighter had his Sunday Gazette and refused to be weaned away. Little Willie had the comic section and was satisfied to let well enough alone. And while the staying-away-from-church habit is not to be condoned, little Willie and his father really had some excuse, for yesterday's Gazette was sufficiently attractive as to hold the interest for hours. If you were interested in that little Nelson-Britt pleasantry out on the Pacific coast you could find it appetizingly served in The Sunday Gazette. If you wanted to read all about the affairs of church and state, the information you sought was pleasingly presented. If you have a spiritual fondness for street cars there were choice morsels of satisfaction in every line of the subject as presented in yesterday's great paper. Glance over the following synopsis of Saturday's news and see what you really missed if you failed to get the paper Sunday morning:

Plotting has subsided in Tokyo and the disorders are apparently ended. Reports from Baku are to the effect that conditions have grown worse and that the troops are worn out. The king of Italy made a substantial donation in aid of the earthquake sufferers.

Panama canal employes are without food supplies and many are subsisting on the wild game in the swamps. Aeronaut met a horrible death while making an ascension at Baltimore. Mrs. E. R. Whitney, former telephone girl, left large fortune by the death of her husband. President Roosevelt entertained the Russian and Japanese envoys at Oyster Bay. Fire damaged the plant of the Pittsburgh Reduction Company at Niagara Falls. Eighteen lives were lost by the explosion of the Hazel powder works at Fairchance. Five persons were killed and 15 injured in a trolley collision.

Three children were killed by traction cars on Saturday and the records of the coroner's office show that 17 have lost their lives in a similar manner since the first of the year. Pender Inventor Lay lost of his peculiar experiences with Mayor Harry and Director Moore. Formation of the Audubon society at Wilkinsburg was followed by an increase in local bird life. The Pennsylvania Company will soon run new depressed roadbed through lower Allegheny. The Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio roads will be interested with the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie in the Little Kanawha development. Five Republican candidates paid their announcement fees. Mrs. Annie J. Mickle was acquitted of the murder of her husband. Policeman Killgallon gave himself up at the office of Alderman Toole, furnishing $500 bond for his appearance to answer charges of assault preferred by Mrs. M. B. Dick. Director Parsons told the Citizens' county committee that the fight this fall will be the hardest of the series. Hundreds of local Italians have spent days without sleep or food awaiting news from the earthquake in Southern Italy. Vice President Anderson of the chamber of commerce sounded the greatness of Pittsburgh at the International Congress at Liege, Belgium. Higgins claimed H. C. Frick is once more his friend.

Stocks closed dull and heavy. The New York bank statement showed a decrease of $26,000,000 in loans and a loss of $41,000,000 in deposits. An easy tone prevailed in the wheat market.

Battling Nelson defeated Jimmy Britt for the lightweight championship. Pirates beat Cincinnati 13 to 5. The Athletics have practically clinched the American league pennant. Cy Seymour is still the National league's leading batsman. The Shaner team leads in the race for the pennant in the County league.

## FAIRBANKS VISITS BRANDYWINE FIELD

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—Vice President Fairbanks, who delivered an address yesterday in West Chester at the conclusion of the semi-centennial anniversary of the birth of the Republican party in Chester county, left for Indianapolis, accompanied by his wife. During the day, Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks visited the Brandywine battlefield and historic Valley Forge.


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